The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 3931. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1864. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

IMPORTANT CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate Passes the Resolution Increasing Duties 50 per Cent.

THE TAX BILL THROUGH THE HOUSE.

Banks to be Taxed One-fourth of One per Cent on Their Circulation.

TWO MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT.

An Appeal from East Tennesseans—The Status of Major-Generals Schenck and Blair.

Preparations for the Approaching Struggle in Virginia.

Gen. Banks' Losses on the Red River.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 28.

MOVEMENTS IN VIRGINIA.

Facts showing the determined energy with which the rebels are concentrating troops in Virginia continue to multiply. The President to-day received a dispatch from Gen. Rosecrans stating his belief that the rebel forces were withdrawing from North Carolina and hastening to reinforce Lee.

So far as heard from up to 11 o'clock to-night, nothing of more importance has transpired at the front. Note of preparation is still heard, and indications are that collisions cannot long be delayed. Gen. Burnside left here yesterday by special conveyance to join his command; and the signal corps, which has been stationed here through the Winter, left their camp a day or two since for the army. It is now generally understood here that Lee will endeavor to bring on a fight without leaving his intrenchments.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

A letter received here to-day from Admiral Porter announces Banks' recent expedition a most disastrous failure. Besides over thirty pieces of artillery, a large quantity of small arms, several hundred wagons, and a first-class gunboat—the Eastport—nearly four thousand prisoners have been lost; and, in addition, the Paymaster's safe, containing a million dollars in greenbacks, was captured by the enemy.

The reports in circulation that Gen. Banks is to be superseded by Gen. Sherman are untrue. Gen. Franklin and Steele, who he under the imputation of having, through neglect and carelessness, contributed greatly to the disasters in Louisiana, will be relieved, and probably court-martialed.

HORSES AND AMBULANCES.

Hereafter no officer of the army will be permitted to use any horse, ambulance, wagon, or vehicle of any kind belonging to the Government, whether for the transaction of his official or private business, without an order in writing from the Adjutant-General. Every officer of the army, other than of the Quartermasters' Department and the chief medical officer of departments, armies and army corps, will be required to immediately turn in the same to the Quartermaster's Department.

BRAZIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

Establishment of a steamship line with Brazil, as proposed by House bill, was under consideration by committee to-day, without definite result. There is a disposition to favor such lines to European ports, where we have heavy interests, rather than with South America, where our trade is comparatively light.

A NAVY-YARD IN THE WEST.

A resolution, adopted to-day by the House Naval Committee, declares that it is absolutely essential to naval service that a navy-yard be at once established at some point in the West. The next question is to determine where it shall be located. Some of the Committee favor Cairo, while others contend for a site higher up the Ohio River.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 28.

HEAVY REINFORCEMENTS FOR LEE'S ARMY.

This morning SEAMONS GAWNER and MARY GAWNER, refugees from Augusta, Ga., presented themselves at the Provost-Marshal's Office to-day and were released upon taking the oath of fidelity to the Government.

Mr. GAWNER states that on the 18th of last month the rebel authorities issued an order prohibiting citizens from riding on the railroads from the various points in the South leading to Richmond, in order to facilitate the movements of the rebel troops, which were being hurried up to Richmond in large numbers.

At the time Mr. GAWNER left Augusta, Ga., which was some two weeks ago, there were no troops stationed at that point. Those that had been quartered there were withdrawn a few days previous, and sent forward to Richmond.

When Mr. GAWNER was at Richmond, he saw large bodies of rebel troops on their way to reinforce Gen. LEE, and the arrival of every train from the South at that place increased their numbers.

THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The subscriptions to the ten-forty loan reported at the Treasury to-day were $740,000.

THE BALTIMORE CONVENTION.

It is said by members of the Executive Committee that there is no probability of postponing the time for the meeting of the Baltimore Convention.

NO PASSES.

No passes to civilians are now given, and several who started for the army from on old points, have been turned back.

CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

The case of the Missouri contested election cases, BROWN vs. LOAN, is to be taken up next Tuesday.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 28.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Mr. CLARK, President of the Senate *pro tem.*, submitted a letter from the Secretary of the Interior, recommending the appropriation of $1,370 to adjust a settlement of the claims of the Orchard party and First Christian party of Oneida Indians in New-York.

Mr. SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, (Union,) presented the memorial of our Consul at Vienna, recommending the purchase by the United States of the inventions of Dr. ARZE, Superintendent of the Imperial Paper Mills and Printing Establishment of Austria, to make paper and linen out of corn husks and leaves. Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

Mr. CHANDLER, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) from the Committee on Commerce, reported adversely on various bills, resolutions and memorials, and among them the memorial of the convention of commercial men of the Ohio Valley, held at Louisville, praying for the improvement by Congress of the navigation of the Ohio River.

On motion of Mr. HALE, the bill to provide for granting honorable discharges to seafarers and firemen in the navy, was taken up and passed.

The bill for the relief of the clerks of the Kittery and Philadelphia Navy-yards was also passed.

The joint resolution from the House for the classification of the clerks of Paymasters in the navy, and graduating their pay, also passed.

Mr. THE. FRYE, of New-Jersey, (Union,) called up the bill to change and define the boundaries of the judicial districts of West and East Virginia, and it was passed.

THE INCREASE OF DUTIES.

Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Union,) from the Committee on Finance, reported with amendments the joint resolution from the House to increase for sixty days the present duties of foreign imports 50 per centum, excepting printing paper. The amendments reduce the increase on the present rates of duty to 33⅓ per centum; and exempt goods in bond or transit; and strike out the clause exempting unstamped paper used for books and newspapers from the operation of the resolution.

Mr. FESSENDEN said the Committee on Considered thought the 50 per cent. increase was too much. The committee were of opinion that when the new Tariff Bill was passed it would not on an average put up the duties higher than 33⅓ per cent. Therefore it would be impolitic to make the temporary rate higher than that.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, (Union,) said he had disagreed with the committee in their recommendation. The proposed increase of 50 per cent. was not on the value of the goods, but on the existing duties. Therefore the House rate would be but 15 per cent. additional really, and the rate of 33⅓ per cent. proposed by the committee was but 10 per cent. additional; so that there was only a real difference of 5 per cent. between the two propositions. He thought that the additional tax of 50 per cent. was not too high. He was opposed to the exemption of foreign goods in bond or transit from this increase of duties. Instead of decreasing he would increase to 100 per cent. He favored the bill as it passed the House.

Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, (Union,) would vote rather to increase than diminish the taxes, believing it was necessary in war times.

Mr. FESSENDEN would wash his hands of the policy of favoring increased duties on goods already imported. If the Senate wished to stop importations, they had better increase the rates to fifty than thirty-three and a third per cent. Unless that was the object we had better keep the rates as nearly uniform as possible. We should not legislate as if our only object was to get money, but should regard the general welfare of the country at the same time. We had included goods in warehouses and in transit in its operation, and the business of the country had been adjusted on that principle, and it seemed to him to be fair in the nature of a contract. If we made the change it would take the goods out of the country, and we would thus lose all the duties.

Mr. HOWE, of Wisconsin, (Union,) opposed the amendments. He was not only desirous to have more revenue, but also to check importations, which were carried to a ruinous extent.

Mr. HENDRICKS, of Indiana, (Dem.,) said in former times a proposition like this would occupy the Senate for weeks. This was a temporary expedient, and would be crushing to agricultural interests. He was astonished that so important a measure should be brought before the Senate and its immediate passage demanded. He should vote for the amendments.

After remarks by Messrs. COLLAMER, CLARK, JOHNSON and DAVIS in support of the amendments, and Messrs. CHANDLER and HALE in support of the original House bill, the amendment reducing the tariff to 33⅓ per cent. was adopted—yeas 16, nays 17.

The amendment exempting goods in bond and transit was adopted—yeas 16, nays 16.

The House joint resolution in its original form was then passed by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Anthony, Chandler, Collamer, Cowan, Clarke, Conness, Cowan, Doolittle, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Harlan, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Lane of Indiana, Lane of Kansas, Morgan, Nesmith, Pomeroy, Sherman, Sprague, Sumner, Thayer, Van Winkle, Wilkinson, Willey, Wilson and Hale.

NAYS—Messrs. Buckalew, Davis, Fessenden, Hendricks, Johnson, McDougall, Powell and Riddle.

The following is the joint resolution as passed:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives, &c., that until the end of sixty days from the passage of this resolution fifty per centum of the rates of duties and imposts now imposed by law on all goods, wares, merchandise and articles imported, shall be added to the present duties and imposts now charged on the importation of such articles. *Provided*, That printing paper, unsized and used for books and newspapers exclusively, shall be exempt from the operation of this resolution.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 28.

THE TAX BILL.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union on the Internal Revenue Bill.

Mr. KASSON, of Iowa, (Union,) offered a substitute for the 121st section, which was adopted. It provides as follows:

It shall not be lawful to record any instrument, document or paper, unless the proper stamp shall be affixed, and the record, when the proper stamp is not affixed, shall be utterly void, and shall not be used as evidence.

The section stricken out proposed a penalty of $50 for failure to affix the stamp.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, of Illinois, (Union,) offered a proposition that every person, banking institution and association issuing notes, bills or other obligations as money, unless authorized by act of Congress, shall pay one-fourth of one per cent. each month on the notes and obligations so issued. He said his object was to compel the State banks to withdraw their circulation, and to impose the tax not only on the money issued during each month, but also on the notes still out. The West do not want the shinplasters and rotten issues of New-England and New-York State banks. Six months was too long to allow for the withdrawal of such notes, and he should like to see the day when they were not.

Mr. KASSON, of New-York, (Dem.,) remarked that the gentleman from Illinois (FARNSWORTH) had at the outset declared his intention to be to suppress the State Banks. The people of the States, through their Legislatures, have a right to create such banks, and there is no power here to suppress them. The gentleman from Illinois (FARNSWORTH) knew that the people of the West could have banks or not, as they might see fit. Their Legislatures are the proper bodies to carry out the will of the people. They had no right to come here through their representatives and suppress the banks of other States, where the people are well satisfied with them. The State of New-York has good banks—banks which are perfectly sound and safe. The proposition of the gentleman from Illinois (FARNSWORTH) would do much mischief, and certainly would not strengthen the credit of the country.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, (Union,) regretted that the gentleman (FARNSWORTH) should have appealed to the West for votes. We are here, he said, as the Representatives of the United States of America, and not as the Representatives of the West alone. We are sent here to act for all the people, and not for any particular part. It was stated in a Western paper that he (MORRILL) was "Morrill, of Vermont, and the President of a wild cat bank at Chelsea, Vt." Now, he (MORRILL) never was the President of a bank. The bill without the amendment of the gentleman (FARNSWORTH) proposed to tax all the banks in a legitimate way. This was not a question of suppression of State Banks. If this amendment be adopted it would retard the progress of the bill, not only here, but in the other branch of Congress.

Mr. GANSON, of New-York, (Dem.,) was sorry that the amendment had been offered, and that the gentleman from Illinois (FARNSWORTH) had spoken of the bank institutions of the State of New-York as "rotten." He (GANSON) said, and it was enough to say at one time that there were no banking institutions more safe, more sound and more satisfactory than the banks of the State of New-York, and there was no better system than the banking system of that great State. The General Government has had to copy from it to give character to its own system. He (GANSON) opposed the amendment because Congress has no power to destroy State banks. It had been decided by the Supreme Court of the United States that they are lawful institutions, and Congress has no power whatever to forfeit their creation. This amendment, if carried, may defeat the bill.

Mr. PRICE, of Iowa, (Union,) expressed his astonishment that the amendment had been introduced. If adopted, it would raise such a storm of excitement throughout the country that the House would be unable to meet it. The object of taxation was that its burdens should fall equally upon all men.

Mr. HOLMAN, of Indiana, (Dem.,) moved to strike out the words "unless such Banks are authorized by act of Congress." If we favor National banks at the expense of State banks much indignation will be provoked at the discrimination. We will drive out of circulation two hundred and fifty millions of National bank circulation. The financial credit can be sustained only by crushing out the redundant State circulation.

The amendment of Mr. HOLMAN was adopted.

Mr. ARNOLD, of Illinois, (Union,) said the passage of the amendment would largely increase the revenue. There was no class that could better pay the tax, as they issue three or four times the amount of their capital stock.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, of New-York, (Union,) appealed to Mr. FARNSWORTH to withdraw his amendment, as the subject involved the wide scope of the merits of the two bank systems. Let it come before the House in a separate bill; otherwise the passage of the bill will be delayed.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, of Illinois, (Union,) declined to comply with the request. His amendment simply proposed to levy a tax on the banks. Gentlemen were willing to tax anything else in God's world, and why not tax the banks' issues? He would like to have greenbacks circulating and redeemable everywhere.

Mr. GREWOLD, of New-York, (Dem.,) regretted that Mr. FARNSWORTH had introduced his amendment to suppress State banks, as it was calculated to retard the progress of the bill, for which the people were looking with intense interest.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, (Union,) favored the amendment. Every man saw clearly that we cannot sustain a national currency and a State bank currency at the same time. One or the other must go to the wall, and it was only a question of time. Unless there be some corrective of the over issues, ruin will ensue to the Government.

Mr. PIKE, of Maine, (Union,) also expressed himself in favor of an exclusive greenback currency.

Mr. HOOPER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) was in favor of taxing all bank circulation, as it would tend to give us an exclusive greenback currency.

Mr. FARNSWORTH's amendment to the section in relation to banks and banking was again read, as follows:

"That every person and banking association or corporation issuing notes or other obligations calculated or intended to circulate as money shall pay one-fourth of one per cent. each month on such amount, or which having been issued remain in circulation."

This was agreed to by yeas 52, nays 51.

On motion of Mr. HOOPER, the section was further amended so as to impose a tax upon the average amount of capital stock, omitting the words "beyond the amount invested in United States bonds."

On motion of Mr. YEAMAN, of Kentucky, (Union,) it was ordered that the tax shall not be imposed on any bank in process of liquidation.

Mr. HOOPER, of Massachusetts, offered an amendment, making the tax on incomes ten per cent. after one year.

This, after debate, was rejected.

The committee then rose.

RELIEF FOR THE EAST TENNESSEEANS.

The Speaker laid before the House the following communication:

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:

I have the honor to transmit herewith an address to the President of the United States, and through him to both Houses of Congress, on the condition of the people of East Tennessee, and asking their attention to the necessity for some action on the part of the Government for their relief, and which address is presented by the Committee of Organization, called "The East Tennessee Relief Association." Deeply commiserating the condition of those most loyal people, I am unprepared to make any specific recommendation for their relief. The military is doing, and will continue to do, the best for them within its power. The address represents that the construction of a direct railroad communication between Knoxville and Cincinnati, by way of Central Kentucky, would be of great consequence in the present emergency. It may be remembered that in my annual message of December, 1861, such railroad construction was recommended. I now add that, with the hearty concurrence of Congress, I would yet be pleased to construct the road, both for the relief of these people and for its continuing military importance.

(Signed) ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The address to the President recounts the sufferings of the people of East Tennessee since the rebellion, claims that from a voting population of 35,000 Union men from 15,000 to 18,000 have stolen away from home and enlisted in the Union army in Kentucky; that the rebels in 1861 took 60,000 hogs and other stock in proportion; that BURNSIDE's, SHERMAN's and LONGSTREET's armies have exhausted the remaining supplies, and that, perhaps, not five per cent. of the accustomed breadth of wheat can be sown this Spring, the fences being destroyed and the farms being left desolate—not even will a supply of seed for common farm products.

It asks, first, for prompt payment of the claims against the Government, and, second, for railroad facilities for obtaining supplies for the destitution which a single year of industry cannot remedy, and it estimates the expenses and losses which a railroad in 1861 would have saved at $5,000,000.

The signers of the address to the President say, in conclusion:

"Allow us to congratulate you upon the success which has been attained by the Union troops in breaking the power of the rebellion, and to express the hope that with the complete restoration of the national authority our people may yet secure to be blessed with the return of that peace and prosperity which can only be enjoyed under it."

MAJ.-GENS. SCHENCK AND BLAIR.

The Speaker also laid before the House the following message from the President:

To the House of Representatives:

In obedience to the resolution of your Honorable Body, a copy of which is herewith returned, I have the honor to make the following brief statement, which is believed to contain the information sought prior to and at the meeting of the present Congress. ROBERT C. SCHENCK of Ohio, and FRANK P. BLAIR, Jr., of Missouri, members elect thereto, by and with the consent of the Senate, held commissions from the Executive as Major-Generals in the Volunteer Army. Gen. SCHENCK tendered the resignation of his said commission and took his seat in the House of Representatives, at the assembling thereof, upon the distinct verbal understanding with the Secretary of War and the Executive that he might at any time during the war, at his own pleasure, withdraw said resignation and return to the field. Gen. BLAIR was, by temporary assignment of Gen. SHERMAN, in command of a corps through the battles in front of Chattanooga and in marching to the relief of Knoxville, which occurred in the latter days of December last, and of course was not present at the assembling of Congress. When he subsequently arrived here, he sought and was allowed by the Secretary of War and the Executive the same conditions and promise as was allowed and made to Gen. SCHENCK. Gen. SCHENCK has not applied to withdraw his resignation, but when Gen. GRANT was made Lieutenant-General, producing some changes of Commanders, Gen. BLAIR sought to be assigned to the command of a corps. This was made known to Gen. GRANT and Gen. SHERMAN and assented to by them, and the particular corps for him was designated. This was all arranged and understood as now remembered so much as a month ago, but the formal withdrawal of Gen. BLAIR's resignation, and the revoking of the order assuming him to the command of a corps, were not consummated at the War Department until last week—perhaps on the 23d of April, inst. As a summary of the whole, it may be stated that Gen. BLAIR holds no military commission or appointment other than as herein stated, and that it is believed he is now acting as Major-General upon the assumed validity of the commission herein stated, and not otherwise.

There are some letters, notes, telegrams, orders, entries, and perhaps other documents in connection with this subject, which it is believed, would throw no additional light upon it, but which will be cheerfully furnished if desired. Signed,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

APRIL 28, 1864.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, (Union,) explained that he was elected to Congress while engaged in the military service, and so had considered for several months whether he would take his seat here or not. At last the time approached when it became necessary that he should come to a decision. Mr. SCHENCK then related his conversation with the Secretary of War and the President on the subject, and these gentlemen said that the matter could be arranged so that he could return to the military service. He tendered his resignation on the 5th of December last, accompanying it with a request that he (SCHENCK) should be relieved from command. He did not now claim to be in any sense in the military service, his resignation having been formally tendered and accepted.

The President's Message was, on motion of Mr. DAWES, referred to the Committee on Elections.

THE TAX BILL AGAIN.

The House then resumed the consideration of the amendments to the Internal Tax Bill.

Many of the amendments were agreed to en masse, and others were received for separate votes.

Mr. FERNANDO WOOD, of New-York, (Dem.,) offered a new section to repeal the act of March taxing foreign liquors on hand.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, (Union,) presented a substitute to tax domestic spirits on hand.

The vote thereon was received.

The House refused to concur in striking out the following:

All gas companies are hereby authorized to add the duty or tax to the price per thousand of cubic feet gas sold.

The House refused to tax coal, illuminating oil, etc., etc., twenty-five cents, and left it as originally reported, namely, twenty cents per gallon.

The House also refused to agree to the amendment taxing crude petroleum a dollar a barrel, and reduced petroleum a dollar and thirty cents a barrel.

The House voted on the amendment of Mr. FARNSWORTH, taxing the bank circulation one-fourth of one per centum on all amounts in circulation, which was adopted by a vote of 76 against 68.

The House voted on the amendment to increase the tax on sugar cane, sorghum, sugar from one to two cents per pound, and agreed to it, 74 against 68.

The House at 5 took a recess till 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

GEN. SCHENCK VS. FERNANDO WOOD.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, (Union,) asked leave to offer a resolution calling on the President to furnish copies of all letters, notes, telegrams and other documents referred to in the President's Message of to-day, in connection with the subject-matter of the inquiry whether FERNANDO P. BLAIR holds any appointment or commission in the military service of the United States.

Mr. DAWSON, of Pennsylvania, (Dem.,) objected to the introduction of the resolution.

Mr. SCHENCK made a few remarks in addition to his former statements, to the effect that he drew his pay up to the 5th of December as a Major-General, or to the time his resignation took effect, and did not begin to draw pay as a Member of Congress until the 7th of December, when he took his seat.

Mr. DAWSON withdrew his objection to the introduction of the resolution.

FERNANDO WOOD, for the public good, renewed the objection. It was clearly out of order.

Mr. SCHENCK—I call the member to order. I have the floor by consent of the House.

FERNANDO WOOD—I objected to the introduction of the resolution, not to the remarks of the member. If he is not civil he will not be allowed to proceed.

The Speaker said that Mr. SCHENCK had obtained unanimous consent to make a statement.

FERNANDO WOOD—I hope he will proceed civilly and courteously, or not at all.

Mr. SCHENCK resumed: Lest there should be misapprehension, and as he was unable to introduce the resolution, he said there was not from him the scrap of a pen relating to any negotiation concerning a return to the military service.

THE LIQUOR CLAUSE IN THE TAX BILL.

The House resumed the consideration of the amendments to the Tax Bill, and having disposed of all of them, by concurring in the recommendation of the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, the House proceeded to dispose of the new section offered by FERNANDO WOOD, viz.:

So much of the seventh section of the act of March 7, 1864, to increase the revenue, as levies a tax of 40 cents on spirits imported prior to that date, be and is hereby repealed, and the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to refund and pay all monies thus exacted.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, (Union,) offered the following as a substitute:

That all spirits of a domestic production and held for sale on the 1st of May, 1864, and upon which no tax shall have been paid, shall be subject to a duty of fifty cents per gallon, and all such spirits on hand for sale on which a prior duty shall have been paid, a duty of thirty cents per gallon, provided that bona fide retail dealers in spirits duly licensed shall not be taxed on their stock on hand whose quantity on hand does not exceed two hundred gallons.

The question was taken on Mr. WASHBURNE's substitute for Mr. WOOD's proposition, and it was agreed to. Yeas, 73; nays, 63; as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. W. J. Allen, Alley, Allison, Ames, Arnold, Baldwin of Massachusetts, Baldwin of Michigan, Baxter, Beaman, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandegee, Brown of Western Virginia, Chanler, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Davis, Dawes, Dawson, Deming, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Eckley, Eliot, Farnsworth, Garfield, Gurnee, Hale, Harding, Hart, Hooper, Hubbard of Iowa, Hubbard of Connecticut, Jenckes, Julian, Kasson, Kelley, Kellogg of Michigan, Kellogg of New-York, Kernan, King, Loan, Longyear, Marvin, McAllister, McBride, McClurg, McIndoe, Middle of New-York, Moorhead, Morrill of Maine, Morris, Leonard Myers, Nelson, Norton, Odell, O'Neill of Pennsylvania, Orth, Patterson, Perham, Pike, Pomeroy, Price, Radford, Randall of Kentucky, Randall of Pennsylvania, Rice of Massachusetts, Rice of Maine, Robinson, Rollins of New-Hampshire, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Spaulding, Stevens of New-York, Stevens of New-Jersey, Thayer, Thomas, Upson, Washburne of Illinois, Washburn of Massachusetts, Webster, Wheeler, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Winfield, Yeaman.

NAYS—Messrs. James C. Allen, William J. Allen, Ancona, Brooks, Chase, Cox, Dawson, Denison, Eden, Finck, Harrington, Herrick, Johnson of Ohio, Law, Leblond, Marcy, McDowell, McKinney, Morris of Ohio, Morrison, Noble, O'Neill of Ohio, Pendleton, Perry, Ross, Sitgreaves, Stiles, Strouse, Stuart, Ward, C. A. White, J. W. White, Fernando Wood.

So the Tax Bill passed.

The House, at 8¼ o'clock, adjourned.

The Horace Greeley Case.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Before Justice Barnard.

In the Matter of the Contempt of Horace Greeley.—At 11 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Greeley appeared in court, accompanied by his counsel, J. T. Williams, Esq. Judge BARNARD entered shortly afterward and asked if Mr. Greeley was in court?

Mr. Williams said that he had the answers to the interrogatories, which were filed and read by the clerk, as follows:

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.—*In the Matter of the Proceedings against Horace Greeley as for a Contempt.*—Horace Greeley in the above-entitled proceedings referred to, protesting against the jurisdiction of this court over his person and over the proceedings now being taken, and asserting that they are irregular and without warrant of law, and further asserting that he might not be asked and cannot legally be compelled to answer questions upon a charge which is in its nature criminal, and for which he may be exposed to indictment, both as a misdemeanor for a contempt as well as for a libel, and further asserting that the said article in the order to show cause in these proceedings referred to, is not a report of the proceedings of a court, but on the other hand is simply an editorial criticism, based upon a report of such proceedings contained in a newspaper called the *Evening Express*, published two days before such editorial article was published, to wit, on the 18th day of April instant. For answer to the interrogations filed and served upon him, says:

That he is now, and ever since its foundation has been, the principal editor of the newspaper called the *Tribune*, and is one of its proprietors, by being a stockholder in the corporation that publishes the same. That as such editor and proprietor he is subject to all the responsibilities that justly pertain to that relation. Believing that this appeal is a substantial answer to all the interrogations propounded to him, he most respectfully declines to answer any questions that may expose any of his associates in the editorship and publication of said newspaper to the discipline of this tribunal, preferring to abide the consequences he they what they may.

HORACE GREELEY,

Of No. 84 Nassau-street, New-York.

After hearing this answer read, Judge BARNARD said the object of these proceedings is not to interfere with the liberty of the press, but to correct a growing evil in the abuse heaped upon public men by certain newspapers who differ from them in politics. The answers of the defendant are satisfactory to the court, and he is therefore discharged.

Mr. GREELEY retired with his counsel, and the court adjourned *sine die*.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Adjourned without day. *Part II.*—Short causes—Nos. 1549, 1172, 1936, 2110, 2061, 1897, 1989, 2081, 2169, 1920, 1776, 2106. Nos. on General Calendar—456, 602, 1500, 1520, 1206. *Part III.*—Nos. 1878, 1195, 1434, 955, 1455, 1711, 1712, 1715, 1717, 1721, 1732, 1739, 1741, 1743, 1745, 1747, 1753, 1755, 1758, 1763.

SUPREME COURT—*Part I.*—Nos. 3415, 3777, 4002, 4127, 4120, 4151, 4133, 4135, 4137, 4139, 4141, 4143, 4145, 4147, 4149. *Part II.*—No calendar.

New-York Central Railroad.

RESIGNATION OF HON. ERASTUS CORNING.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 28.

At a meeting of the Directors of the New-York Central Railroad Company, held to-day, Hon. ERASTUS CORNING tendered his resignation as President of the company, which was accepted. DEAN RICHMOND was then unanimously elected President, and R. M. BLACKFORD Vice-President.

SOUTHERN NEWS

A Rebel Account of the Capture of Plymouth.

REJOICING OVER RECENT VICTORIES.

Reports Regarding Gen. Grant's Movements.

INTERESTING MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Petersburgh and Richmond papers, as late as April 22, have been received. They contain the following interesting details of news:

THE CAPTURE OF PLYMOUTH.

From the Petersburg Express of April 22.

We are still without full official information of the brilliant affair at Plymouth. We learn, however, upon reliable authority, that skirmishing commenced on Sunday, continued briskly Monday and Tuesday, and on Wednesday the enemy's works were carried by assault in most gallant manner. The Yankee Commander, Brig.-Gen. WESSELS, as will be seen from a Richmond telegram in another column, was twice summoned to surrender, but refusing to do so, the place was stormed and captured. The number of prisoners taken is now stated to have been two thousand five hundred, besides the negroes who were taken. The same telegram states that a splendid two hundred pounder gun was also amongst the valuable articles captured.

PEGRAM's and GRAHAM's Batteries, both from this city, were engaged in the conflict, and did splendid service. We regret, however, to learn that Col. JAMES R. BEARDS, who commanded that bearing his name, had one of his legs broken and was bruised by the fall of his horse. The wounded have been mostly sent to Weldon, where, we doubt not, they will be well taken care of.

Gen. HOKE has struck a most effective blow for the redemption of his native State. His command was composed of North Carolinians, and they have nobly and gallantly liberated a most important part of their State from the invader. We shall have more and yet greater news from this and cooperating expeditions.

The cooperating naval expedition is under the command of Commander R. F. PINKNEY. Commander J. W. COZZENS commands the iron-clad gunboat *Albemarle*, in Roanoke River. Lieut. R. P. LOYALL commands the iron-clad gunboat *Neuse*, in the Neuse river, and Lieut. R. H. MINOR commands a flotilla of "cutters" in the Chowan River.

Plymouth is in Washington County, near the mouth of the Roanoke River, and the country around is said to be very rich and full of supplies. The two other places held by the Yankees on the North Carolina coast are Washington, at the mouth of Tar River, and Newbern at the mouth of Neuse river. The latter is strongly garrisoned; but it is supposed that the larger part of the forces at Washington had been moved up to Plymouth.

REBEL JUBILATION.

From the Richmond Enquirer, April 27.

From the head-waters of the Red River to the coast of North Carolina, the horizon is fairly radiant with Confederate victory. Forcing its way through the darkness of Yankee concentration, HARDEE defeats tells that all is well in the Trans-Mississippi Department. FORREST, at Fort Pillow, undoes in an hour the work of GRANT, and clears, in a very inconsequential manner, the free navigation of the Mississippi. Confederate horsemen career confidently in Western Kentucky, and white flags are hanging out at Columbus.

It was proper that these brilliant affairs in the West should be furnished with a sequel in the East, and nobly has it been done by HOKE at Plymouth. There, too, yesterday morning broke the order of the day, and success has been as complete as at Fort Pillow. Hitherto, though often led against field-works, the Confederate soldiers have rarely been called upon to assail permanent fortifications. These two brilliant examples fully attest their prowess in this trying mode of warfare, and evince that striking superiority of *élan* which most signally elevates them above the Yankee soldier. *Not an instance in the war can be mentioned of the Yankees having driven our men from intrenched positions.*

These cheering victories coming in such rapid succession from so many different quarters are auspicious of final success. They resemble those minor combats which so often, on the eve of great battles, have seemed to cast the shadow of coming events before them, and to give an earnest of future victory. While the two great armies are collecting their strength and preparing for a decisive spring, these hopeful auguries cannot fail to inspirit the one and to throw a gloom over the other. Thus far the year has been marked by a series of unbroken triumphs for the Confederate arms. Should the stream continue to set a little longer in the same direction, it will sweep away all the impediments in the course of our youthful Republic.

The facility with which we have achieved these triumphs is encouraging in another point of view. The enemy must have weakened his armies of occupation in the various districts he has overrun. His garrisons are a mixture of whites and blacks, enough probably, of the former to prevent the Africans from following their own inclination and surrendering at the first summons. By such a disposition it was thought that their conquests might be retained, and the negro soldiery be made to serve a useful purpose. The event has disappointed these expectations. They have lost their hold on conquests, and as yet have failed to strike any compensating blow by means of the concentration for the sake of which they have weakened themselves elsewhere.

The details of the affair at Plymouth are not yet fully ascertained. It is, however, safe to pronounce it one of the most brilliant affairs of the war. Its immediate fruits are important. Those which may ultimately flow from it, the possession of an abundant country, and the possible command of the inland waters of North Carolina, (though as yet the subject of uncertain speculation,) may well assure high hopes for the future.

Gen. HOKE, *judging from the large number of his prisoners, does not seem to have made such thorough work as that by which Forrest has so shocked the tender souls and frozen the warm blood of the Yankees.* The resistance he encountered was, probably, not so desperate, and the blood of the victors was not so heated; though in a fortification carried by storm, the loss of the garrison must inevitably be large.

The strict laws of civilized warfare acknowledge the power of the victor to put all to the sword in such cases. However severe such an example might seem, it would strike a salutary terror in the Yankees, which will be useful to them in the end, and their melancholy release at meeting a part of the punishment their barbarities merit is absurd.

In the rapid fall of these positions which the Yankees gained so easily, we see something like a revulsion of the gunboat mania. At that period they made most of the acquisitions which they have since held apparently in a firm grasp. The rebuff of the tide is as late and as sudden as its advance. The year 1864 may undo the work of 1862, and suggest a solution of many difficulties which seemed almost insurmountable.

THE WAR IN VIRGINIA.

MOVEMENTS ON THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

RICHMOND, Thursday, April 21.

A fleet of gunboats appeared yesterday in Rappahannock River, twelve miles below Tappahannock. A dredging apparatus was sent in advance to search for torpedoes.

It is believed now that Tappahannock or Port Royal will be the base of BURNSIDE's cooperative movement against Richmond.

SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, Saturday, April 22.

The Yankee gunboats have left the Rappahannock River. Before leaving 300 men landed at BOWLER's wharf, destroyed 300 barrels of corn, and burnt a farmhouse.

Information was received yesterday at Gen. HOKE's headquarters that eight transports of the enemy and one gunboat had ascended the Rappahannock and landed troops at BOWLER's wharf, which is about twelve miles below Tappahannock. There was also a report that a large fleet of transports was at the mouth of the river. The vessels that came up to BOWLER's moved very cautiously, feeling their way for torpedoes. The troops who debarked moved about two miles into the adjoining country.

Some gentlemen who arrived in this city last night, from the vicinity of Tappahannock, report that the force that the enemy landed was about two thousand. They burnt the buildings at BOWLER's, and destroyed the ferry-boats. A considerable amount of supplies was captured in the storehouses of the Government here. BOWLER's being a depot for all the supplies from the Northern Neck. We have no special information of the amount of captures.

GEN. GRANT'S ARMY.

ORANGE COURT-HOUSE, Wednesday, April 20.

The enemy have been busy for several days with reviews and inspections.

There is no truth in the rumor that the enemy were falling back to Centreville.

All quiet in front.

CLARKS COVE, Friday, April 22.

Observations from Clark's Mountain indicate no change in the Yankee camps. It is reported that the enemy began to-day, moving up their wagons preparatory to an advance. Nothing is going on in our lines indicating an immediate movement.

The roads are dry and hard, and the weather beautiful.

REMOVAL OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

RICHMOND, Wednesday, April 20.

Instructions have been given the Fiscal Agent of the Treasury to remove his bureau to Montgomery, Ala., next week. All the clerks except four have signified their willingness to go.

A Yankee spy, under the assumed name of "Young King," was arrested on the 19th at Mechanicsville, Va. He was recognized as a detective from Gen. Grant's Army.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

GEN. POLLOCK'S ARMY.

DALTON, Tuesday, April 19.

There was a general review of the whole army to-day, and, notwithstanding the coldness of the weather, it was largely attended. The troops are quite active in front, and stirring times are looked for by all.

REPORT FROM GEN. BANKS.

MOBILE, Tuesday, April 19.

WARREN ADAMS, a quarter from the Trans-Mississippi Army, reports that he has received a dispatch from Gen. BANKS to Gen. FRANKLIN, which announces that the town of HAMMONS is surrounded by rebel cavalry; that the Red River has fallen, and that forty transports and gunboats are brought above the raft, and cannot get out till the waters rise.

MISSISSIPPI.

MOBILE, Friday, April 22.

On Wednesday Gen. WIRT ADAMS received news from Federals near Mechanicsville, Miss.

REBEL SALT WORKS DESTROYED.

Official Report from Admiral Lee.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, April 28.

The Navy Department has received a communication from Rear-Admiral LEE, in which he says:

"The statements from refugees received on board the *Niagara* on the 7th inst., indicating that the rebels are active and valuable salt works in that vicinity, are weekly delivered, and might be destroyed. I directed Capt. BARRY to organize a boat expedition, under command of Acting Volunteer Lieut. BARRY, to effect this important object.

"I am happy to inform the department of the complete success of the expedition, which resulted in the destruction of one large steam-engine, with engine attached; seven large boilers; twenty-five hundred salt-pans; the large vats, evaporators and cistern; the salt-houses and a large wind-mill, and fifty or sixty smaller furnaces and boilers, which were thrown in fragments with the wreck; about one hundred and sixty contrabands were captured, of whom but fifty could be brought off in boats. Complete order and discipline was observed, much to the credit of the officers and men engaged. The work was well and quickly done, and the presence of a military force alone by completely circum

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

[illegible]

[illegible] the Stock Exchange, we had ventured that the proposed tax in Congress of one mills on the dollar on the sales of Stocks, Bonds, &c., is too high to insure its faithful collection. The Board have appointed a committee on the subject to confer with the committees of Congress at Washington. There is no question that the Stock Exchange, as a body, are as ready and willing, to pay the State, to contribute as liberally to the Internal Taxes of the Government, in proportion to their business and means, as any other class or corporation of citizens in the country. They desire, indeed, that the rate or plan of taxation shall be so settled as to insure the largest practical revenue.

The Milwaukee and St. Paul Company, whose Securities are admitted to dealings at the Stock Exchange Board, as noticed yesterday, do not yet own the Eastern section of the old La Crosse Road, but are in possession of and work this section and actually own five-sixths of the valid claims upon it. We make this correction, because the litigation in regard to this ninety-five miles of road is not yet consolidated. We may add, however, that when settled, the ninety-five miles will be added to the 276 miles which we stated to be represented by the Securities of the Company now dealing.

The half-yearly Dividend of the Mechanics' Banking Association is 4 ⅌ cent.

It is stated on the Street that three or four prominent members of the Stock Exchange will retire from business on the 1st of May. The firms with which they are connected will undergo the changes necessary to their withdrawal. The senior members of the houses of Gordon HANLEY & Co. and L. E. WARRE & Co., have been mentioned, due the senior of an other house than either, but who is so fastidious about seeing his name in the newspapers, that we forbear to repeat it without direct authority. The house of MAHER & KANE also dissolve their partnership on the 1st of May, we understand.

We commend to the Opposition papers that have assigned the speech of Hon. HENRY G. STEBBINS, a member of their own party, in regard to the ability of the country to provide for the support of the Public Debt, to the following figures of the present Funded Debt of the United States, upon which gold interest is paid. They are copied from the New-York *Herald* of this morning, and we believe they are correct; exclusive of the new 10-40 loan now being subscribed for:

Loans.	Rate.	Amount.
Funding 5-20 Loan	6 ⅌ Cent.	$320,776,000
7 3-10 Comp. Loan	7 3-10 ⅌ Cent.	139,313,000
Loan of 1861, July	6 ⅌ Cent.	67,000,000
Loan of 1861, February	6 ⅌ Cent.	18,415,000
Loans of 1858-59	5 ⅌ Cent.	27,622,000
Loans of 1847-48	6 ⅌ Cent.	16,925,000
Loans of 1847-48	5 ⅌ Cent.	3,000,000
Oregon Loan, 1861	6 ⅌ Cent.	1,095,000
Total		$574,546,000
Annual Interest in Gold		$47,192,000

This sum of $47,192,000 in Gold is assumed to be payable out of the Customs Revenues of the current Fiscal Year, which Gold Revenues at the port of New-York, from 1st July, 1863, to the 30th April, 1864, amount to: $[illegible]
Add for other ports: [illegible]
Total to date: [illegible]
Add 2 months and 2 days' duties, say: [illegible]
Total to 30th June, 1864: $116,986,205

This is the sum total of the annual Customs Revenue in Gold at the present rates of the Tariff. Assuming an average increase of 20 ⅌ cent. upon the rates of Customs Duties, under the revised Tariff, contemplated at the present session, and upon the same scheme of importation as for the current Fiscal Year, the Government would realize for the Fiscal Year 1865, in Gold, from Customs, $147,000,000.

We understand that Messrs. George Opdyke, C. D. F. Grant, E. S. Lathrop, David Dows, W. Whitewright, Jr., and H. Taylor, Directors of the Fourth National Bank, have resigned, and that Messrs. E. Hoyt, Joseph Stuart, J. G. Churchill, C. L. Anthony, Joshua Hayne, (of Pittsburgh,) and J. M. Furman, have been elected to fill the vacancies. The three Directors of the old Board who remain are Messrs. B. H. Herron, William H. Webb and Freeman Clarke. Mr. Joseph Stuart, of the house of J. & J. Stuart, is made President *pro tem.* of the new Board. The remaining members of the old Board, we understand, will not resign, unless other names than Morris Ketchum and H. B. Claflin are presented to fill the vacancies. Mr. Claflin is a Director in the Twelth (or Central) National Bank.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK
No. 9 Wall-st.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY AND FISCAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES
For the distribution of
THE NATIONAL 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.
This is forty years' loan at five per cent. per annum, interest and principal by special act of Congress made payable in Gold, and also by special act this loan is exempt from taxation.
Parties subscribing at this bank may receive coupon bonds immediately, with clean coupons from March 1, by paying the earned interest in currency, adding fifty per cent. for premium on the gold, or they may by taking Gold receive bonds with interest commencing on the day of subscription.
The same rule will also apply to registered stock, except that it cannot be delivered within some days after subscription.
Parties subscribing either way for registration will be allowed one-eighth per cent. commission.
The Secretary of the Treasury instructs this bank as follows:
The First National Bank of the City of New-York, of which you are President, is authorized to receive subscriptions to the National 10-40 Loan, and it is hoped that its exertions—on the most energetic and active employment of which your reliance is placed—will be attended with complete success.
Very respectfully, S. P. CHASE.
(Signed.) Secretary of the Treasury.
To S. C. Tenney, Esq., President.
The coupon bonds are of $50, $100, $500 and $1,000 denominations.
Payments may be made in legal tender and National Bank notes or checks and drafts on any bank in this City, that will pay on demand or at one day's notice.
Address
JAMES GUEPHET,
Cashier First National Bank,
New-York.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Thursday, April 28, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last, have been 46 bbls. Ashes, 19,292 bbls. Flour, 400 bbls. and 1,156 bags Corn Meal, 3,722 bushels wheat, 716 bushels Corn, 197 bushels Rye, 69 bushels Barley, 316 bushels Oats, 1,527 pkgs. Provisions, and 613 bbls Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 30 bbls. at $9 for Pots, and $11 (nominally) for Pearls ⅌ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Into moderate demand at former prices. We quote Java at 30c.@32c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 26c.@28c.; Rio at 23c.@24c. and Jamaica at 42c.@44c.; St. Domingo at 40c. ⅌ lb.

COTTON—In improved demand, and rather heavy. Sales, middlings at 82c.@83c. ⅌ lb. Sales and receipts since our last, 1,156 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quite dull to-day, and prices have declined 15c.@20c. ⅌ bbl. Some holders seemed very eager to realize. Sales, since our last, 7,700 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $7 20@$7 50; poor to choice Ohio, $7 55@$8; chiefly at $7 60@$7 75; common extra Ohio, [illegible] Southern and Western [illegible] Extra State [illegible] Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c. [illegible] Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship brands, [illegible] Extra Indiana and family brands [illegible] Extra Genesee [illegible] Fancy to very choice Extra Missouri [illegible] Southern Flour is heavy and drooping; sales since our last, [illegible] $8 40@$11 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is depressed and cheaper; sales 550 bbls. extra, at $7 60@$8 25 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour continues in demand, at $5 25@$5 37½ ⅌ bbl. Sales 120 bbls. Corn Meal is in good demand, but held more firmly at $4 10@$4 15 for Jersey, and $4 20@$4 50 for Brandywine ⅌ bbl. Total sales, 1,046 bbls. Also, 40 puncheons Brandywine at $20 each.

FRUIT—A fair demand prevails for the principal kinds, including Layer Raisins at $4 50@$4 60, and Bunch, do. at $4 40@$4 45 ⅌ box; Currants at 26½c. ⅌ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been inactive, and quoted down 2c.@3c. ⅌ bushel. Sales five cars reported of 13,000 bushels, including White Western at $2 02@$2 05; Amber Western at $1 97@$1 99; Red Western at $1 92@$1 95; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay, at $1 78@$1 80; Milwaukee Club at $1 74@$1 77; Chicago Spring at $1 70@$1 72 ⅌ bushel. Corn is in less demand and closes decidedly cheaper. Sales [illegible] since our last of 94,000 bushels, at $1 [illegible]@$1 43, closing at $1 [illegible] for Mixed Western, $1 [illegible] for New Yellow Jersey and Southern, ⅌ bushel. Rye is very scarce and quiet, at $1 [illegible] ⅌ bushel. Oats continue in moderate request and heavy. We quote Canada at 78c.@80c.; Western at 76c.@80c.; State at 68½c.@70c. ⅌ bushel. Barley is dull, at $1 [illegible]@$1 [illegible] as to extremes, ⅌ bushel. Sales 9,800 bushels. Barley Malt, at $1 [illegible]@$1 60 ⅌ bushel.

HAY—North River Hay continues in good demand, at $1 45@$1 50 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are inquired for at 15c.@20c. for poor to choice ⅌ lb.

MEVALS—Are held above the views of buyers, and are less active.

MOLASSES—The demand is moderate for the principal kinds, including New-Orleans, at 60c.@[illegible] ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Continue in moderate request, including Spirits of Turpentine, at 42 [illegible]@[illegible] 25 ⅌ gallon; Tar, $2 [illegible] ⅌ bbl.; Resin, $2 [illegible] ⅌ 280 lbs.

OILS—The market is nearly but broken to-day; prices are lower. We quote Crude Whale at $1 15@$1 18; Crude Sperm at $1 [illegible]@$1 [illegible]; Bleached Winter Waste at $1 25@$1 [illegible]; Unbleached Sperm at $1 [illegible]@$1 [illegible]; Linseed at $1 [illegible]@$1 [illegible], No. 1 Lard at $1 15@$1 20; Crude Petroleum at 42c.@[illegible]c., here; Refined Petroleum at 44c.@47c., free, and 50c.@55c., in bond, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been rather lightly dealt in to-day, at about previous prices. Sales since our last, 5,700 bbls., at $27 50 for New Mess, and $26 50 for Old, one and only delivery; $25 75@$26 for Old Mess; $26@$27 for Western and City Prime Mess; $25 75@$27 for Thin Mess, and $18@$19 75 for Old and New Prime. Cut Meats are quiet at 14½c.@16c. for Hams, and 11½c.@12½c. for Shoulders ⅌ lb.; sales 300 packages. Bacon is in moderate request, at 13½c.@15½c., according to quality, ⅌ lb.; sales since our last, 150 boxes. Lard is declining; sales 2,450 tcs. and bbls., for immediate and future delivery, at 14½c.@15½c., closing with prime heavy at 15c. ⅌ lb. Beef is quiet at former rates; sales do. bbls. at $10@$20 for Extra Mess; $15@$18 for Plain Mess, ⅌ bbl.; Prime Mess, $27@$30; India Mess, $30@$33, ⅌ tce. Sales 60 bbls. Butter is in rather more request at 22c.@28c. for poor to very choice State, and 22c.@27c. for Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese is at 12c.@16c. ⅌ lb.

RICE—Into demand, including East India at $100@$[illegible] ⅌ tierce.

SUGARS—Are less active and less buoyant. Sales since our last, 600 hhds., including New-Orleans at 9½c.@10½c.; Porto Rico, at 10½c.@12c.; Cuba at 10c.@10½c., and 500 boxes Havana at 10c.@10½c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars are in less request, at 12½c.@[illegible]c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Sales since our last, 104,000 lbs., at 12½c.@14½c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported since our last of 3,100 bbls., in lots, at $1 [illegible]@$1 [illegible] ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been inactive again to-day. For Liverpool—The engagements included 125 tons Bacon, Lard, &c., at 7c. 6d.@[illegible]c. 9d.; 30 tons wood, at 18s., and by steamer, 400 bales Cotton, at ¼d. For London—1,000 bbls. Flour, at 1s. 4½d. For Glasgow—500 hhds. Bacon, at 15s. For Havre—1,200 hhds. and 100 tcs. Lard, at 50 francs. For Bremen—60 hhds. Tobacco, at 30c.@37c. 6d.; 200 bales do. at 45c.; 150 bbls. Oil at 15s.

Bremen, Thursday, April 28—Noon.

FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT quiet, inactive and nominally lower at 2s. 4d@2s. 4½d. for Nos. 2 and 1 Chicago and Milwaukee Spring, without bids. Corn at 2s. 1d. to arrive, and small lots, on the spot, at 2s. 2d. Oats, 16c.@20c. Other Grains inactive and nominal. Wheat from Bremen quiet at 2s. 2½d. offered, and 2s. 3d. asked. CANAL FREIGHTS unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 28.

All trade very inactive, especially in FLOUR; only a few hundred barrels Extra were sold at $8 25@$8 50. Wheat quiet; sales 5,000 to 6,000 bushels Red at $1 75@$1 85; White, $1 90@$2 02. Corn steady; Yellow, $1 [illegible] and active; sales 1,500 bushels. Whisky firm at $1 35. Provisions inactive and sales unimportant.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Bremen	April 16	New-York	Southampton.
City of Baltimore	April 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Australasian	May 4	New-York	Liverpool.
Bremen	May 7	New-York	Southampton.
Edinburgh	May 7	New-York	Liverpool.
Europa	May 11	New-York	Liverpool.
Persia	May 14	New-York	Southampton.
City of Washington	May 14	New-York	Liverpool.
Arabia	May 21	New-York	Liverpool.
Saxonia	May 28	New-York	Southampton.
Hammonia	May 28	New-York	Southampton.
Bremen	June 4	New-York	Southampton.
Saxonia	June 11	New-York	Southampton.
Hammonia	June 25	New-York	Southampton.
Germania	July 2	New-York	Southampton.
Bremen	July 23	New-York	Southampton.

TO EUROPE.

Tarifa	April 14	Liverpool	Portland.
Arabia	April 16	Boston	Liverpool.
Bavaria	April 16	Southampton	New-York.
Olympus	April 19	Liverpool	New-York.
Bavaria	April 19	Southampton	New-York.
Great Washington	April 23	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	April 26	Liverpool	New-York.
Louisiana	April 27	Liverpool	New-York.
Africa	April 28	Liverpool	New-York.
Germania	May 3	Southampton	New-York.
Teutonia	May 12	Southampton	New-York.
Saxonia	May 24	Southampton	New-York.
Borussia	June 14	Southampton	New-York.
Germania	June 25	New-York	Southampton.

For New-Orleans, Havana, &c.

Evening Star	April 30	New-York	*New-Orleans.
George Cromwell	May 7	New-York	New-Orleans.

* Via Havana.

Foreign Mails.

The mails for Europe, by the *Nova Scotian*, via Portland, will close Friday, at 1.30 P. M.

The mails for Great Britain and the Continent, by the *Bremen*, will close Saturday, at 10.30 A. M.

The mails for Ireland, by the *City of Baltimore*, will close Saturday, at 10.30 A. M.

For New-Orleans and the West Indies.

The mails for Havana and Porto Rico, by the *Morning Star*, will close at 2 P. M., and for New-Orleans, at 1.30 P. M., on Saturday.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at: [illegible] A. M. and 3.30 P. M.
South Mails close at: [illegible] A. M. (on and 12) P. M.
Western Mails (via Erie Railroad): [illegible] A. M. and 2.30 P. M.
Boston Mails at: [illegible] A. M., 12 and 2.30 P. M.
Mails for California close daily at the New-York Post-office at 8½ A. M. and 2½ P. M.
On Sunday all Mails close at 1.30 P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MARBLE MANUFACTORY,
No. 38 Hester-st., and No. 40, Elizabeth-st., Brooklyn, Long Island, N.Y.

BRIDGEWATER PAINT
DRY AND GROUND IN OIL
in several fine shades.
For English and Gothic Cottages, Gardens, &c.
ROBERT REYNOLDS, Agent,
No. 74 Maiden-lane.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Paper, Sealed and Stamped, Silver Plated, Gold, &c. Engraving, for Seals, Dies, &c. Fine Stationery, and Fancy Goods. Cheap as any other house. Call and examine.

DRY GOODS.
NOTICE, NOTIZ, AVIS, NOTICIA.
FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE.
THE N. Y. DEPOT FOR
CHINESE, MANILLA, JAPANESE, INDIA and AMERICAN-INDIAN GOODS, in great variety.
Catalogues sent to merchants and others.
FOUNTAIN & CO., No. 455 Broadway, near 14th-st.

AT DE FERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY, a kind of Children's Cloaks and Suits, dresses, blankets, assorted corsets, chemises, waters, gauze, hosiery, &c. Also, ladies' embroidered chemises and nightgowns, robes de ladies' and gents' shirts and drawers, linen handkerchiefs, &c., initials and coats of arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bed-clothes; braiding, cotton and silk embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroidery and braiding executed promptly.

MME. DEMOREST'S GRAND OPENING of patterns of elegant Spring fashions, on Broadway, 27 East 14th-st. and 134 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Spring No. of the *Mirror of Fashion* now ready.

DRY GOODS.
GLINTZING.
Bonnet Twills, "Jacquards," Satin Stonitas, Nainsuks, &c., &c., with every other material suitable for trimming purposes of carriages and bonnets, the greatest variety in the City.
CRETONNE CURTAINS,
and other styles for bedroom and cottage curtains.
PATON & CO.,
No. 841 Broadway.

PATON & CO.,
No. 841 Broadway,
are now taking orders or contracts on the first of May all kinds of plain and fancy
WINDOW SHADES,
every variety of Shade Fixtures, Picture Mountings, &c., &c., at retail, the cheapest in the country.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF
SMITH & HOUGHTERY,
NO. 488 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK,
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.
Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the late important advance, we still continue to offer our entire stock of NEW SPRING STYLES at less than last prices, and manufacturers' present prices.
Call early if you want choice styles at a bargain.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1864.
A NEW AND GREAT INVENTION IN HOOP SKIRTS.
THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) STEEL SPRING.
J. L. & J. G. WEST, No. 387 CHAMBERS-ST., SOLE PROPRIETORS OF THE PATENT, and manufacturers, have the honor to announce to the ladies of the United States, that they have just received the patent and exclusive manufacturers of this
J. W. BRADLEY'S
PATENTED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRT.
This invention consists of Duplex, (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, transversely located, giving the greatest possible amount of fullness, and yet so combined as to be perfectly flexible, and flat when not in use, or when the wearer, in consequence of the press of business, or fashionable resort, to place and fold the skirt when in use as easily and with the same convenience as a silk or muslin dress. It entirely obviates and eliminates the only objections to hoop skirts, viz., the annoyance to the wearer as well as the public especially in crowded assemblies, and public vehicles, which, since the war, have so many more than ever the difficulty of contracting them to occupying a small space. This invention removes the difficulty, while giving the therein used full and symmetrical form, and is the lightest and most stylish and graceful appearance for the interior spring, ever before offered. Those who have enjoyed the pleasant comfort and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. They are the best quality in every style, and by far the lightest, most durable, comfortable and economical in the trade. Ask for them, will be accepted as taken, and refuse to take any other. Retail at all the leading retail stores in this City and throughout the different States.
☞ Inquire for the
DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRTS.

R. H. MACY,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
LINEN GOODS AND HANDKERCHIEFS,
RIBBONS AND STRAW GOODS,
FRENCH FLOWERS AND FANCY GOODS,
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS,
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
CORSETS AND TAMPIER NOTIONS,
MACY'S CELEBRATED FRENCH KID GLOVES
No. 204 & 206 BLEECKER-ST.
TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.

FURNITURE COVERINGS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
AND
SOLOMON & HART,
Have just imported a fine stock of
ENGLISH CRETONNE,
ENGLISH REPS,
FLORENTINES, LASTINGS,
CHINTZES, DAMASKS,
and every variety of COVERINGS of the LATEST STYLES and NEWEST DESIGNS.
No. 399 Broadway.

NEW CURTAIN GOODS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
AND
SOLOMON & HART,
Have now ready a large supply of all kinds of the above goods which they offer to parties furnishing houses, consisting of
SATIN, BROCATEL, and DAMASK for CURTAINS,
LACE CURTAINS,
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS,
MUSLIN CURTAINS.
Also, CORNICES and TRIMMINGS.
WINDOW SHADES of all descriptions, put up in the best manner.

HOUSE DECORATIONS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
AND
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 399 Broadway,
IMPORTERS OF PAPER HANGINGS,
Have just received in store and offer the
MAGNIFICENT VARIETY OF
FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS,
and are prepared to execute orders in the best manner by SKILLFUL AND EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

R. H. MACY,
NOW OPEN
OUR SPRING IMPORTATION OF KID GLOVES,
ELEGANT SHADES,
BEST QUALITY,
NOW ON SALE AT LOW PRICES.
NOS. 204 AND 206 BLEECKER-ST.,
TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.
ENGLISH HOSIERY 25 PER CENT. BELOW MARKET RATES.
Purchased at the late sale of PRIZE PROPERTY, From captured blockade runners.
DICKSON & CO.,
No. 148 6th-av., corner 10th-st.

E. OPP, NO. 43 PARK-ST., CORNER OF Pearl-st., New-York, is paying the highest price for gentlemen's cast-off clothes. Better attention paid to all orders. Address by letter only.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A YOUNG AMERICAN WOMAN, A soldier's widow, with a child two years old, desires a situation in some respectable family (country preferred) as assistant housekeeper, or in light domestic work; will be satisfied with a home for herself and child; is willing to accept any honorable employment supplying sufficient to support and educate her child; good references. Address Mrs. E. SPEAR, Box No. 126 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, as chambermaid and take care of children or chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has the best of City references from her last place, where she has lived nearly four years. Call to see her for five days from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M., at her present employer's, No. 231 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as chambermaid and waiter; would assist with the sewing and trimming of ladies' dresses; she thoroughly understands her business; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 130 West 32d-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR TWO GIRLS IN private families, as cook and chambermaid in country or City; competent cooks (Protestant and Catholic), chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, &c., &c.; also, colored girl for nurse, &c. SAUNDERS, No. 336 6th-av., corner of 24th-st.

WANTED—A HOME, IN A PROTESTANT FAMILY, as nursery governess, lady's companion; would assist in housekeeping, or any other employment not unbecoming; would like to travel for the Summer. Inquire immediately. Address Miss W., Station F, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT cook; is a good baker, would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing, if required; has the best of City references. Apply for two days, at No. 120 West 15th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman as nurse; is a good sewer, and dressmaker; good references from her last place. Can be seen three days at No. 6 West 14th-st. Call as the business door after 9 o'clock.

WANTED—A YOUNG GERMAN WOMAN OF excellent character, and speaking English, desires a situation to go to Europe with a lady or single lady or family; is a good nurse and dressmaker; understands cutting and fitting children's clothing; would be willing, if required, to assist in the care of them. Call at No. 154, 24th-st., between Lexington and 3d ave.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children; is willing to go into the country; good references. Call for two days at No. 456 M-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG women, one as first class waitress, and the other as dressmaker in a private family; are willing to go to the country for the summer months; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 223 9th-st., near 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress, or assistant, country preferred, by a competent, young woman; has Protestant City references. Call at No. 20 East 27th-st., between 3d and 4th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl to take care of children and do plain sewing; is willing and obliging. Apply at her present employer's, No. 4 West 15th-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid or to sew; or would accept work at home; is a good sewer; has no family, or would prefer to go out of the City. Address G. CARLSON, Station C, Post-office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, as chambermaid and to sew, or as chambermaid and to assist with the washing; is willing and willing; good references. Call until noon at No. [illegible] East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as chambermaid and to sew, or as chambermaid and to assist with the washing; is willing and willing; good references. Call until noon at No. [illegible] East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, as nursemaid, or chambermaid, or nursemaid; understands all kinds of family sewing, by hand or machine; good City references. Call for two days, at No. [illegible] Fifth-st., in the store.

WANTED—A WELL-RECOMMENDED WOMAN desires a situation as dress maker or as nurse or for general work in City or country; is an excellent cook and baker, first-rate washer and ironer. Call at 275 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH CHAMBERMAID, a situation in the City or country; or as regular waitress; takes charge of the silver and dining-room; wages, $4. Call at No. 103 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A TIDY WOMAN, WITH EXcellent City references, a situation as cook; and to assist with the washing; an excellent baker; wages, $10 by week. Call at No. 109 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant girl as good cook, washer and ironer; good City references given. Call at No. 209 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR CHAMBERWORK and taking care of children, or the housework of a small family; good City references. Call at No. 13 Union-court, off Seventh-st., near 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS nurse; is an excellent seamstress; has no objection to go out of the City; has the best of City references. Call at No. 15 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NAT AND honest girl as chambermaid; she knows how to sew and dress hair; has the best of City references; would prefer to go out of the City; wages, $4 per week. Address E. C., Box No. 154 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NAT AND honest girl as chambermaid; she knows how to sew and dress hair; has the best of City references; would prefer to go out of the City; wages, $4 per week. Address E. C., Box No. 154 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS nurse; is an excellent seamstress; has no objection to go out of the City; has the best of City references. Call at No. 15 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, OR capable of taking care of a gentleman's place; good City references from his present employer. Address W., Box No. 127 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER, cashier or general clerk, by an experienced business man; is an experienced young man, who can give A 1 references. Address ASSISTANT, care of Mercantile Agency, No. 308 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man who thoroughly understands his business and can carry good City references. Call or address, for two days, T. F. smith, No. 32 Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A COLORED MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; understands his business perfectly; can give City references. Address J. S., Box No. 111 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN OF RESPECTABILITY, a situation in a store to make himself generally useful; he speaks English, French and German. Address L., Box No. 143 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE MAN, a situation as a waiter; he fully understands it in every respect; is a good and industrious. Address G., Box No. 120 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady young man; has good and unexceptionable references. Apply at No. 52 Vesey-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a thoroughly understands his business; has the best references. Address C. M., Box No. 109 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as porter or clerk; can give good City references. Call at No. 64 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIvate family; would assist in the washing and ironing; good City references. Call at No. 47 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as chambermaid and waiter; has the best of City references. Call at No. 64 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIvate family; would assist in the washing and ironing; good City references. Call at No. 47 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young man as chambermaid and waiter; has the best of City references. Call at No. 64 East 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress. Call for two days at No. 118 West 11th-st.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, (FORMERLY with Mrs. Stevens,) No. 17 Bleecker-st., between Broadway and Mercer-st., may be obtained at any time, a good cook, that speaks French; also, housekeepers, good nurses, first-class cooks, cooks to whom housekeepers can trust all work, girls fitted for hotel, also chambermaids.

A FAMILY OF WEALTH, ABOUT TO LEAVE for some months or a year, and wishing the service of a good cook, washer and ironer, would find it to their interest to address Box No. 1,000 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR CHAMBERWORK and taking care of children, or the housework of a small family; good City references. Call at No. 13 Union-court, off Seventh-st., near 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS nurse; is an excellent seamstress; has no objection to go out of the City; has the best of City references. Call at No. 15 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NAT AND honest girl as chambermaid; she knows how to sew and dress hair; has the best of City references; would prefer to go out of the City; wages, $4 per week. Address E. C., Box No. 154 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NAT AND honest girl as chambermaid; she knows how to sew and dress hair; has the best of City references; would prefer to go out of the City; wages, $4 per week. Address E. C., Box No. 154 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS nurse; is an excellent seamstress; has no objection to go out of the City; has the best of City references. Call at No. 15 West 13th-st

AUCTION SALES.

MESSRS. SEATES AUCTIONEERS SALE.
J. B. SEATES, AUCTIONEER.
SATURDAY, APRIL 30,
At 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 18 Columbia, between Water and Cherry-sts., Brooklyn.
LARGE SALE OF SUPERIOR FURNITURE, of the very best manufacture, as good as new, consisting of rosewood parlor suites, gilt pieces, in blue and gold; marble top and ebony ornamented reception chairs, centre tables, rich blue and gold silk damask window curtains, French mantel clocks, rich velvet and Brussels carpets, large marble vases, china, glass, silver-plated ware, with kitchen furniture.
SAME DAY,
At 4 o'clock A. M., at 54 Cliff-st., near Maiden-la., Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture.
SAME DAY,
At 2 o'clock P. M., at the corner of Fulton-av. and Bond-st.
EXECUTOR'S SALE—Large assortment of handsome rosewood, mahogany and walnut parlor and chamber furniture, oak ticks and extension tables, rich Wilton, Brussels and Ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, excellent mattresses and feather beds, pier glass, paintings and engravings, French mantel clock, marble vases, secretary bookcases, with kitchen furniture, all in excellent order.
J. B. SEATES, Auctioneer.

BY J. E. HALSEY & CO.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
We will sell on
SATURDAY, APRIL 30,
at 10½ o'clock, on the premises,
NO. 425 FOURTH-ST.,
between the 2d and 3d avs., a general assortment of household furniture, being the entire balance of stock of a party
DECLINING HOUSEKEEPING,
Comprising kitchen, bedroom, dining-room and parlor furniture, crockery, lace curtains, French plate mirrors, tapestry, Brussels and three-ply carpets, oilcloths, fine mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, hair mattresses, bolsters, pillows, dressing bureaus, oak chairs, china dinner and tea sets, cutlery and plated ware, household and kitchen furniture, &c., a portion of which we would call the particular attention of dealers, families and others, as the entire lot is to be sold without reserve, and must be cleared immediately After sale. Catalogues on the premises early morning of sale.

Van Winkle & Winans, Auctioneers.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
VAN WINKLE & WINANS will sell on FRIDAY, April 29, 1864, at 10½ A. M., all the furniture contained in the brown-stone house No. 47 East 20th-st., the property of a family who have removed from the City. The furniture is nearly new, and is of unusually beautiful pattern, of the most fashionable kind, consisting in part of elegantly carved rosewood parlor suits, in crimson and gold satin; marble top dressing bureaus, marble top washstands, solid oak counter extension dining tables, hair and spring mattresses, fine Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, &c., and a large assortment of valuable kitchen utensils, glass, china and glassware, also, a lot of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.
VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 14 Pine-st.

A. Journeay, Auctioneer.—Office No. 4 Pine-st.
SALE OF FIRST-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
A. JOURNEAY will sell on SATURDAY, April 30, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the residence No. 48 West 47th-st., the entire contents of above house, comprising a large and varied assortment of rich household furniture—PARLOR DINING-ROOM AND BEDROOM FURNITURE IN ROSEWOOD, WALNUT AND OAK. Also, A LINE OF VALUABLE OIL-PAINTINGS.

A. Journeay, Auctioneer.—Office No. 4 Pine-st.
SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
A. JOURNEAY will sell on FRIDAY, April 29, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the residence No. 162 2d-av., the entire contents of above house, consisting in part of Brussels carpeting, oak extension dining tables, French plate pier mirrors, rosewood parlor suites in plush and hair-cloth, rosewood and mahogany chamber furniture, &c., &c.

Henry H. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL
At auction on SATURDAY, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 162 West 26th-st., HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood furniture, rosewood marble-top side and centre tables, damask and lace curtains, carved rosewood parlor suites in crimson plush, rosewood marble-top dressing bureaus, rosewood marble-top washstands, hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, blankets, comforters and sheets, window shades, curtains and cornices, fine oil paintings, secretary and library bookcases, China vases, Wilkinson's straw mattresses, cane chairs and rockers, cottage chamber, dining-room and kitchen furniture, plated ware, castors, &c. To be peremptorily sold, and worthy the attention of housekeepers and the trade. Descriptive catalogues ready day before sale.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.
LARGE SALE OF CONDEMNED STORES
BY AUCTION BY ORDER OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.—M. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 3, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn:
PROVISIONS—Bread, beef, pork, flour, rice, dried apples, pickles, oil, coffee, butter, beans, molasses, vinegar, whisky, preserved meat.
CLOTHING—Round jackets, cloth and satinet trowsers, sheeting, frocks, overshirts, drawers, yards of satinet, flannel, sheeting, canvas duck, tarpaulin, calf and kip shoes, sacks, mattresses, blankets, seamless coats and caps, pilot cloth.
SMALL STORES—Tobacco, soap, thread, black tape, hand-cards, thimbles, razor strops, shaving boxes and brushes, scrub-brushes, large, small and medium buttons, fine combs, mess pans and kettles, mustard, pepper, baking forks, can openers.
List at No. 3 Pine-st.

Morris Wilkins, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Mirrors, fine Chickering piano-forte, chandeliers, china ornaments, Brussels carpets, &c. HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 29, 1864, at 10 o'clock, at the residence No. 122 4th-st., near West 16th-st., the entire furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of elaborately-carved rosewood parlor suite, eleven pieces, in crimson and gold satin; heavily carved rosewood étagere, marble top; centre and fancy tables, fine French plate pier glasses, silk damask and lace curtains, carved rosewood and walnut bedsteads, hair mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, straw palliasses, elegant rosewood and mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, china, crockery and glassware.

Henry H. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL
At auction on FRIDAY, April 29, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 314 Henry-st., above Clinton-st., GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Brussels carpets, black walnut and mahogany parlor suites, marble top centre tables, chairs, card-tables, book cases and bookcases, oak extension table, chairs, china and glass-ware, black walnut bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, mahogany do., mattresses, pillows and bedding and other furniture. Particulars in catalogue. Commence with kitchen ware.

"THE PEN IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD."
THE GOLD PEN—THE BEST OF ALL PENS.
MORTON'S GOLD PENS,
THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.
On receipt of any of the following sums in Cash, the manufacturer will send by return mail, or other vehicle, as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens—selecting the same according to descriptions given:
GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.
For 25 cents, the Magic Pen; for 50 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 75 cents, the Always-Ready Pen; for 78 cents, the Elegant Pen; and for $1, the Excelsior Pen. These Pens are not numbered, but correspond in size to Numbers 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively.
THE SAME PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.
For 50 cents, the Magic Pen; for 75 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 81, the Always-Ready Pen; for $1 25, the Elegant Pen, and for $1 50, the Excelsior Pen.
Gold Pens, in Ebony Holders, having Gold Pens, with Iridomnia Points, the average wear of every one of which will be equal to a gross of the best Steel Pens, although they are unwarranted, and, therefore, not exchangeable.
MORTON'S WARRANTED PENS.
The names "A. Morton," "Number" and "Quality," are stamped on the following Pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident.
Medium points are best for ordinary writing; the smallest, No. 5 the largest, adapted for the pocket; No. 4 the smallest, and No. 10 the largest Mammoth Gold Pen, for the desk.
Long and medium Nibs of all sizes and qualities. Short Nibs of Numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, and made only of first quality.
The Long and Short Nibs are fine pointed; the Medium Nibs are broad, coarse business points. The engravings are for similar of the sizes and styles.
GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.
For $0 75 is No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 2 Pen, 2d quality.
For $1 is No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality.
For $1 25 is No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 50 is No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 75 is No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $2 is No. 6 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 7 Pen, 2d quality.
For $2 50 is No. 7 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 8 Pen, 2d quality.
For $3 is No. 8 Pen, 1st quality.
THE SAME GOLD PENS, IN SILVER EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.
For $1 25 is No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 2 Pen, 2d quality.
For $1 50 is No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality.
For $1 75 is No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 is No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 25 is No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $2 50 is No. 6 Pen, 1st quality.
GOLD PENS, ALL FIRST QUALITY, IN SILVER-MOUNTED EBONY HOLDERS.
For $2 00 is No. 1 Pen; for $2 25 is No. 2 Pen; for $2 50 is No. 3 Pen; for $3 is No. 4 Pen; for $3 50 is No. 5 Pen.
For $4 is No. 6 Pen; for $5 is No. 7 Pen; and for $6 is No. 10 Pen.
The "1st Quality" are pointed with the very best Iridium Points, warranted perfect, and none of this quality are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.
The "2d Quality" are superior to any Pens made by him previous to operating in New and Patented Machinery, he could not have made as Good Writing and Durable Pens for the price, had the Gold been furnished gratuitously.
Parties ordering, must in all instances specify the "Name" or the "Number" and "Quality" of the Pens wanted, and in particular to describe the kind they prefer—whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.
All remittances must by mail in registered letters are at my risk; and to all who send twenty cents (charge of registering,) in addition to the price of goods ordered, will guarantee their safe delivery.
Parties sending Gold or Silver will be allowed the full premium on the day received.
TO CLUBS.—A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $12, of 15 per cent. on $24, and of 20 per cent. on $40, if sent to one address at one time.
Address,
A. MORTON,
No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, NEW-YORK.

GAS FIXTURES.
STEPHEN PHILBIN, No. 107 Broadway, above 4th-st., has on hand a splendid assortment of newest styles, which he offers at very low rates. Parties in want of such articles would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

READY ROOFING
As desirable as tin or shingles, and at half the cost. Samples and circulars sent free.
READY ROOFING COMPANY,
No. 73 Maiden-lane, New-York.

FOR SALE.

AT NORTH NEW-YORK.
FOR SALE—At low and private terms, undesirable lives and very large lots, in connection; great view, Harlem River, Bronx, Long Island Sound, and ocean; surrounded with those in New-York proper, all graded and ready for improvement; in every respect the most desirable property for sale; and I have agent office for sale in three separate lots; graded streets; school, good water, gas, and a horse railroad along the westerly side of the property. Inquire of T. RAE, at the Land office on the premises, corner of 155th-st.

SALE OF LANDS AND PROPERTY OF THE FOX AND WISCONSIN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, IN STATE OF WISCONSIN.—Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned, under and in pursuance of the deed of trust, dated 1st January, 1864, of the Fox and Wisconsin Improvement Company to them, and of the judgment of sale rendered by the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin, in an action, in which the undersigned are plaintiffs and the said Company and Abraham D. Clark, mortgagee, are defendants, made on the 4th day of April, 1864, will offer for public sale, on THURSDAY, the 5th day of MAY, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of the Fox and Wisconsin Improvement Company, in the village of Appleton, Outagamie County, in the State of Wisconsin, all the said lands, rights, interests and claims, dams, locks, canals, water power, works of improvement and appurtenances, rights, privileges and franchises belonging to said Company and connected with said improvement, including about four hundred thousand acres of land, situated in various counties in the State of Wisconsin.
For particulars of the terms and conditions of sale, and of property to be sold, reference is made to the notice of sale published in the State papers of Wisconsin, a copy of which may be seen at the office of the Company, room No. —, Trinity Buildings, New-York, or of the Trustees.
MOSES M. DAVIS, Appleton, Wisconsin.
ALEXANDER SPAULDING,
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.
CHARLES BUTLER,
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.
April 19, 1864. Trustees.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 874 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 20 miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access and surrounded by highly improved farms; worth from $40 to $50 per acre. This lot is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar lot in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or well located Western lands at cash prices. W. L. BARNES, No. 300 Broadway, third floor, rear.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM, COMPLETELY furnished, for sale or exchange.—Nearly 100 acres on the Sound, within 2 miles of Harlem. The improvements on the shore front alone cost over $10,000. There are orchard of 1,000 peach trees, and 1,000 other fruit trees. It will be in great request when the Shore Line Railroad is built. Stock can be purchased from this estate to swamp the whole amount now asked for the property, leaving the entire farm free. Title clear; all taxes paid; improvements, free of cost, to the purchaser. Apply to WARD McALLAT, 346 Field & Leland, No. 17 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A handsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, 1½ miles from railroad depot. On the premises are a double house, with kitchen wing attached, furnished with hot-air furnace, bath-room, range, &c.; a large barn, with cellar, poultry-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings. All buildings new and in good order. The garden, fruit and shade trees are extensive and in vigorous growth, bounded by water on one side. Apply on the premises, to J. N. HOLLAND, or to ROMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

FARMS AND COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE.—In and near the village of Madison, Morris County, New-Jersey, 1 good farm; farmers not to be excelled within the state; located within 30 minutes walk of the railroad depot; three farms are in all acres up to 300 acres; 1 large country seat; 1 do. do. farm; worthy the attention of those who are in want of good farms; also, house and lot, building sites, &c. Inquire of E. D. HUNTING, Waverly House, Madison.

FOR SALE—THE MANSION HOUSE AT ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—This popular hotel, situated on Pennsylvania-av., with the furniture, will be sold on accommodating terms; the house is well furnished throughout with every convenience and comfort, and altogether is one of the best hotels on the Atlantic coast, and affords a splendid opportunity for an enterprising man to make money. Apply to
B. F. GLENN, No. 128 South 4th-st., Philadelphia.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS DESIROUS OF CHANGING LOCATION OR STARTING ANEW.—Your attention is called to Elizabeth, New-Jersey, as being the best point near New-York, on account of the low cost of coal, iron and lumber; low rates and offering all the advantages of the City. Place contains 10,000 inhabitants, besides those where Lots for sale on very favorable terms. For particulars apply to COOLEY & HEDRITER, Agents, Elizabeth, or E. R. KELLOGG, 120 Pearl-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—SIXTY ACRES IOWA LANDS OF THE Dubuque and Pacific grant, lying between Fort Dodge and the Mississippi River. A premium was paid for the privilege of selecting these lands. They are of the best quality, and adjacent to the Dubuque and Pacific Road. To buyers, or others wishing to emigrate West, they will be sold for approved securities, on very favorable terms and on long time, or will be exchanged for first-class property near New-York.
W. L. BARNES, Agent, No. 300 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A SUMMER HOTEL and 30 acres of land on the east Bank of the Passaic River, 1½ miles from the Dolling Spring Station on the New-York and Erie Railroad. Hotel contains 30 sleeping rooms, 3 large parlors, kitchen and servants' rooms, and 16 bed-rooms; large barns and stables, and ice-house; large garden and orchard on the premises. Rent $600 per annum, and taxes for three years. Apply to E. C. EMBREE, No. 67 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT YONKERS, A THREE-STORY house with 11 rooms, bath-room, gas, and all other modern conveniences, together with 3 first-class building lots, fronting on Warburton-av., within three minutes walk of the depot and steamboat landing; a very desirable residence for a person doing business in New-York. Apply to B. A. STARR, Yonkers, or at the office of JAMES H. DRAKE & CO., No. 25 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT AT RIVERDALE, on the Hudson, 14 miles from Chambers-st., half mile from depot; eight acres, dark ground, beautiful views, fine trees and shrubbery, fine orchard, variety of fruits, invaluable garden; fine stream of water running through, perfectly healthy, neighborhood unexceptionable; smart double lodgings and cottage; house large and handsome, bath-room, furnace, gas, &c. Apply to WILLIAM H. DUER, No. 101 Broadway.

AT CORNWALL ON THE HUDSON.—FOR sale or to let, a large brick mansion, water throughout, with fourteen acres of land, choice fruits and fine shade trees. Location near the water, and views north of the Hudson, unsurpassed. Rental 1 year, or 3 years, also, by Hudson River Railroad. For particulars, inquire of S. C. GILLIS, Cornwall, N. Y., or of A. J. ROE, No. 39 Pine-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE—IN GREENWICH, Conn., with five to six acres of land, covered with fruit and shade trees, and having about five hundred feet of water front, with conveniences for salt-water bathing and boating. The house, stables and out buildings are large, in good condition, and in good order, and very valuable for a large family. Apply on the premises, or to S. S. TIFFANY, No. 2 Park-place.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—IN FAIRFIELD, Conn., a modern house, containing 14 rooms, of gently elevated site, upon a plot of two acres, with trees and shrubbery well advanced, near the centre of the village, and within five minutes walk of the railroad depot. Price, cash, $4,000; per annum. Apply to M. W. LYON, No. 626 Broadway.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The entire block on 1st-av., running from 63d to 64th, and formerly occupied by the Shaw and Ellis establishment of Adams, Bigelow & Co., for sale on favorable terms. Apply to ALLAN HAY, No. 43 Broad-st., or to Messrs. A. H. MULLER, F. M. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE, AT FAIRFIELD, CONN.—IN the centre of the village, five minutes' walk from the depot, a desirable country residence, barn and two acres of land, with fruit trees, shrubbery, &c., well advanced; excellent well of water close by. In good order; price $4,000. Apply to COLVINES, Jr., Comptroller's Office, New-York, or to MORRIS G. BEATS, Fairfield.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO RENT AT HORSEHEAD.—Beautifully furnished and beautifully situated, directly on Schooley's Mountains; house 60x70 feet, three stories; contains 14 rooms, bath-room, barn, carriage-house, stables, all in best of order; possession June 1, 1864. Apply to R. H. LUDLOW & CO., 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT OF THE LATE J. R. Paulding, at Hyde Park, for sale; one of the most beautiful on the Hudson River; about 40 acres; house in excellent order, two cottages and spacious outbuildings. For further particulars apply to J. GREEN PEARSON, No. 3 Wall-st., or to J. HAULDING, No. 20 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seat and farm to let for the season; or price by HENRY H. BLACKWELL, No. 2 Wilson-st., New-York, 8 to 10 A. M., or No. 6 Maiden-la., Orange, 7 to 9 P. M.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY PLACE, SITUATED at Vernon Valley, Sussex County, N. J., about one hour from City by railroad; consisting of house, barn, stable, &c.; 18 acres land, part wood, near a lake, perfectly healthy; house has nine rooms.
COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.—No. 2 Lamartine-place, 20th-st., between 6th and 7th-avs.; large gardens in front; and the block is one of the pleasantest in the City; the furniture will be sold with the house if wanted. Apply on the premises, or to R. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE ELEGANT mansion on the East River, corner 83d-st.; has all the modern improvements; fine river frontage, with from 10 to 20 lots of ground; the most desirable location on the East River. Possession can be had at once. Apply to E. T. IRELAND, No. 61 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK house No. 117 Clermont-av., Brooklyn; has every modern improvement, sanitary, marble mantels, medallion paper on parlor walls; neighborhood first-rate; price $7,000; terms easy. Apply on the premises or to CHAS. MOTT, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET AT WHITE PLAINS.—A double two-story and attic frame house, with one acre of land, carriage-house, stable, fine garden, fruit, &c. Ten minutes' walk from railroad depot. Apply to E. D. LITTELL & CO., No. 116 Water-st.

FOR SALE AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—A snug gothic cottage, 8 rooms, ½ acre of land, 10 minutes' walk from depot; price $3,200; possession given immediately. DILLENBECK & BARNES, 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FULL-SIZED four-story houses; Broadway and 34th-av., near 34th-st.; now let and paying large interest. Terms easy. Address W. M., Madison-square Post-office.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ONE HUNDRED acres, near English Neighborhood, New-Jersey; and near the railroad depot. For particulars, apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE IN LOUISIANA.
W. E. BUNNELL, office No. 16 Carondelet-st., New-Orleans, agent for the purchase and sale of sugar and cotton plantations in Louisiana, and real estate in the City of New-Orleans.
The unexhausted nature of the alluvial soil of Louisiana, with the present and long anticipated high prices of cotton and sugar, presents great inducements for the capitalist to invest in these Louisiana plantations. Meanwhile, the enhanced value of the real estate of the city offers daily opportunities for profitable investments. Refer to Francis S. Bunn, Esq., Wm. C. Alexander, Esq., and Robert L. Cisco, Esq., New-York.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—FINE MODERN residence, 17 rooms, water, bath, gas fixtures, furniture complete; five acres choice land, great abundance of fruit, fine shade evergreens, lawn, &c. For sale at a bargain.
Also, two modern residences, 14 rooms and outbuildings, large lot, 30 acres, excellent land, fruit, shade, &c., in abundance; beautifully situated, high ground, near village and depot, 13 miles from City. For sale low, or exchange in part.
A large gothic residence, Italian style, outbuildings corresponding, 3 or 75 acres of land, nicely fruited, shaded, and grounds finely laid out; easily accessible from City Hall. Westerly exposure, fine view. Apply to
W. F. SEYMOUR, No. 146 Broadway.

$5,000.—FOR SALE OR RISING GROUND in New-Jersey, house, two stories, with twenty extensions, with barn and stable, well built and pleasantly located; 3½ acres well out in garden and lawn, filled with large fruit and shade trees; thousands of grape and other vines; one hour from the City; eight minutes from depot. Horse, wagon, rockaway, harness, tools, &c., all will be sold, on very easy terms if taken immediately. Apply to A. J. ADAMS, No. 404 West 16th-st., New-York, or No. 40 East Green-place, Brooklyn.

TWO FARMS FOR SALE—ON THE LINE of the Harlem Railroad, one hours from the City; one, containing 50 acres, about 8½ miles from Mount Kisco; small house and good barn; the other, containing 40 acres, two miles from Kensico Station, with house nearly new, and barn. Both farms are well adapted for raising cattle, and would make good milk farms. They will be sold low. Terms easy. Apply to E. G. STARR, No. 61 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY house, furnished, on Murray Hill, between Madison and Park-avs., second throughout; also, a few carriage horses, harness, wagons, new carriages, sleigh, &c.; the whole establishment is in excellent order, and will be sold low; terms to suit. Apply to WILLIAM KENNELLY, Sheriff's Auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE FOR $7,500—A BARGAIN—A new brown-stone house on 46th-st., north side, near 3d-av.; neighborhood improvements; nearly new, very complete; all modern; with all the latest improvements; 3 stories, cellar, and attic; built to the order of the owner; size of house, 20x42 feet; lot, 18 feet 4 inches. Terms liberal. Apply to W. F. HURT, No. 32 3d-av., opposite Cooper Institute.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THREE NEW first-class three-story, brown-stone, modern and substantial dwellings, with all the latest improvements, including hot and cold water, gas, furnaces, &c.; situated on Carlton-av., between DeKalb-av. and Fort Greene Park. Inquire on the premises, or of J. KIRBY, Builder, Gates-av., near Washington-av.

HANDSOME COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE AT CLIFTON.—Cottage and 10 acres only 15 minutes from Hoboken; commands about 20 miles of water; fine views, both sea and inland; good garden, stable and outbuildings; location high and healthy; will sell for a bonus of large or small private mortgage. Apply to
E. R. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT ELIZABETH, N. J., a desirable first-class residence, with gardens, fine fruit, &c., situated on Broad-st. Hill, within five minutes walk of depot, with gas, water-closet, bathroom, furnace, &c.; all in fine condition; contains 12 rooms, and good cellar and attic. Apply to A. D. MURPHY, No. 211 Broad-st., Elizabeth, N. J., or to the premises.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME COUNTRY RESIdence situated in Poughkeepsie, hot-house on one side, containing between three and four acres divided into lawn and garden. Apply to J. S. GEORGE, Bank of Poughkeepsie.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 101 Franklin-st.; lot 25 feet by 100. The building is substantial, and it could be advantageously altered into a store. A large portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises, or to E. MEIGS, Jr., No. 38 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT Greenwich gambrel-roof, three-story, brick house, northwest corner of 34th-st. and Hudson-st., a bank or public institution, or for further improvements, offers superior advantages for business. Price, inquire of W. F. SEEWARD, No. 343 Greenwich-st., or No. 404 Broadway.

$2,200—FOR SALE, ON EASY TERMS, A cottage in Newtown, L. I., within a dozen miles daily on New-York and Flushing Railroad; time 40 minutes to City; 12 rooms, good well, cistern, pump, fruit trees, &c. Apply to H. WORTHINGTON, Flushing.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—IN THE Rockaway Railroad, about 1 hour's ride from New-York. A desirable place, in every respect. For further particulars, apply to HOWE & DOUVIER, No. 194 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE, AT HUNTINGTON, L. I.—THE residence of the late H. H. Weir; very fashionable; 40 feet wide on Main-st., containing about 2 acres; also, 40 feet wide on Anderson-st.; containing about 2 acres; also, fruit, evergreens, &c. Apply to JOHN J. WELLS, Huntington, New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND FORTY Acres of garden land, fine large house, all in perfect order, 15 miles to New-York; fruit and ornamental trees; particulars, inquire at TAYLOR'S carriage repository, No. 86 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—A COTTAGE house and about two acres of land, finely located, in Llewellyn Park, Orange, N. J. The house is filled in with brick, heated by water furnace, has gas, &c., is furnished and very healthy location. Apply on the premises, Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—VACANT LOTS NEAR THE CATHedral Ferry, in Brooklyn, very desirable for immediate improvement; the Hospital contiguous. Also, 2 houses, 2 stores, Nos. 1 and 3 Ferry-st., Brooklyn. Apply to B. C. HITCHINGS, Executor, No. 38 Pine-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON 49TH-ST., NEAR Columbia College, between 4th and Lexington-avs. Also, three lots on 21st-st., in Newark, N. J. Inquire of JOHN F. HAYS, No. 17 Beekman-st., or No. 49 East 49th-st.

ELEGANT THREE-STORY BRICK Residence, all modern improvements, fine garden, vineyard and grapery; contiguous to all the ferries in Williamsburgh; by sale cheap, and on easy terms. H. COCKCROFT, No. 6 South 7th-st., Corn DRIFTER.

A GREAT CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN.—A very desirable dwelling-house for sale very cheap; furniture (which is of first quality) will also be sold if desired; 14 chamber rooms, 3 parlors, 2 kitchens, 2 bath-rooms. Inquire of A. E. DAVENPORT, Real Estate Agent, No. 24 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—AT ESSEX, CONN., A COUNTRY Seat, consisting of about nine acres of land, well laid out; fruit and shade trees, &c.; house large and commodious, 40x60 feet, with piazzas all around; fine view of the Connecticut River and valley. Apply to
ROMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, THE FOUR-story brown-stone house, No. 5 W. 40th-st., with all the modern improvements; lot 25 feet by 100 feet; house 50 feet by 55 feet. Apply to the owner on the premises, or to No. 120 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE—BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSE, No. 27 East 20th-st. Apply, before half past 9 A. M., at house, or before 4 P. M., at No. 1 Broadway, S. S. STRANG.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT, a dwelling pleasantly located, only five minutes walk from the depot; 11 rooms, with closets in abundance. Price $4,500. W. C. BUTLER, No. 39 Dey-st.

FIFTH-AVENUE AND MURRAY HILL—House No. 641 (now No. 450) for sale or to let, furnished.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE No. 214 West 47th-st., near Broadway. Inquire on the premises from 10 to 4 o'clock; possession immediately.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.—WANTED, to rent for one or five months, a lovely, furnished house, well furnished; location, within three miles of the City, and of easy access; possession, with reasonable garden and all other conveniences. Apply or note to E. V. CRATER, No. 41 Scott-st.

WANTED TO RENT—A COTTAGE, WITH TWO or three rooms, or two rooms in the house with a responsible American family, by a widow lady and her son, eight years old, from five to ten miles in the country, or in a village near some railroad leading to New-York City. Address, for 3 days, stating terms, E. A. H., Box No. 170 Times Office.

WANTED TO HIRE—A PLACE IN THE COUNtry, with 3 or 4 acres of land, and a house suitable for a gentleman's family of five persons, within one hour's ride of New-York; some rent to be memorized. Address R. J. SPINE, No. 5 Beekman-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, WITHOUT children, desire to secure a pleasantly furnished house in Brooklyn—the Heights preferred—on a lease of from one to five years. Satisfactory references given. Address F., Box No. 4,343 New-York Post-office.

A ONE OR TWO-ACRE LOT, WITHIN 50 miles of New-York, with a small plain and low-priced house wanted for cash. Location accessible by steamer. Address H. A. M., Box No. 3,910, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—DESK ROOM OR PART OF AN OFfice, in the neighborhood of Wall, Broad or Front-sts. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 2,007 Post-office.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
TWELFTH AND GIRARD-STS.,
PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1864.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of May next, for supplying the Schuylkill Arsenal with the following articles:
Army Blankets, wool, gray, (with the letter U. S. in black, 4 inches long in the centre,) to be seven feet long, five feet six inches wide; to weigh five pounds each.
3d Center Planks.
1-4 Gray Twilled Flannel.
White Wool Cotton, No. 30 or 32.
Samples of all the above articles will be required.
Bidders must state in their proposals the prices, which must be given in sterling, as well as in figures; also, the quantity bid for, and time of delivery.
Bids from responsible contractors only will not be considered.
Blank forms for proposals can be had upon application at this office.
Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Supplies," stating the particular article bid for.
G. H. GROSMAN,
Asst. Quartermaster Gen. U. S. Army.

TO LET.

STORES AND BASEMENTS
Corner of Broadway and Grand-st.
Inquire at the engineer's office, No. 195 Wallen-st.

BROAD-STREET PROPERTY TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—Three stores, in a block of three, the spacious three-story corner store, 75 feet Broad-st., running through to and including 16 feet Pine-st. The corner is built to order for a fine high basement, equally as fine and spacious as the middle of the building, a sky-light about 14 feet wide by 75 feet long from top to bottom; and being the finest Broad-st. and Pine-st. site on New-st. This property can be had on a long lease for good money. The corner is probably the most eligible for alteration into offices of any in the vicinity of the new Stock Exchange. Inquire of Board, room to be erected at No. 15 Broad-st. For length of lease, price per annum, &c., &c., apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, A FURNISHED cottage in the country, 18 miles from New-York, on the East River; half a mile from New-Haven depot; is one of the most desirable sites for a country residence of any of the City. The cottage has parlor, dining-room, kitchen and four bedrooms; a stable, gardener's room, large carriage, cart, harness, cow, hens, and a good garden with all sorts of fruit. Rent moderate. The party will have to keep the premises in order at their own expense. Inquire of E. G. MULKLEY, Jackson-street, Wall-st., New-York.

AT WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—A SHORT drive above Central Park, to let or for sale, a fashionable house, containing 18 large airy rooms, gas, and one acre of land, beautifully shaded, fruit, large vegetable garden, fine view of Harlem River, Long Island Sound, Bronx, boating, fishing, good stable; the furniture placed entirely new; terms, cash, or one-third down, balance in pieces for accommodating; access, 45 minutes by cars, seven minutes from horses, stage and boat every hour. Will rent for six months or year to a suitable family only. Apply at No. 61 Broadway.

FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE.—Two-story and attic frame dwelling, double piazza around two sides, thirteen rooms, cellar and garret, completely furnished; stable for 4 horses on the west side of the Hudson, 40 minutes from City Hall; 1½ acres of land, ample shade, large orchard, cow, poultry, of the best quality; water, good cooking and drinking water, pump; of the finest, good location and healthy; price moderate. Immediate possession. Apply to MR. GEORGE CLINEKET, No. 41 Broadway.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A COTTAGE, OR Farmer's-st., Staten Island, a splendid and commodious brick cottage; the house is 40 feet front by 40 feet deep, and contains 10 rooms, with spring water in the basement and second story, water closet, &c.; having about 1½ acres of ground laid out in lawn and garden, and a large stable. Apply to E. BENEDICT, Office of Rockaway Sun, 5 Ann-st., No. 40 Rockaway-place.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A NEW house, never occupied, very ready, delightfully situated, in an area of 40 acres, with rare variety of fruit trees, &c., in full bearing; 40 minutes from City; 2 miles from Rockaway Beach; 1½ miles from Far Rockaway; 1 mile from Lawrence; 1 mile from Inwood; 1 mile from Cedarhurst; 1 mile from Woodmere; 1 mile from Hewlett's; 1 mile from Mill Neck; 1 mile from Locust Grove; 1 mile from Oakw

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1864.

AMERICAN ART-UNION—Fifth Exhibition.
WINTER GARDEN—The Corsican.
BOWERY THEATRE—Our Wife—Lucrezia.
BURTON'S THEATRE—Ten Nights in a Bar-room.
BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Grand Arabian Giant, Female Giant, Giant Girl, Giant Boy, Two Beards, Moving War Figures, Infant Drummer, &c., &c., all hours; Pope or Cuzco's Cave; Harlequin, Comic Scenes and Tyrolean Whistler, 2 P. M. and 7½ P. M.
THE HYPOTHERATION—Hypothermanic Performances.
HOPE CHAPEL—The Stereoscopicon.
GALLERY (No. 563 Broadway)—Original Pictures by Living Artists.
COOPER INSTITUTE—Grand Concert—Magic Arc.
NO. 585 BROADWAY—Evenings of Music.
ART GALLERY (No. 536 Broadway)—Painting—Eve in the Bower of Eden.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The universal conviction that we are on the eve of important events in Virginia will probably be strengthened by the significant absence of definite intelligence from Gen. GRANT's army. The telegraph is permitted to tell as little more than that two Georgians, doubtless very worthy and reliable individuals, who left Augusta a fortnight back, report that the railroads had been entirely surrendered to the military authorities, who were hurrying forward every available soldier to strengthen Gen. Lee's army, in anticipation of the coming struggle. Gen. BURNSIDE is said to have expressed the opinion that most of the rebel troops recently operating in North Carolina, have left for Virginia. On Tuesday a considerable rebel cavalry force made its appearance near Fredericksburgh, as if entertaining an attempt on our part to occupy it; and on the same day, it is said, the rebels made efforts to sweep away several of our bridges by floating logs down the Rapidan.

The intelligence from Gen. BANKS' army, which was borne by a New-Orleans steamer, bringing dates from that place to April 18, is unexpectedly favorable. The *Era* confirms the previous report that the part of Admiral FOOTE's fleet which went up the Red River previous to the three days' battle, returned to Grand Ecore on the 12th. On their way down, the gunboats were obliged to run the gauntlet of a fourteen-gun rebel battery, but replied to the fire with such effect that they drove the rebels from their guns. The arrival of the fleet at Grand Ecore enabled Gen. BANKS to procure a supply of ammunition, of which he stood greatly in need, and the *Era* states that a portion of the army, at least, was then promptly pushed out toward the rebel position. Through the Western papers we learn that Gen. A. J. SMITH's Division had crossed the Red River not to march overland to Vicksburgh, as has been stated, but to establish communications with Gen. STEELE's army, which was supposed to be in the vicinity. Telegrams via Cairo represent the rebels we had some days since on the authority of prisoners taken at Pleasant Hill, that Gen. STEELE had captured Shreveport while Kirby SMITH was fighting BANKS. The repetition of this statement hardly makes it any more credible. Guerrillas throng the banks of the Red River, and fire upon all passing transports which are not protected by gunboats.

As an offset to the favorable reports from New-Orleans regarding the Red River Expedition, our Washington correspondent telegraphs that a letter from Admiral FOOTE represents among the losses in the recent battles 4,000 prisoners, 30 pieces of artillery, $1,000,000 in greenbacks, and a fine-class gunboat, the *Eastport*. Whether this vessel was destroyed or not the Admiral neglects to state.

A Norfolk letter states that Gen. GRAHAM, on the army gunboat *Chamberlain*, recently made a reconnoissance to the vicinity of Plymouth, which developed the fact that the rebels were there in strong force. A few hours previous to Gen. GRAHAM's visit, a flag-of-truce had endeavored to reach Plymouth, to inquire after our wounded, but all communication was refused. The painful statement regarding the butchery of the negroes and loyal North Carolinians is repeated.

Admiral LEE has transmitted to the Navy Department a detailed official report of the recent destruction of an extensive rebel salt manufactory upon the North Carolina coast.

Col. PHILLIPS sends word from Fort Gibson, Arkansas, that QUANTRELL, the guerrilla of infamous memory, crossed the Verdigris and Arkansas Rivers on the night of the 20th. To be forewarned is to be forearmed. The robber and murderer ought to be caught this time.

We have Richmond and Petersburgh papers as late as April 25. They are occupied largely with details of the recent rebel victories, which not wholly afford them the offer extravagant jubilation. The appearance of a fleet of gunboats in the Rappahannock River, twelve miles below Tappahannock, gives ground for the supposition, in the opinion of these journals, that this place or West Point is to be made a base of operations, and a telegram dated Orange Court-house, April 22, states that on that day "the enemy began moving up their rear preparatory to an advance." Gen. WIRT ADAMS claims to have repulsed 1,500 Federals near Moscheneville, Mississippi, and the fact that Joe JOHNSTON still has an army at Dalton is made apparent by the announcement that he reviewed his forces there on April 18. It is a noticeable fact that these papers editorially defend and warmly approve of Forrest's brutal butchery of the garrison of Fort Pillow.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, after the transaction of some unimportant business, Mr. FESSENDEN reported the House joint resolution, increasing the duties on foreign imports temporarily fifty per cent, with an amendment making the increase thirty-three and one-third per cent, and exempting goods in bond and in transit. A spirited debate followed the submission of this amendment, and, after considerable maneuvering, the House bill was finally passed without alteration by a vote of 30 to 6, whereupon the Senate adjourned.

In the House yesterday the Internal Revenue Bill occupied the larger part of the session. A spirited debate ensued upon a motion to tax the circulation of all other than National Banks one-fourth of one per cent. per month, but the amendment was finally adopted by the close vote of 62 to 51. An amendment was offered by Mr. FERNANDO WOOD repealing the act of March last, which imposes a tax upon liquors on hand; and Mr. WASHBURNE moved, as a substitute, to tax domestic liquors on hand fifty cents a gallon, with some restrictions. This amendment was adopted by 72 to 62. The consideration of the Tax Bill was interrupted by the reception of two brief Messages from Mr. LINCOLN—one inclosing an address from the people of East Tennessee, asking for redress. Without making any specific proposal, Mr. LINCOLN followed up argument, and again called attention to the vast importance of constructing a road along from Cincinnati to Knoxville. The other communication from the President had reference to the resolutions of inquiry regarding the military status of Gens. BLAIR and SCHENCK. The resignation of the former had been offered, but its acceptance had been held in abeyance, and he had now resumed the service. *Gen. Schenck stated that his resignation had been accepted, and he did not consider himself in the military service.* At the evening session, after some sparring between Gen. SCHENCK and FERNANDO WOOD regarding the propriety of calling for the correspondence in full regarding Gen. BLAIR's resignation, the House settled down to work again and passed the tax bill before adjournment by a vote of 103 to 32.

FOREIGN.

By the arrival of the *Champion* from Aspinwall April 16, we have some unimportant items of news from the Pacific coast. The Ecuadorian Congress was in session, and had received the message of President MORENO. The document urges with much persistence the approval of the concordat celebrated last year with the Pope of Rome. Senor CARVAJAL had been declared to be legally elected Vice-President of the Republic. MOSQUERA made his triumphal entry into Cartagena Feb. 29, and was received with enthusiastic demonstrations. Rumors from Cauca were to the effect that a movement, sanctioned by MOSQUERA, had been commenced against Gov. PAEZ, under the leadership of Gen. JOSE RAFAGUAS. In Panama everything was quiet. The *Panama Star* contradicts a rumor which had gained currency that the old United States ship *Falmouth*, which was sold last year at Aspinwall, had been put under the British flag, and fitted out as a pirate. The vessel in question is now engaged in the very innocent occupation of taking coal from this port to Aspinwall.

The London *Daily News* states as a well-authenticated rumor, that the *Attorney-General has* given an opinion that every registered shareholder in the Atlantic Trading Company (the great blockade-running scheme) will be guilty of misdemeanor under the Foreign Enlistment Act, which prohibits the equipping of transports to be used by belligerents.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Italian Consul-General in this City, Signor ANTONA DE LICHNARO, has received a letter from Capt. INOLA, of the frigate *Re Galantuomo*, announcing the gratifying intelligence of the safe arrival of that vessel at Terceira, one of the Azores. Capt. INOLA states that his vessel sustained fearful damage from the storm which prevailed shortly after her departure from this port, but fortunately not a single life was lost. The officers lost nearly all their clothing, and were compelled to endure great hardships until their arrival at Terceira, which was thirty-eight days after their departure from this port. Capt. INOLA endeavored to return to New-York, but, after a vain effort, was obliged to make for Terceira. Capt. INOLA further states that he hailed an American ship while his vessel was in distress, and asked for assistance, which was refused. The *Master of the Wheel*, to which Capt. INOLA probably refers, failed to afford the assistance asked for simply because the storm prevailing at the time made it utterly impossible for her to communicate with the frigate.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday. A preamble and resolution in regard to the recent raising of fares by the stage companies, and directing the Committee on Streets to consider and report upon the subject of selling franchises at auction for omnibus-routes, which shall not extend below Chambers-street, was adopted. The Comptroller was requested to report a list of the unpaid judgments on record against the City. A resolution to compel the James-slip and Hunter's Point Ferry Company to reduce their tariff of fares to the rates prescribed in the conditions of their lease, which is, that they shall not exceed those of the Peck-slip Ferry, (now discontinued,) was laid over. A resolution to donate to the Colored Orphans Asylum Association, the grounds whereon the buildings of the Institution were located that were destroyed by the mob last July, to be sold, and the proceeds used in the erection of other buildings for the asylum on the upper part of the island, was adopted. The site in question is very valuable, having a front of 250 feet on Fifth-avenue. A copy of the City Tax Law, and accompanying ordinance making the appropriations named therein, was received from the Comptroller, and laid over without reading. The resolution from the Councilmen, proposing to secure the Union-square Sanitary Fair building for a temporary hospital for sick and wounded soldiers, was laid on the table, 8 to 4; and the resolution from the Councilmen, to rescind the resolution of 1862, creating the office of Inspector of Railroads, failed to pass, and was laid over. The Comptroller reported the Sixth-avenue Railroad receipts for the first quarter of the year to have been $96,600 02, and those of the Eighth-avenue Railroad, for the first time, $109,169 14. Adjourned to Monday next at 2 o'clock P. M.

The Board of Councilmen concurred in the resolution to donate the old Colored Orphan Asylum site to the Asylum Association, and adopted resolutions to do away with the office of Inspector of Railroads (now filled by Senator WOODRUFF;) to have each street lamp nearest a fire hydrant designated by painting a red ball upon the glass, for the guidance of firemen, and to obtain the Fair building in Union-square for a soldiers' hospital. An ordinance was introduced and laid over to amend the Revised Ordinances of 1859, so as to transfer the power of appointing fire-bell ringers from the Mayor to the Street Commissioner, fix the term of office at three years, and make them removable for misdemeanor by the Street Commissioner. Adjourned to Monday next, at 7 o'clock P. M.

At the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, HORACE GREELEY appeared in Court and filed his answers to the interrogatories in the "contempt case." Judge BARNARD deemed the answers satisfactory, and he was discharged.

Parties arrived at Cairo report having seen at Covington, Tenn., Maj. BRADFORD, who was supposed to have been murdered by the rebels after the capture of Fort Pillow. He escaped while the massacre was in progress, but was soon recaptured. He is regarded as incurably insane.

There are at present a twenty-three days' stock of provisions on hand at Chattanooga, and twenty-five days' at Knoxville; and there will be at least thirty days' supply at both points by the 1st of May. The cars can now supply the army, and accumulate fifteen per cent. daily.

Maj.-Gen. N. J. T. DANA has been ordered West *on a tour of inspection. Gen. DANA formerly* commanded the United States forces in Texas.

It is stated that the *Canonicus* iron-clad, which recently left Boston, is of draft sufficiently light to operate in the North Carolina waters.

Breadstuffs were much depressed, and generally lower, yesterday. Provisions, Groceries, Cotton, Oils, and Metals, were less active and less buoyant. Hay, Tallow, Wool, and Whisky, were in fair demand. The Freight Market was inactive. An adjourned meeting of Commercial Brokers, was held at the Produce Exchange, and a committee of six representative brokers were appointed to go to Washington, immediately, with a view to the protection of the interests of this important class of business men.

The Stock market yesterday left off at steady prices, but without any decided buoyancy of speculation. The sales of Gold, through the day were 2 ⅌ cent. lower than on Wednesday. The price recovered at the close of the day to 180@180¼ ⅌ cent.

REBEL RAVINGS.—The rebels seem to be delirious with joy over their recent great little successes. The Richmond *Examiner* raves like an idiot about them. It says that FORREST, in butchering 400 negroes, has "undone in an hour the year's work of GRANT," that is to say, has given the rebels control of the whole Mississippi Valley, for GRANT's work was nothing less than its conquest. HOKE's affair in North Carolina was hardly less grand and peculiar. It not only shows the "prowess" of the rebels, but "evinces that striking superiority of *elan* which most signally elevates them above the Yankee soldier," just as such a style of writing evinces the striking superiority in bosh which most signally elevates the rebels above all the rest of mankind. But the wildest assertion of this wild rebel is when he says, in speaking of HOKE's storming of the fortifications at Plymouth, that "not an instance in the war can be mentioned of the Yankees being taken the attack from intrenched positions." *Is it possible that this rebel* was not yet got the news of GRANT's *operations at Chattanooga, Lookout Mountain*, and Missionary Ridge, last November?

President Lincoln's Kentucky Letter.

The letter of President LINCOLN to the editor of the Frankfort *Commonwealth* is a new and admirable specimen of his ingenuous character, and of his remarkable aptness in stating the truth. No one can wonder, after reading this letter, that Gov. BRAMLETTE, who had previously seriously contemplated organized resistance to the enlistment of colored troops in Kentucky, was so completely disarmed by its spirit and sentiments, and from that time forward gave the President his confidence and support. It could not but satisfy any reasonable loyal man, whatever his feelings on the subject of Slavery.

The President, in this communication to the State which cleaves to Slavery with such extraordinary tenacity, does not dissemble in the least his opinion of Slavery. In his very beginning he says: "If Slavery is not wrong, nothing is wrong," and avows that he cannot remember when he did not so think and *feel. He goes on to declare that this abstract* opinion could not affect his obligation to the Constitution, which he had taken oath to preserve to the best of his ability. He avers that he has carried out that oath, in what he conceives to be its true spirit, by using all means necessary to preserve the Government—"the Nation of which the Constitution is the organic law." He declares that he would have considered himself false to his oath if to save Slavery, and the constitutional guarantees of Slavery, he "should permit the wreck of Government, country and Constitution all together;" that before touching Slavery he waited until the necessity grew imperative and unavoidable—that his conforming to that necessity has already given the cause of the Union one hundred and thirty thousand black soldiers and laborers, and that all results thus far have every way justified the action of the Government. The letter is but a summary of the views *presented verbally to Gov. BRAMLETTE*, but it is quite enough to give a distinct idea of their practical force.

Of course this letter does not suit the factious. Copperheads strike at it with all their natural malignity. Particular vehemence is directed against its declaration that "measures, otherwise unconstitutional, might become lawful by becoming indispensable to the preservation of the Constitution, through the preservation of the nation." The doctrine is denounced as outrageous. But every man of sense knows it to be the simple truth. It is, in fact, nothing but another form of the statement—which is as old as organized governments—that the "safety of the people is the supreme law." No nation ever existed in whose history exigencies have not arisen requiring abnormal resorts. It is impossible for any law, whether it be organic or municipal, to be devised, that can strictly and exactly respond to every civil contingency. It is said that even divine law has its supervisions, or at least its deviations from its ordinary path. To conceive of a human law of any sort, which shall be as irresistible as Fate, as inexorable as Rhadamanthus, is the extreme of absurdity. The law, like the Sabbath, was made for man, not man for the law. It is self-preservation alone which gives human law its righteous sanction. Laws are not ends, but means. To exalt the means above the ends—to make man the creature and slave of institutions instead of their lord and master—is not respect for law at all; it is superstitious, senseless bigotry. In every relation of life, whether individual or social, there must always be a certain yielding to necessity. Minor laws must give way to the "supreme law." We say, unhesitatingly, that when the alternative came, either to override the constitutional guarantees of Slavery, or to let the Government go to destruction, President LINCOLN would have been a traitor to his country, and a betrayer of the Constitution itself, had he not used the powers of war to break down the institution. Slavery was the prime mover of this rebellion. Better kill it ten thousand times over, by any earthly means conceivable, than let the rebellion triumph. The man who would peril the Government sooner than harm Slavery, is *to all intents and purposes as vile a traitor as* JEFF. DAVIS himself. THOMAS JEFFERSON believed the purchase of Louisiana unconstitutional, and yet signed the treaty consummating it. He did it because he regarded that territorial possession a national necessity. What sane man would for a moment compare that necessity with that which weighs upon the Government in this life-and-death struggle? What loyal man can applaud President JEFFERSON for that act, as all loyal men have applauded, and yet charge perjury upon President LINCOLN for using extraordinary power against the direst scourge of the Republic?

But these malignants also inveigh against Mr. LINCOLN because he also says in this letter: "I claim not to have controlled events, but confess plainly that events have controlled me." This, they pretend, shows that he was without settled principle or policy—the mere hanger-on of circumstances. If there is one thing, above all others, which has shown the wisdom of President LINCOLN, and his great fitness for his position, it is his shaping his policy not in accordance with any preconceived plans, but in conformity to actual developments, and that most resistless of all logic, the logic of events. He has allowed himself to have but one fixed aim, and that was the salvation of the Republic. The means whereby that should be effected—whether they should be ordinary or extraordinary—whether they should be purely military or, also, involve great civil changes—he left for the rising necessities of the time to determine. This he has done, as he then could calculate in advance. There never was a public situation in which human prescience, even among the most discerning, was so fallible. Had McCLELLAN accomplished what was justly expected of him, the rebellion would, *in all probability, have been crushed by* military force solely. But for all the delays and discomfitures of the most absurd style of aggressive warfare ever heard of, culminating at last in the terrors of Chickahominy, probably not a negro would have ever been enlisted, or a line of the Emancipation Proclamation ever have been written. It was only after fifteen months of this senseless and disastrous generalship had carried the nation to the very brink of ruin, that President LINCOLN realized that new measures must be invoked, and those of the very strongest and boldest character. When uncontrollable events left no alternative, and not until then, he turned to the last, the extreme, resort. He did it with reluctance, and yet with a courage and a patriotic devotion that will never cease to be admired. President LINCOLN was controlled by events. Nothing but very rank malice, or very dense stupidity, would ever think of reproaching him for declaring it. He would not have been a wise man, or even a sane one, if he had acted *otherwise. To be governed by conceptions*, and not by facts, is the very essence of madness.

The Glorious Patriotism of the West.

The offer of the Governors of the Western and Northwestern States of a large number of men—according to report, one hundred thousand—to man the Union garrisons and forts, thus freeing for service an important force of veterans, is one of the most inspiriting events of this war. When one remembers that for three years these States have been pouring forth men with lavish hand, in contentedness where every man is of especial value—Illinois alone having sent forth more volunteers, in proportion to her population, than any other State of the Union; and Illinois and Indiana having put into the field an army as large as that of a first-class European Power; and when we recall that at this season of the year every man is needed, and can *hardly be spared, for the tilling of the ground*, we shall appreciate the patriotism of this offer. A hundred thousand men taken from the West and Northwest now, are so many men withdrawn directly from the Spring labors of the farm. As almost every one either owns farms or labor on them, they will in fact leave their plow in the furrow, even as last Summer in Indiana they left their "reapers" on the wheat-field. It is not only wealth but the very source of wealth, which these States thus offer to their country. Three years of weary war, defeats and disasters, incompetent Generals and blundering policy, have not in the least cooled the fire of the Western patriotism. The people are as determined as they were when the first Western soldiers occupied Cairo, that one Government, founded on Liberty, shall reach from Maine to the Gulf. For they belong especially to that vigorous race, who, having once undertaken a thing and set their will upon it, have it not in them to turn back, but, on the contrary, are inspired and spurred on by obstacles and delays.

This voluntary proffer of a new army from these Western districts, where almost every household has an empty seat, and where every battle from the Potomac to the Rio Grande leaves wide circles of mourners, is like a trumpet-call to our Eastern patriotism.

The West appreciate the momentous importance of this coming Summer. They know that on its battles—even as on such battles as Arbela and Marathon and Waterloo—the destinies of future ages and of nations will depend. They are determined that all that they can do and offer, shall be given now, in the utmost crisis of the country, to make certain, so far as human preparations can do so, the victory of the Union and of Free Government.

Is the East equally patriotic and in earnest? Why do we not hear from the Governors of the Eastern States? There are important posts here, and between this City and Washington, which might just as well be garrisoned by militia, and thus relieve large numbers of veterans for active service. Is our militia proffered to the General Government? We are glad to know that one regiment at least has been called out to man our harbor fortifications. *Though as yet we hear no inspiring call from* the Governors, we know that this State and all the Eastern States are as truly in earnest as our Western brethren, and have made and are prepared to make as great sacrifices for the country.

When this tremendous war has resulted in the final victory of free principles, it cannot be denied that the Central West will stand forward with a glory which she never possessed before—even the glory of great sacrifices persistently made for great principles. More than any part of the nation (unless it be the State of Massachusetts,) have those powerful communities seen from the beginning that this was a struggle between free principles of government and Slavery, and they have struck, without fear or favor, at the accursed "institution." They have always been in favor of the most vigorous and thorough measures, and the school of McCLELLAN, whether in politics or strategy, has met with nothing but contempt from the great majority of the Western population. Certainly, not the least vigorous fighting has been done by the Western men; and, of all our officers, a Western General now appears at the surface as, thus far, the best military head.

One natural effect appears at this time in the West from the war, and one worth immense sacrifices to attain—a much deeper and stronger union between East and West. The common losses and common struggles have bound both together with indissoluble ties. The Western soldier, though during [illegible] campaigns inclined to underrate the fighting qualities of the Eastern, now regard our soldiers as equally brave and equally patriotic.

The Central West is, of course, to be the Great Power of the future on this Continent. *No agricultural States on the richest river* bottoms of the Old World have ever equaled the wealth and power which are yet to be developed on the fertile plains of the alluvial West. It is a fortunate thing for them, as it is for the nation, that their primal foundation is thus being nobly laid in the most heroic sacrifices and the bravest services for liberty and country. Their people will have proud and inspiring traditions to look back upon. And it is no rhetorical exaggeration to say that when at length this whole land is free from every taint of Slavery, and one free Republic rules it all, to no portion of the nation will our posterity feel such gratitude, as having risked and sacrificed everything for country and for free principles, as to the States of the Central West.

THE RISE IN PRICES.—The stage proprietors have backed down from their attempt to raise fares from six to ten cents. We are not surprised either at the attempt or at the failure. When everybody was putting everything up as high as they could get it, we don't wonder *the stagemen resolved to try the experiment* also. There was quite as much reason for doubling *their* prices, as for doubling those of butter, apples, kid gloves and soft soap. Oats, hay and wages had risen, the currency was just as "inflated" for them as for everybody else; why should they not take advantage of these circumstances as everybody else was doing? Naturally enough, they tried it; naturally enough, too, they failed. The railroad cars carried passengers for just *half* price, and could not combine in the attempted extortion because the law was peremptory. Then again, the stages are largely patronized by persons who live on salaries, and whose wages have not risen with the cost of living, and they suddenly discovered that they could walk.

To a certain extent the rise in prices is perfectly legitimate and inevitable. Producers have diminished in number—consumption has increased, and the relative value of *money is less than it was. But*, beyond all this, a great deal of the rise has been artificial and needless. There has been a great deal of extortion, by men powerful enough to control the market in certain articles, and by combinations of men where the competition prevented such individual action. Then, too, the panic which pervaded the community, as to the prospective rise in prices, has aided this result. Whether any considerable check will be administered to it speedily, remains to be seen.

FROM PLYMOUTH.

A Flag of Truce Rejected by the Rebels—The Town Shelled by Gen. Graham—Reported Murder of Loyal North Carolinians by the Rebels.

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, April 28.

The *Inquirer* of this city has a letter from Norfolk which says:

"The army gunboat *Commodore*, Lieut. SEWARD J. DOUGLAS commander, arrived here to-day from Roanoke Island, which place she left yesterday morning early. The news brought by her is, that on Sunday the transport *Messenger* proceeded to Plymouth with a flag of truce to inquire about the condition of the wounded. After a detention of several hours, the rebels informed the officer in charge of her that it was not safe to land.

"Later on the same day Gen. GRAHAM, with his swift army gunboat *Chamberlain*, steamed up to within a short distance of Plymouth. He was met by a launch from the rebel town, which questioned him whether he came as a flag of truce. He replied 'No,' but was on a reconnoissance. While reconnoitering he greatly surprised the rebels by throwing several shells into Plymouth from his long range guns.

"From the information obtained at Roanoke Island, it appears that our loss was quite small, while the rebels' was very severe. Our killed and wounded who fell in the engagement will not amount to one hundred, while the rebels have to mourn the loss of over seventeen hundred of their men. The great disparity in numbers was caused by the grape, canister and shell that hewed their way through the rebel ranks during their repeated assaults upon the fortifications.

"There is a report prevalent that the rebels, after capturing the place, gathered together all the loyal North Carolinians they could lay their hands on, and shot them in cold blood. It is also said that the blacks remaining in the town met with a similar fate. Should there be a confirmation of this, and it be proven that the rebels murdered our men in cold blood, in the manner, a swift and severe retribution should be dealt out to them."

Pennsylvania Union State Convention.

HARRISBURGH, PENN., Thursday, April 28.

The Union State Convention, called for the purpose of placing in nomination an Electoral ticket, and selecting delegates at large to the National Convention, and to take such action as it may deem proper, in reference to the approaching Presidential campaign, met here to-day.

There is a full attendance.

HENRY JOHNSON is the temporary Chairman.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 28.

The Committee on Permanent Organization made a report nominating Mr. WILLIAM V. LAWRENCE, of Washington County, for President, and the usual number of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries.

The report was adopted, and Mr. LAWRENCE took the chair and delivered an address, in which he eulogized the Union party as being the only one able to save the country. He said that nineteen-twentieths of all the soldiers in the army belonged to the organization, and favored the reelection of ABRAHAM LINCOLN (applause) for President.

A resolution was adopted that the Electors at large be instructed to support ABRAHAM LINCOLN for President, and to oppose all efforts to postpone the Baltimore Convention; and that one of the earliest blows that could be inflicted on the rebels would be the certainty of the reelection of ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Mr. FERRY moved to proceed to ballot for four delegates to the Baltimore Convention, and SIMON CAMERON, ALEXANDER McCLURE, MORROW B. LOWRY, and W. W. KNOWNS were declared elected.

The convention then proceeded to nominate two Senatorial Electors, and THOMAS CUNNINGHAM, of Beaver, and MORRIS McCHESNEY were unanimously chosen by acclamation.

EVENING SESSION.

The District Electors and members of the State Central Committee were chosen.

The Committee on the Address made a report. The address sets forth that the honor and glory of the people are sufficient reasons for urging the reelection of Mr. LINCOLN, whose administration has presented all the powers and resources of the Government in their strongest light. It is necessary for the successful prosecution of the war that there should be no change in the Administration at Washington.

A resolution of thanks to the loyal Senators and members of the Legislature for the faithful performance of their trust, and especially for giving the right of suffrage to the soldiers, was passed.

A resolution was also unanimously passed giving thanks to our brave soldiers in the field, who had sacrificed the comforts of home for the maintenance of the principles of our Government.

Senator LOWRY was called on for a speech. He responded, and was followed by Messrs. McCLURE, KNOWNS, and others.

The convention continued in session to a late hour, and adjourned *sine die*.

Going to the Front.

BOSTON, Thursday, April 28.

The Fifty-eighth Massachusetts Regiment, and two companies of heavy artillery leave to-day for the South.

DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF.

Advices from New-Orleans of April 18—Disembarking Reinforcements—Rebels Driven Back—Our Army Again Advancing Toward Shreveport—Reported Capture of Shreveport—Rumored Capture of Rebel Batteries—The Rebels Driven from Fort Beauregard by Gen. Steele Reinforced.

The steamer *America*, from New-Orleans on the 19th inst., arrived here about noon yesterday.

The *Era* of the 19th contains late news from the army of Gen. BANKS.

An expedition under Gen. KIRBY SMITH, which, with a portion of Admiral FOOTE's fleet, went up the Red River previous to the three days' battle, returned safely on the 12th inst.

The greater portion of the rebel army is at Mansfield, and on the river opposite that place.

At Cowhatta Shoals, a rebel force was stationed, which had about fourteen guns in a battery along the river bank. Our gunboats, in returning, were obliged to run the gauntlet of these guns.

In the fighting which followed the attempt of the gunboats to pass the rebel battery, the rebels were compelled to fall back from the river, giving the transports a clear passage. The boats suffered very little, some splintered woodwork being all the injury sustained.

As soon as this expedition arrived at Grand Ecore, preparations were at once made for another advance of the army.

The *Era* adds:

"We have good reasons for believing that Gen. BANKS is again en route to Shreveport. A portion of our army is known to have left Grand Ecore, pushing out toward the rebel position. The return of the fleet from above furnished the army with a full supply of ammunition, the lack of which was the principal cause of its return to Grand Ecore and the rest of that rebel."

Our soldiers had scarcely recovered from the fatigue incident to their late marches and severe fighting, and were in a position to enjoy a hearty laugh upon the occasion of the Union.

A rebel battery had been placed at Campti, a few miles above Grand Ecore, in consequence of which Gen. KIRBY SMITH burned the town.

The Captain of the dispatch boat Dupont was killed in running the batteries at Cowhatta Shoals.

The steamer *Polar Star*, with nearly 400 Confederate prisoners on board, passed the place under a flag of truce. The prisoners are bound by Capts. FARRAGUT and AYRES, belonging in the rebel Gen. TALIAFERRO's staff, but afterward allowed to proceed, the instructions under which the commanding officer was doing having been disapproved by Gen. TAYLOR previously. The prisoners, who were to be exchanged, were under the immediate control of Major J. H. BAILEY, of Gen. BANKS's Staff. It not being possible to carry out the provisions of the cartel at present, the prisoners were brought to this city.

Gen. GAVEN's division is still at Alexandria, and will probably remain to protect the country and people of that region from incursions of guerrillas and rebel parties.

We shall remain in daily expectation of hearing that Gen. BANKS and his gallant army have again met the enemy, and that the overthrow of rebel domination in Louisiana is entirely accomplished.

THE BLACK HAWK IN A HOT PLACE.

From the Era, April 19.

The transport steamer *Black Hawk* arrived here from Grand Ecore last evening, and her officers have informed us that they have participated in every engagement of importance during the late campaign.

The rebels mustered several hundred, and their fire, was very rapid, but by pushing on, all the speed that could be raised, the officers of the *Black Hawk* succeeded in escaping from the enemy's clutches.

The rebels followed the boat for a considerable distance down the river, firing constantly, and there is scarcely a spot, but, by a close inspection, there has not been perforation by a rebel ball.

On returning to Grand Ecore, after refitting a number of wounded to this city, the boat was ordered to proceed beyond rebel further up Red River, but endeavor to pull out of a rather embarrassing situation the gunboat *Eastport*, which had been fast aground for several days on a sand bar.

The boat proceeded to the point of the bar, and started to return; but had scarcely gone very far from the protection of her guns, when rebel riflemen opened upon her from the bank.

The pilot-house was the special object upon which the rebels vented their spite, and the escape of the pilot from death is scarcely beneath the supernatural. Had it not been for shards of pilot-house which were fastened to the skirt of the pilot's coat, he would inevitably have been slain.

He (we did not learn his name) is deserving of the highest commendation for the courage he displayed in remaining at his post throughout the trying occasion.

The glass, bunting, glasses, &c., in the cabin of the *Black Hawk* are broken, and robbed by the secessionists of clothing, bedding, &c.

There were a number of civilians and the crew on board, about a dozen of whom were slightly wounded, but none seriously, we believe. There were no soldiers on board. But for the fact that the rebels fired very high, many more casualties would in all probability have occurred, as the passengers and crew were huddled together pretty thickly on the lower deck.

FROM THE MISSISSIPPI.

Reported Capture of Shreveport by Gen. Steele Reinforced.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, April 28.

Cairo dates to the 26th, by mail, say that the steamboats *Liberty* and *Belle*, from Memphis, have arrived, the former with 120 bales of cotton for Evansville, and the latter with a number of mules, horses, mules and wagons, belonging to the Sixteenth Army Corps, for Cairo, and 270 bales of cotton for St. Louis.

Memphis dates to the 25th state that the steamer *Carlos*, from the Arkansas River, while aground at Johnson's Island, was attacked by guerrillas, but the soldiers aboard drove them off, killing the leader, TOM KENNAN, the notorious guerrilla and boat hunter, better known as the "Wild Irishman."

Three steamers are reported lying at the mouth of the Arkansas River, from which guerrillas are receiving large supplies of clothing, &c.

MARMIE Farm, formerly a residence on the Mississippi River, was robbed of nine thousand dollars in gold, one hundred thousand percussion caps, and several hundred pounds of gunpowder, to the enemy, having previously taken the oath of allegiance.

Maj.-Gen. WASHBURNE had arrived at Memphis, and assumed command of the Department of West Tennessee.

The hospital steamer *N. W. Thomas*, from New-Orleans, had arrived with 150 wounded soldiers, one-third of whom were from the Red River battles. All fair weather was in the army behind.

Rebel prisoners taken at Pleasant Hill confirm the former reports.

Gen. STEELE had taken Shreveport.

Gen. PARKE arrived to-day.

The Memphis cotton market was firm, and unchanged. Receipts trifling. The proceeds of the Government sale here to-day were upwards of $[illegible]00, half of which was naval prize money. Two bales cotton sold was mixed, ranging from 71 5-16 to 71¾. There are about 1,000 more bales here.

FROM THE FAR WEST.

Quantrell Moving Toward Kansas Again.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, April 28.

Advices from Col. PHILLIPS, commanding Fort Gibson, in the Indian country, say QUANTRELL was going to Kansas, having crossed Verdigris and Arkansas Rivers on the night of the 20th.

ADAIR, with 225 rebels, has been driven across the Illinois River above Tahequah. PHILLIPS has troops in pursuit.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of the Champion—$[illegible] in Treasure.

The steamship *Champion*, A. G. RYDER commanding, with mails, passengers and specie to J. E. ALLEN, arrived at this port yesterday. The *Champion* left Aspinwall with the California passengers on the 18th inst., at 5 P. M., and arrived at this port at 7 A. M., 20th inst. She brings $[illegible] in specie.

Wells, Fargo & Co.	$44,000	Schulz Bros.	[illegible]
Order	12,[illegible]	A. Rich & Bro.	[illegible]
N. Cohn & Co.	[illegible]	From [illegible]	[illegible]
A. S. Rosenbaum	[illegible]	M. de Pumarin	[illegible]
J. E. Newton & Co.	[illegible]	Colgate & Hoffman	[illegible]
Jennings & Brewster	[illegible]	Howard & Bry	[illegible]
Duncan, Sherman & Co.	[illegible]	Ribou & Monod	[illegible]
Bewith, Ellis & Co.	[illegible]	Wells, Fargo & Co.	[illegible]

Distinguished Gentlemen at the Baltimore Fair.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, April 28.

Secretary SEWARD and several Foreign Ministers came to Baltimore to-night by special train, furnished by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and visited the fair, where Mr. SEWARD and the other visitors were received with great enthusiasm. Mr. SEWARD was presented with an elegant sofa-cushion, and made an eloquent speech.

Meeting of the Stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad.

BORDENTOWN, Thursday, April 28.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company was held in this place to-day. In the report made the extensive and radical improvements now in progress were dwelt upon at length. The double track, enlarged stations and increase of equipments were shown to be in rapid progress. The stockholders heartily sympathized in and indorsed the necessarily heavy expenditures.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

[illegible]

The Remarkable Properties of Brown's Bronchial Troches have been thoroughly tested since first introduced. The demand for them has steadily increased, mainly upon their own merits, they have proved to be what we claim, for pulmonary, bronchial or throat complaints, require them. For coughs, colds, hoarseness, asthma and influenza they are entirely efficacious, removing all obstructions, and lessening or relieving the power and flexibility of the voice.

[illegible]

Prepared by Mr. Holmes has just commenced a story (free to the NEW-YORK WEEKLY, entitled MR. WEST, or, DORA'S LOVE.

Mackinaw Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in manufacture, his greatly large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and strictly with cash. [illegible]

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at old prices, as the makers of all other gold pens charge the Treasury on the Gold, Government Tax, etc.; but Morton has no one between his price, wholesale or retail.

Of our pens numbers sent by mail to all parts of the world during the past few years, not one in a thousand has failed to reach its destination in safety; showing that the Morton Gold Pen can be obtained by any one, in every part of the world, at the same price, postage only excepted.

Besides, you can have an enduring, always ready, and reliable Gold Pen, exactly adapted to your hand and style of writing, which will do your writing vastly cheaper than Steel Pens; and at the present almost universal High-Premium Price of everything, you can have a Morton Gold Pen cheaper, in proportion to the labor bestowed upon it and material used, than any other Gold Pen in the World. If you want one, see "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword," in another column.

From Hon. J. A. McDougall, United States Senator of California.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Nov. 2, 1863.

Messrs. W. Morton & Co.:

You wish to know the medical effects of Ramsdell's Celebrated Bitters, as experienced by myself. I very cheerfully comply with your request.

They are unrivalled for dyspepsia, correcting diarrhea, nausea, indigestion of the stomach, and for the creation of an wholesome appetite. They necessarily ameliorate, but delicately by an attractive operation, and are extremely agreeable.

"It will suffice that I say the best appetite I have ever found." Respectfully yours,

J. A. McDOUGALL.

Never-Failing Safety and Success.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is a safe and certain remedy for all diseases with which children are affected during the process of teething. It has stood the test of thirty years. Never known to fail. Gives rest to the mother and relief to the child. Cures wind colic, and regulates the bowels. 25 cents a bottle.

[illegible]

DEBULENT, DEBULENT, DEBULENT, DEBULENT.

This entirely new song, for charged and tender hands, [illegible] J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 21 Parkrow, N. Y. To be had of all druggists and pianists.

"Mr. West," by Mrs. Holmes, is now ready, in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY.

A Rare Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Night-Blooming Cereus. Which Perfume has the sweetest odor of any flower. PHALON & SON. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER. Sold by druggists generally.

Genin's Specialty in Hats is to keep an Hat every style and TASTE OR FAVORITE [illegible] Hats, either in the Old World or the New. Hence the demand for GENIN'S HATS. [illegible] GENIN, No. 512 Broadway.

Prof. Alex. C. Henry's Trichopherous, or Hair-Restorer, is warranted to preserve, restore and beautify the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, curing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, eradicating maladies, (such as salt rheum, pimples, blotches, &c.) chapped, chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., &c.) [illegible] Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 197 Fulton-st., New-York.

Bazin's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye. Harmless and instantaneous. Sold by all druggists. Signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

The Arm and Leg (Palmer's Patent) superior comfort by the inventor, Broadway, corner Amity-place, New-York, and No. 1,109 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia. By order of the Surgeon-General. B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon-Artist.

Gentlemen's Fine Brown Boots and shoes made and Delmonico boots, in great variety of our own manufacture. SLATER'S, No. 2 Cortlandt-st., near Broadway.

Gold Pens.

FOLEY'S Celebrated "Rank" and extra fine GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. Store and Factory, No. 189 Broadway.

Sewing-machines to Rent. And for Sale—New. V. W. WICKES, Jr., No. 456 Broadway, Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

City Equities and Ladies Visiting the City—If you wish handsome Gaiter Boots and Shoes for your [illegible] MILLER & CO., No. 387 Bowery.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, [illegible] Sold by druggists generally. 50 cents a box.

Truss, Gen.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, [illegible] stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock-stitch Sewing Machines. No. 625 BROADWAY.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines. SALESROOMS NO. 495 BROADWAY.

Second-hand Safes—For sale cheap, for cash, at No. 122 Maiden-lane.

MARRIED.

[illegible]

DIED.

BARTLETT.—In this City, on Wednesday afternoon, April 27, of diphtheria, FRANK WARREN, only child of William R. and Josephine Bartlett, aged 3 years and 6 months.

Friends are invited to the funeral, at No. 108 Lexington-av., this (Friday) morning, 29th inst., at 11 o'clock.

BELLONI.—On Thursday, April 28, of typhoid pneumonia, LOUIS J. BELLONI, in the 60th year of his age.

He was born in Genoa, Italy, and has been a resident of this City for the past 30 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CUMMINS.—In this City, on Wednesday evening, April 27, of typhoid pneumonia, after an illness of six weeks, MARY JANE, wife of J. Bignent Cummins, of New-Orleans.

The relatives and friends of the family, and of her brothers-in-law, Henry J. Cummins and Thomas J. Cummins, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the Rotunda of the Astor House, No. 128 West 14th-st., this (Friday) afternoon, 29th inst., at 3 o'clock, without further notice.

CUSHENBERY.—In Boston, N. J., on Thursday, April 28, HARRY FIELD, infant son of Rev. C. S. and Harriet V. A. Cushenbery, aged 3 years, 1 month and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, Boston, N. J., on Saturday, April 30, at 2 P. M.

LAWRENCE.—At his late residence, in Southport, Conn., on Wednesday, April 27, JOHN F. LAWRENCE, in the 76th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at Trinity Church, Southport. The cars leaving the depot corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st., at 12½ o'clock, will arrive in time for the funeral.

MASTICK.—On Thursday, April 28, JOHN W. MASTICK, in the 23d year of his age.

His remains will be taken to Flemington, N. J.

MORRIS.—Suddenly, at his residence, No. 46 West 16th-st., on Tuesday, April 26, WILLIAM LEWIS MORRIS, son of the late Robert Morris, of Fordham, Westchester County, in the 68th year of his age.

Friends and relatives of deceased are invited to attend his funeral, at Trinity Church, on Friday next, the 29th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

NILLIS.—On Thursday afternoon, April 28, PETER, son of the late Robert C. Nellis, aged 63 years and 2 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 20 West 16th-st., on Saturday morning, April 30, at 10½ o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Cypress Hills for interment.

[illegible]

ROSS.—On Thursday, April 28, FRANCES OAKLEY ROSS, aged 1 month, 3 days and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her grandfather, Wm. Smith, Jr., No. 216 West 19th-st., on Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

SMITH.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, April 27, MARGARET AUGUSTA, adopted daughter of Charles H. and Mary Ann Smith, in the 19th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Saturday, April 30, at 2 o'clock P. M., at her late residence, No. 128 Henry-st.

VAN NOSTRAND.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 28, BENJAMIN T. VAN NOSTRAND, of pneumonia, aged 30 years.

Funeral will take place at the house of his father-in-law, Mr. Henry E. Rummel, in Clinton-av., 5th house northeast from Myrtle, on Saturday, at 4 o'clock. The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his father, Mr. Samuel Van Nostrand, are invited to attend, without further notice. Remains to be interred at Hempstead.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 200.—April 28, 1864.
44, 2, 6, 36, 23, 42, 42, 68, 5, 17, 74, 19, 36, 55.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 200.—April 28, 1864.
32, 73, 14, 9, 52, 30, 4, 63, 22, 45, 53, 12, 24.

Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either of

MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.

EXTRA CLASS 200.—April 20, 1864.
38, 67, 1, 63, 72, 55, 8, 15, 65, 51, 29, 49, 7, 48.

CLASS 200.—April 20, 1864.
69, 61, 18, 65, 46, 27, 5, 32, 37, 50, 48, 63, 43.

E. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.
Covington, Ky.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY PER CENT. premium paid for Prize Tickets. Highest cash prices paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

LOTTERY TICKETS CASHED IN ALL Legalized Lotteries, and information given, by JOSEPH HATH, Broker, No. 11 Wall-st. Room No. 2.

CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR.

The best hair-dressing ever yet offered to the public; is warranted to restore gray hair to its original color; will stop its falling out in three days, and keep the head clean, cool and healthy. Does not stain the skin or soil the whitest fabric. Is entirely different from any other preparation. $1 per bottle; $6 per half dozen in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express. For sale at the drug-stores.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.,
No. 1,128 Broadway, New-York.

Consultation as to the treatment of the hair, free.

CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—SAVING OF 20 PER CENT.

THE MANUFACTURERS OF CHANDELIERS and GAS FIXTURES having given notice of an advance of prices to the extent of 20 per cent., we take pleasure in assuring the public that we WILL CONTINUE TO SELL AT FORMER PRICES, for the Spring season, having been nearly all made up before the recent advance.

Purchasers would do well to give us their orders at once, and, when required, we will hook the same for delivery in April, May or June.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

ECONOMY IN SILKS, GLOVES, RIBBONS, &c.

REGEMAN & CO.'S Benzine removes paint, grease-spots, &c., instantly, and cleans silks, gloves, &c., equal to new. Only 25 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists and fancy goods stores. REGEMAN & CO., Nos. 293, 511 and 766 Broadway, and corner 4th-av. and 13th-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer SAXONIA, and for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF BALTIMORE, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 30th day of April, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the up-town stations as follows: Stations A and B, 9 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9½ A. M.; Stations E and F, 10 A. M.; Station G, 10 A. M. ABRAM WAKEMAN, Postmaster.

FURNISHED HOUSE ON GRAMERCY PARK TO RENT.—A medium size handsome three-story brown-stone house on Gramercy Park, handsomely and completely furnished. Library, [illegible] and ornaments generally will be left in the house. It is only intended for a genteel small family. Apply to WM. McGROGAN, No. 420 Broadway.

[illegible]

DEAFNESS,

IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
OF THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED,
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE,

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to

BY

DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,

NO. 618
BROADWAY.

No. 618
BROADWAY.

OPINIONS OF THE NEW-YORK PRESS:

From the Journal of Commerce.

CATARRH CURED,
CATARRH CURED,
CATARRH CURED.

THE CASE OF HUTCHINGS, THE "LIGHTNING CALCULATOR."

There was published in these columns a few days since the remarkable case of Hutchings, the "Lightning Calculator," so well known to the public during the many years he exhibited his wonderful arithmetical powers at Barnum's Museum, by the celebrated Oculist and Aurist, Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Hutchings is represented to have been at the point of death, and but for the timely interposition of the Doctor, would now be rotting in his grave. This is a remarkable case, and worthy of the attention of persons similarly afflicted.

We think it is but just to Doctor Von Eisenberg to call public attention to this case. There are hundreds in this community suffering from catarrh, who, like the "Lightning Calculator," if not actually praying for death, are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distress. To such we would say, drive not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to answer his patients whether it is within his power to make them whole or not.

DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.

From the Tribune.

EARS TO THE DEAF.

Every man, and especially every woman, believes in his or her physician. There are philosophical minds which hold to an absolute faith in Allopathy, or Homeopathy, or Hydropathy, or some other form of scientific cure; but with the world at large the belief is not in the system, but in the doctor. Especially is this true as regards aurists and oculists. The patient who has received his sight or his hearing is sure that the blessing could have been restored to him by no other practitioner than that particular one by whom his eyes or ears were opened. Dr. Von Eisenberg is among our best-known aurists. He has not lent an ear as a brother practitioner his eyes, and in whose skill, therefore, we believe above all others. But we hear of him from those who esteem him not merely as a surgeon, but as a benefactor. A recent case has been related to us for the truthfulness of which we can vouch, though we can name no names. The patient was a lady who had been deaf from infancy, as a consequence of some of the ailments to which children are liable. Latterly the disease had taken an acute form, and the patient was subject to intense suffering. The deafness was rapidly becoming complete, and the general health breaking down under the physical exhaustion consequent upon constant pain. Ordinary remedies and ordinary advice were useless, and Dr. Von Eisenberg was called in. We need not repeat his diagnosis, for that would be only a list of hard names to the general reader. Suffice to detected at sight the seat of disease, first in one portion of the organism, then in another, and with manipulation as skillful as his insight was unerring he removed the causes, and she who, from infancy, had heard with difficulty, and latterly hardly at all, was restored first to perfect hearing and then to perfect health. Dr. Von Eisenberg's advertisement reminds us of this case, which we thus briefly relate, though not at his solicitation. Let him that hath not ears, hear.

From the Christian Times.

SIGHT RESTORED.

CONCERNING EYES AND OCULISTS.

Of the five senses, that which we call seeing is the most important and most valued. In proportion as this sense fails us, we are reduced to helplessness. If suddenly destitute of sight, how slow would be our progress in knowledge, and how limited our sphere of action and usefulness. Endowed with it, the universe becomes a new creation, clothed with beauty and diversified by that infinite variety which never fails to attract the mind and heart.

For several months past this has been a practical subject to us. An inflamed condition of the eyelids consequent upon the pupil, rendered the discharge of daily duties not only painful, but dangerous. Attributing it to the effect of a cold, we endeavored to bathe the parts, with the hope that with the return of warm weather it would entirely disappear. But in this we were deceived to disappointment. Sleepless, refreshed, but our wakeful night. What might have been the result, either of further neglect or of incorrectly treatment, we cannot say.

Stating our case to a friend, he assured us that a similar one in his own family had recently been treated with entire success by Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Satisfying ourselves by more particular inquiries that the doctor is no empiric, but a scientific oculist and aurist, we concluded to seek the benefits of his treatment, which we have now reason to acknowledge in very great. Though but a few weeks under his care, the appearance of our eyes has totally changed. The pupil is now full and clear, and the lids are entirely free from inflammation. The doctor says that the optic nerve has been weakened and the retina assumed a chronic inflammatory state, affecting more or less all the other tissues, and threatening, if neglected, to end in Amaurosis. Optimists, in the term we believe, which contains apply to eyes affected as were ours. Having obtained the much desired relief, we take great pleasure in acknowledging our indebtedness to the talent of Dr. Von Eisenberg, and of calling to it the attention of others who may be suffering from a similar or even worse condition of their eyes. It is said that Providence provides an antidote for every bane. It is certain that the eye is in these times, subject to severer trials than formerly. Let us be thankful, then, that we are favored the moderation which destroy the office of vision, the progress of science keeps pace with these tendencies, if not in advance of them.

OFFICE NO. 618 BROADWAY.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MR. TROLLOPE'S NEW NOVEL,
"THE SMALL HOUSE AT ALLINGTON."

HARPER & BROTHERS, New-York,
WILL PUBLISH SEMENDER,
THE SMALL HOUSE AT ALLINGTON. A Novel. By Anthony Trollope, Author of "Orley Farm," "Rachel Ray," "Doctor Thorne," "Framley Parsonage," &c. Illustrated by HILLIARD. 8vo. Paper, 41 25; Cloth, $1 50.

From the London Spectator.

Mr. Trollope has written nothing more true or entertaining than this delightful representation of our modern social world, with its special temptations, special vices and special kinds of distraction. * * It would be impossible to exhibit the various merits of this amusing book.

From the London Athenæum.

It is characteristic of this story that the characters are all living, human beings.

From the London Reader.

Perhaps the greatest proof of Mr. Trollope's ability is the ease into which we inevitably slide in discussing his works. It is impossible to avoid speaking of his personages as of real men and women. For the last four years he has been as much a public character as Lord Palmerston. It is almost as though a column of the daily journal had been regularly devoted to the consideration of his affairs. Mr. Trollope's pages have been perused rather as news than as fiction, with something of the same feeling of that with which we welcome the communications of an intelligent foreign correspondent.

HARPER & BROTHERS
Have Just Published.

SPEKE'S AFRICA. JOURNAL OF THE DISCOVERY OF THE SOURCE OF THE NILE. By JOHN HANNING SPEKE, Captain H. M. Indian Army, Fellow and Gold Medalist of the Royal Geographical Society, Hon. Corr. Member and Gold Medalist of the French Geographical Society, &c. With Maps and Portraits, and numerous Illustrations, chiefly from Drawings by CAPT. GRANT. 8vo. Cloth, uniform with LIVINGSTONE'S RAMBS, BURTON, &c. Price $5 25.

From the New-York Journal of Commerce, April 25.

AFRICAN TRAVEL.—We have heretofore directed the attention of our readers to the remarkable library of African travel which has been published by Harper & Brothers. To this they have now added the crowning work, the "Journey of Capt. Speke to the Sources of the Nile." It cannot but be regarded as a work of great interest, that so much attention has been given within the present century to explorations in Africa, and that the people of the civilized world have been willing and even anxious to aid in their encouragement of this particular department of geographical investigation. We have now lying before us the travels of Dr. Livingstone, Dr. Barth, Andersson, Burton, Du Chaillu and Speke, besides Davis' Carthage and a number of works on Egypt, all published originally or republished from English editions by the same house.

From the Philadelphia News for April.

The republication of Capt. Speke's Journal by Harper & Brothers, of New-York, brings it within easy reach of American readers. To the same house we are already indebted for available editions of Barth, Burton, Livingstone, Anderson, Du Chaillu, Davis, Cumming, Wilson, Lander—in short, of nearly every modern explorer or adventurer in Africa. Their catalogue of works upon Africa represents a valuable library of geographical discovery.

ANNIE WARLEIGH'S FORTUNES. A Novel. By HONORA LEE, Author of "Sylvan Holt's Daughter," "Kathie Brande," &c. 8vo, Paper, 25 cents.

VAUX'S VILLAS AND COTTAGES. A Series of Designs prepared for Execution in the United States. By CALVERT VAUX, Architect. A new Edition, Revised and Enlarged. With nearly 400 Illustrations. 8vo. Cloth, $3.

THE WIFE'S EVIDENCE. A Novel. By W. G. WILLS. 8vo. Paper, 50 cents.

LYMAN BEECHER'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY AND CORRESPONDENCE. Autobiography, Correspondence, of Lyman Beecher, D. D. Edited by his daughter, CHARLES BEECHER. With two Steel Portraits and Engravings on Wood. In two Volumes. 12mo. Cloth. (Vol. I. just ready.) Price $1 75.

A POPULAR HAND-BOOK OF THE NEW TESTAMENT. By CHARLES CONSTANT MCWHORTER. 12mo. Cloth, $1 00.

CATTONIANA. A Series of Essays on Life, Literature, and Manners. By Sir E. BULWER LYTTON, Bart., Author of "The Caxtons," "A Strange Story," "My Novel," &c. Second Edition. 12mo., Cloth, $1 50.

FIVE YEARS OF PRAYER, with the answers. By Rev. SAMUEL IRENÆUS PRIME, D.D., Author of "The Power of Prayer," "Travels in Europe and the East," "Life of Rev. Dr. Murray," &c. 12mo. Cloth, $1 25.

VERY HARD CASH. A novel founded on Facts. By CHARLES READE, Author of "Love me Little, Love me Long," &c. 8vo. Cloth, $1 50; Paper, $1.

☞ Any of the above works sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price.

FAMILY PRIDE!

FAMILY PRIDE!!

FAMILY PRIDE!!!

THE GREAT NEW BOOK!

BY THE AUTHOR OF "PIQUE."

FAMILY PRIDE. A second edition of this great book, by the author of "Pique," is published this day, and is for sale by all Booksellers and News Agents everywhere, complete in one large volume, cloth, for $1 50; or in paper cover for $1 25. It is the best book published for years. All should get it and read it.

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
No. 306 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

And is also for sale by all Booksellers everywhere.

FROM THE PRESS OF
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.

THE FEDERALIST.

AS REVISED AND CORRECTED BY HAMILTON AND HAMILTON. Just published, an entirely new edition of the Federalist, printed from the texts revised and corrected by James Madison and Alexander Hamilton. Including also the Continentalist, and other papers by Hamilton. Edited, with historical notice of the formation of the Constitution, and of the political events connected with the respective numbers of the Federalist, by John C. Hamilton, Author of "History of the Republic of the United States," and Editor for Congress of "The works of Hamilton." In 1 vol. 8vo.

HAMILTON'S
HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
NEW EDITION.

The History of the Republic of the United States of America, as traced in the writings of Alexander Hamilton. By his Son, JOHN C. HAMILTON. In 7 vols. 8vo.

Vol. VII. now first published, uniform with a new edition of the preceding vols.

The seventh volume, embracing the periods of the administration of John Adams and part of that of Jefferson, has at this time much interest, as a contrast between Hamilton of the Right of the early rebellion, with another conspiracy for its overthrow. It closes with the death of Hamilton.

III.

SCRIBNER'S LAW OF DOWER.

A Treatise on the Law of Dower, embracing the Common Law and the Statutory Provisions and Judicial Decisions of England and the several United States upon that subject. By CHARLES H. SCRIBNER, Attorney at Law. In two vols. 8vo. (Vol. 1. ready.)

IV.

WICKERSHAM'S SCHOOL ECONOMY.

A Treatise on the Preparation, Organization, Management, Government and Authorities of Schools. By JAMES PYLE WICKERSHAM, A. M., Principal of the Pennsylvania State Normal School at Millersville. 12mo. $1 25.

From the Literary Gazette.

No one can read a part of the volume without recognizing the fact that it is the offspring of earnest devotion to the highest interests of Education, viewed as an art based upon the observation of facts and the application of principles. Its perusal by teachers, school officers and parents will offer a great deal of good, and the author should by all means give the rest of the additional volumes which he intimates are in preparation. He has entered upon a great field in the department of Literature, and he is admirably equipped to fill it.

MAYHEW'S HORSE MANAGEMENT.

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By the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank is prepared to receive subscriptions on account of
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issued under an act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue, and for the support of the Government," approved March 3, 1864.
THIS LOAN IS
payable forty years from date, with interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum, in coin, and principal payable in coin. Subscriptions to the above must be made in lawful money of the United States, and the accrued interest paid thereon or in Navy Pay Certificates, adding the accrued premium until further notice.
GEORGE SHEARS, President.
R. G. Atkins, Assistant Cashier.

TEN-FORTY LOAN.
SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
NEW-YORK, March 30, 1864.
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank will receive subscriptions on account of
UNITED STATES BONDS,
authorized by the Act of March 3, 1864, bearing date March 1, 1864, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, and payable forty years from date, bearing interest at 5 per cent. a year, payable on bonds not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually.
Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds as they may prefer, and will be required to pay, in addition to the amount of the principal of the bonds in lawful money, the accrued interest in coin (or in United States notes or the notes of National Banks, delivered on account, for premium, until further notice) from the 1st day of March, until the day of subscription and payment; or subscriptions can be made, bearing interest from date, without the payments of interest from the 1st of March, and premium thereon.
The usual commission of one-eighth of one per cent. will be allowed to bank, bankers and brokers.
HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.
A. C. Aiken, Cashier.
Messrs. WM. & JOHN O'BRIEN, Bankers, No. 40 Wall-st., are authorized to receive subscriptions for this bank.

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No. 240 BROADWAY.
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, this bank will receive subscriptions for the TEN-FORTY FIVE PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS. A liberal commission will be allowed to other banking houses.
JOHN H. DOBBS, Cashier. D. L. ROSS, President.

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for the above popular loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.
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A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the office of said company in Cleveland, on the 6th day of May, 1864, at 10 o'clock A. M., to act upon the increase to the capital stock of said company, for the purpose of allowing the bonds of said company to be converted into stock.
The transfer books will be closed on the 3d day of April, and open on the 6th day of May.
By order of the Board of Directors.
J. H. McCULLOUGH, President.
CLEVELAND, March 31, 1864.

OFFICE OF MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 Wall-st.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE transfer books of the Mariposa Company will be closed on and after SATURDAY next, the 30th inst., and until the 10th day of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day. By order of the Board.
New-York, April 26, 1864. JOHN WADE, Sec.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO.,
CHICAGO, April 27, 1864.
THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Bonds and First Bonds of the Company, due on the 1st of May next, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of E. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William-st., New-York. JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer.

INDIGNANT TO SOLDIERS DISCHARGED FOR WOUNDS.—We can collect the $100 Bounty in a few days. Applicants must have their discharges and two witnesses. MINER, BROWN & CO., No. 2 Park-place.

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LEONARD SWETT, Washington.
CARLOS PIERCE, Boston.
President—H. E. WOOD.
Vice-President—W. L. DEW.
Treasurer—WALTER E. LAWTON.
Secretary—R. LITTLEJOHN.
General—JOHN S. WOODWARD.
General Director—MYRON LEE.
OFFICE NO. 32 CLIFF-ST., NEW-YORK.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Mariposa Company will be held at the office of the said Company, No. 34 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on the 5th day of May next, at noon, for the purpose of deciding upon the increase and increase of the amount of the capital stock of the said Company, from an addition of twenty thousand shares to the one hundred thousand shares already issued, making, with such increase, a total capital of one hundred and twenty thousand shares, at the par value of one hundred dollars a share, amounting altogether to twelve millions of dollars, in order that the floating debt of the company may be paid, and the mining and other interests of its estate may be more completely and expeditiously developed.
By order of the Board of Trustees.
JAMES HOY,
MORRIS RUTHERFORD,
GEORGE OPDYKE,
Majority of the Trustees.
New-York, April 11, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 86 BROADWAY, New-York, April 25, 1864.
AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION, HELD this day, the sixteen directors, constituting the board, were unanimously elected for three years:
CLERAN NEWBOLD,
ELON GALE,
FREDERICK G. FOSTER,
FRANKLIN F. RANDOLPH,
FREDERICK TRACEY,
WILLIAM B. ASPINWALL,
HENRY K. YECO,
GEORGE W. LAWRENCE,
THOMAS C. DOANE,
JAMES A. HILL,
GUSTAV SCHWAB,
WELLINGTON CLAPP,
GEORGE F. BABCOCK,
FREDERICK WOOD,
FRANCIS E. SCOTT.
At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, CYRUS CURTISS, Esq., was unanimously reflected President, and CLERAN NEWBOLD, Esq., Vice-President. W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

MINING STOCKS,
as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sale at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. RICOLAY, No. 51 William-st.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS OF THE CITY OF SYRACUSE.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, SYRACUSE, April 27, 1864.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the 7th day of May, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the loan of $25,000 upon the bonds of the City of Syracuse, pursuant to the law passed by the Legislature March 18, 1864, and under the resolution passed by the Common Council April 11, 1864. Bonds to be of $500 each, bearing interest at 6 per cent. payable as follows: Viz. January 1, 1866, $3,500; January 1, 1867, $3,500; January 1, 1868, $3,000; January 1, 1869, $3,000; January 1, 1870, $3,000; January 1, 1871, $3,000; January 1, 1872, $3,000; January 1, 1873, $3,500, with semi-annual interest, payable July 1 and January 1, at the Bank of the Commonwealth, in the City of New-York. Coupons due July 1, 1864, will be stamped with the amount due from date of payment. Bids should state the amount proposed to be paid for each one hundred dollars. The Common Council reserve the right to reject any or all bids not deemed for the interest of the city.
EDWARD H. BROWN, Clerk.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, April 14, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Eight National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking:
Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.
(Seal of the Comptroller of the Currency.) HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY "SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking:
Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.
(Seal.) HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency.

TREASURY OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO., No. 2 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 27, 1864.
THE PREFERRED STOCK BOOKS OF the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company will be closed on the 16th day of May next.
On all preferred Stock then issued and outstanding, a dividend of one and three fourth per cent. will be paid on the first of June next.
Future dividend days on above stock will be semi-annually, on 1st of December and June.
By order of the Board.
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

THE RHODE ISLAND MINING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that the first meeting of the Rhode Island Mining Company will be held at the office of David S. Ogden, No. 5 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next, at 10 o'clock P. M., of said day, for the purpose of transacting such business as shall properly come before such meeting. H. F. DUNCAN,
DAVID S. OGDEN,
Two of the persons named in the articles of association.
New-York, April 22, 1864.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual election of the Trustees of this Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of May next, at the office, corner of Wall and William sts., from 12 o'clock M. until 2 P. M. The transfer book is closed from this date until May 5.
WM. E. BLISS, Secretary.

EXCELSIOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 126 BROADWAY, New-York, April 21, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors of Election of this company will be held at their office, on MONDAY, May 2, 1864. The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock Noon and closed at 1 o'clock P. M. SAMUEL M. GRANT, Secretary.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, No. 4 State-st.,
New-York, March 1, 1864.
PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required. STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago Railroad Company will pay at the agency of the Company, No. 52 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of April, 1864, the bonds of the company bearing interest at 10 per cent., and secured by a mortgage to Chester D. Hubbard and Morris K. Jesup, Trustees, and that after that date interest on the said bonds will cease.
K. JESUP & CO.
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1864.
Agents St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF THE SAGINAW VALLEY LAND, SALT AND MINERAL COMPANY, No. 32 Pine-st.,
NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.
NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the Saginaw Valley Land, Salt and Mineral Company, for the election of Trustee for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 3d of May next, polls to open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M. JOHN G. MALLORY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 307 BROADWAY, cor. FRANKLIN-ST., New-York, April 27, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will take place at the rooms of the company, on MONDAY, the 9th of May, from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.
The transfer books will be closed from 5th inst.
W. R. SHELDON, Secretary.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held, at the banking house, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, between the hours of 12 o'clock, and to close at 1 o'clock P. M.
The transfer book will remain closed from the 23d day of April until the morning of May 3.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
Have removed
to premises No. 60 Wall-st.,
next door to Nassau-st.

BANK OF COMMERCE, IN NEW-YORK.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of this association will be held at the Banking-house, corner of Nassau and Cedar sts., on MONDAY, May 2, at 12 o'clock.
M. K. VAIL, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

THE ANTHRACITE
GAS LIGHTING AND HEATING
COMPANY,
OF NEW-YORK.
WM. H. APPLETON, President.
WM. H. APPLETON, } Trustees.
ABRAHAM M. COZZENS, }
Capital, $1,000,000. Shares, $100 each.
Books of subscription for 10,000 shares of the capital stock of this company will be opened at our office on SATURDAY, April 30.
The Common Council has granted to the company the right to lay pipes and mains throughout the entire City of New-York.
Ten per cent. payable on subscription; the balance in installments as the work progresses.
JEROME, RIGGS & CO.,
No. 5 Exchange-place.

THE NEW ISSUE OF
ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
UNION MUTUAL INSURANCE SCRIP,
GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE SCRIP,
Purchased by
WM. C. GILMAN, No. 40 Pine-st.

ROBINSON & OGDEN,
[Late with Fisk & Hatch,]
COMMISSION BROKERS,
No. 4 Broad-street,
Two doors from Wall.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.
Uncurrent Money and Government Securities bought and sold, and exchanged.
Exchange has reached par, the New National Bank Bill issue notwithstanding.
Special attention given to the collection of U. S. one year six per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness, and the conversion of 7-3-10 Treasury Notes into U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada, with prompt returns.
ARTHUR ROBINSON, I. C. OGDEN, Jr.
REFERENCES:
New-York: Fisk & Hatch, Bankers. Boston: Hon. S. H. Walley, President of the Revere Bank. Philadelphia: Bank of the Commonwealth. Brewster, Sweet, & Co., Bankers. Chicago: Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers. Cincinnati: E. S. Walden & Co., Bankers. Washington: Hon. L. E. Chittenden, Register of the Treasury. J. S. Hutchinson & Co., Bankers.

NOTICE
TO THE ASSENTED CREDITORS OF THE LATE CHICAGO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD; THE CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS, OR ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY.
TAKE NOTICE, that by virtue of powers vested in them under bondholders' agreement of Jan. 16, 1860, and under the alteration and modifications thereof, passed July 9, 1861, July 22, 1862, and Oct. 28, 1863, that the Trustees have decided to issue and exchange for the assented bonds and coupons which you may hold of the Chicago and Mississippi Railroad; the Chicago, Alton and St. Louis; or St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad Companies, to them, at the office of the undersigned, Nos. 45 and 47 Exchange-place, Rooms Nos. 12 and 13, on or before noon of the fifteenth day of May, 1864, together with proof of the five per cent having been paid thereon.
TAKE FURTHER NOTICE, That from and after the above-named day and hour, the Trustees will no longer receive said bonds or coupons, or otherwise provide for entitled to the benefits of the agreement for reorganization, and will proceed to wind up their trust in such manner as, under advice of counsel, they shall deem legal and proper. By order of the Trustees,
L. H. MEYER, Chairman.
NEW-YORK, April 6, 1864.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.
TO THE BONDHOLDERS.
Your Trustees hereby inform and notify you that the Company have made the payment due the Sinking Fund April 1, 1864, and that we have designated by lot for payment, as required by the Trust Deed, the following mortgage bonds, viz.
Nos. 217, 34, 37, 108, 241, 302, 320, 334, 444, 548, 597, 711, 854, 1036, 1041, 1051, 1056, 1059, 1411, 1511, 1594, 1673, 2047, 2063, 2067, 2108, 2209, of $1,000 each, and 5,014, 5,100, 5,200, 5,600 of $500 each.
The holders of the bonds thus designated for payment can receive their money, at par and interest, upon surrendering the bonds to us, at the office of W. Schall & Co., No. 15 Exchange-place, City of New-York.
The above bonds will not draw interest after July 1, 1864. The next payment will be due October 1, 1864.
W. SCHALL, } Trustees.
N. A. COWDREY, }

OFFICE OF THE MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 68 WALL-ST., New-York, April 8, 1864.
AT AN ELECTION OF THIS COMPANY, held the 5th ultimo, the following persons were chosen Directors, for the ensuing year, viz.:
W. F. Talbot, Sidney Mason, John Steward,
Rufus L. Cornell, Peter Cooper, W. W. De Forest,
C. Harvey Brown, Thos. C. Doremus, Jas. B. Johnston,
Richard Tighe, Chas. W. Pearsall, Henry Bain,
Henry Elsworth, James Coles, Rich. Mortimer,
Aug. H. Ward, L. S. Stacey, M. H. Brownell,
E. D. Morgan, John Caswell, Ed. J. Wesley.
And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, W. F. PALMER, Esq., was unanimously reflected President.
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

U. S. "10-40" LOAN.
Subscriptions received
by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
One-eighth per cent. commission allowed to Banks, bankers and dealers.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS
bought and sold by
Western Union Telegraph, } W. O. RUGGLES,
Independent Telegraph, } No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.
United States Telegraph, } for sale.

FOR SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN appointed a committee by the Stockholders to make sale of the CARLAND & PITTSBURGH AND MINERSVILLE RAILWAYS, or either of them, with equipments, stock, &c., and will receive bids therefor until MAY 2, pending. If not sold at that time, proposals will be received for the iron and wood of the respective railways.
Notice of the disposal of the equipments, &c., will be given after May 1, aforesaid.
For particulars refer to either of the undersigned.
WM. A. HERRON,
JOSHUA RHODES,
SAMUEL MORROW,
CHARLES MEYRAN,
A. S. BELL,
Committee.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL parties concerned, that a sale has been reported to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, by the Ohio Railroad Company, to the Sixmontville and Indiana Railroad Company of the undivided half of the line of its road between Columbus and Newark, pursuant to the act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio in such cases, and that the same will stand confirmed by the court at next June Term thereof, unless exceptions be filed on or before the first day of June next. By order of the court.
H. J. JEWETT, Receiver of C. O. R. R. Co.
TAMESVILLE, O., April 26, 1864.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD CO.,
ST. LOUIS, April 1, 1864.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS and Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at Pana, Christian County, Illinois, on MONDAY, the 6th day of June, 1864, at 10 o'clock P. M. All the transfer books of the Company, both of bonds and stocks, will be closed on the 6th May, until the 6th June, inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors.
J. E. RALSTON, Secretary.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the Bonds and Stocks of the City and County of New-York, due May 1, 1864, will be paid on MONDAY, May 2, by DANIEL DEVLIN, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.
The transfer books will be closed TUESDAY, the 19th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. MATTHEW T. BRENNAN,
Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF NEW-YORK, April 7, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE C. W. R. R. CO., OF IOWA,
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 26, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Great Western Railroad Company of Iowa, will be held at the office of the Company, at Springfield, Ill., on the second THURSDAY of May next, for the election of three Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary.
WM. B. CORNELL, Secretary.

EAST RIVER INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 27, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, and for inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at the office, No. 68 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 9th day of May next. Poll open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
By order. W. F. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, April 22, 1864.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BOARD and stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 26 day of June, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M. WILLIAM B. OGDEN,
President.

BANK OF NEW-YORK, April 28, 1864.
BANK OF NEW-YORK.—THE ANNUAL Election for Directors and three Inspectors of Election of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House on TUESDAY, 10th day next, from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 5th to 10th May.
J. B. MESSER, Cashier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual meeting of the Hannibal and Hadiaw Railroad Company, will be held on the 12th day of May, at 12 o'clock, at the office of the Company, No. 2 Wall-st., New-York.
F. H. SMITH, President.

MERCHANTS' & DRAPERS' BANK, 300 Broadway.—Will remove to No. 10 Wall-st. May 1—continue to deal in specie, uncurrent money, Southern bank notes and Government securities.

THE COUPONS DUE MAY 1, 1864, ON the mortgage bonds of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company will be paid, May 2, at the Ocean Bank.

FINANCIAL.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, to be held on Thursday, April 28, 1864, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted and ordered published:
Resolved, That an assessment of 20 per cent. upon all stock in and or subscribed for is hereby called, payable at the option of the stockholders, either to John Kerr, Treasurer of the Company, at Leavenworth City, or to Edward Learned, Financial Agent of the Company, at 52 Fine-st., New-York, on or before the 20th day of May next, and that the Secretary is hereby directed to cause this notice to be published in two or more papers of general circulation in each of the States of Kansas and Missouri, and also in each of the cities of New-York and Washington.
Resolved, That all authority to any person or party heretofore conferred to act as agent or representative of this company, or claimed to be possessed by any person or party, is hereby revoked and rescinded, and all agencies or authority hereafter shall only be exercised by persons or parties duly appointed by the present or future Board of Directors, and that the Secretary be directed to give public notice of the revocation herein contained.
HENRY FOOTE, Secretary.

NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION, formerly called the LEAVENWORTH, PAWNEE AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
A meeting of the Stockholders of the above named company, held at Leavenworth on the 4th and 5th days of April inst., the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:
Whereas, By the contract of four parts between this company, John Fremont, President, Jas. Lee, and Edward Learned, appointed by this meeting, large and valuable concessions of his interests as a stockholder have been made by said Fremont to promote the speedy construction of the road; and, whereas, it is probable that similar concessions may be agreed to by other stockholders; therefore,
Resolved, That the said Learned, as the financial agent of the company, be authorized and empowered to negotiate with any parties, who are the holders or are interested in the stock of the company, for the transfer and delivery to him, as financial agent of such, and as much of said stock as such parties may be willing to concede—to be by him disposed of or distributed, in like manner and for the same purposes, as is in said agreement provided, with reference to the shares agreed to be transferred to him by said Fremont; and in consideration therefor, the said financial agent is authorized and empowered to mark and indorse upon the certificate of shares which may be retained by such shareholding generally, or to which they may be entitled upon making any such transfers, that such retained or so entitled shares are full paid and non-subject to assessment; provided that such marking or indorsement shall not be made as aforesaid in any case so as to apply or be of effect, as to more shares in the company than shall be equal in amount to the number of shares so transferred to the said financial agent, and thereafter all such marked or indorsed certificates shall be deemed full paid for the number of shares embraced in such indorsements respectively, and the stockholders making the concessions and transfers hereinbefore provided or shall hereafter be held by the company free from any payments or liabilities to, or on account of, or in any way relating to the shares so transferred, which they shall so generally transfer to said financial agent.
Resolved, further, in case it shall occur that from any cause any of the shares which may be transferred to the financial agent as aforesaid, or in pursuance of the aforesaid contract, shall at any time be found to belong wholly or in part to any other person or party, that the person or party who shall have transferred the same to the said financial agent shall be and hereby is authorized, to transfer to such person or party, as shall to be found to be the rightful owner thereof, the shares so erroneously transferred to him.
Resolved, That the holders of certificates, obligations, or other memoranda issued in the name or on behalf of the company, which shall be found to be in default to be full paid or unassessable shares of the capital stock, be notified by the directors, by public advertisement, or in such other manner as the directors may determine, to present the same, together with any evidences of their right to require such shares to be made full paid, or assessable, as aforesaid, to the Executive Committee of the company, in the City of New-York, within sixty days next following the issuing of such notices respectively, in order that all such certificates, obligations, or memoranda may be adjudicated, and proper formal certificates be issued in lieu thereof; in default of such claimants shall be deemed to be entitled thereto, by said Exe utive Committee, in case any holder shall refuse or omit to present his certificate, obligation, or memoranda, as aforesaid, and for the purposes and within the time aforesaid, or in case any of the evidences filed therewith shall be deemed by said Executive Committee to be insufficient to entitle the holder to such full paid shares, the officers of the company shall thereafter refuse to recognize or admit any liability of the company to make or issue full paid shares, on account of any such particular certificates, obligations or memoranda, or to treat the holder of any such full paid shares, or claiming upon the claims of bona fide holders thereof being established by due process of law, or upon competent legal evidence that such claims are obligations on the company, in the event of any irregularity or defective equity in the claim of any holder of any such certificate, obligation or memorandum, the Executive Committee are hereby authorized to adjust the claims of any such holder, in such manner as said committee shall deem equitable, and to cause to be issued in settlement thereof such number of full paid shares as said committee shall so deem to be just and equitable.
Pursuant to the foregoing resolutions, and to directions of the Executive Committee, all persons interested are requested to transmit to the undersigned, at his office, No. 48 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, such statements, propositions and papers as will render the proposed transfer to the Treasurer, and to cause the same within the time prescribed in the resolution: viz. sixty days from the date hereof.
EDWARD LEARNED,
Financial Agent, U. P. R. Co., E. D.
NEW-YORK, April 16, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY,
Corner 4th-av. and 27th-st.
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, April 27, 1864.
THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this company will be held at Brewster's Hall, in the City of New-Haven, on THURSDAY, the 19th of May next, at 11 o'clock A. M. The transfer books will remain closed until the day of the meeting.
GEO. B. CARHART, President.

No. 42 EXCHANGE-PLACE, April 26, 1864.
WE ARE PREPARED TO ISSUE, FOR MESSRS. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., TRAVELING CREDITS available in all the PRINCIPAL CITIES OF GREAT BRITAIN, the CONTINENT and the EAST.
BILLS ON LONDON at three days, sixty days, or seventy-five days, in sums to suit purchasers.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING COUPONS OF the First Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, for $35 each, due 1st of November, 1863, are supposed to have been lost in transmission by mail. Series E. Nos. 4,720, 4,721, 4,722, 4,723, 4,724. The payment has been stopped, and all persons are hereby cautioned against buying or negotiating the same. HENRY JAMES, No. 311 Pearl-st.

THE COUPONS DUE 1ST MAY NEXT, of the Sandy and Hocking Valley Railroad First Mortgage Bonds, (J. F. D. Lanier, trustee) will be paid by us on presentation. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.

SIX SHARES OF THE AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY STOCK for sale by A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 59 Pine-st.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 2 Dey-st. Room No. 4, first door over Park Bank.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, does not freeze and does not corrode. Sold at No. 3 Ludlow-st., and all the stationers generally. JESSE C. KEYS.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTERS and BLANK-BOOK DEALERS, No. 63 Fulton-st. Orders respectfully solicited.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD AT STAMFORD, Conn., ten minutes' walk from depot; house very pleasantly situated and quiet; reasonable. For particulars inquire of Mrs. NOAH HALL, at Stamford, or A. B. SKIFF, No. 161 Chambers-st., New-York.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE REmoved to No. 78 John-st.
DILLEY, BROTHER & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WASHINGTON COUNTY BANK.
Pursuant to a special order of the Supreme Court of the State of Rhode Island, given in a suit entitled "Oliver Hillel Phillips, Jr., vs. Washington County Bank," Rhode Island, that the same must be presented, with the name of the owner on the book of said bill, to the subscriber, on or before the 25th day of April next, in order to entitle the owner to a dividend thereon.
The public are cautioned against purchasing bills of the Bank of a reconstituted value, as payment has been made, and they will be entitled to any dividend.
WINGATE HAYES,
Receiver of Washington County Bank.
PROVIDENCE, Jan. 1, 1864.
N. B.—The time for presenting the bills has been extended by the Court to April 25, 1864.
WINGATE HAYES, Receiver.
PROVIDENCE, April 11, 1864.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lots, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:
Regulating and grading Eighth-avenue from One Hundred and Fourteenth to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets.
The limits embraced by such assessment include all the vacant houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land situated on both sides of Eighth-avenue and upon both sides of the intersecting streets, to the extent of half the blocks on each side of Eighth-avenue from One Hundred and Fourteenth to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets.
All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 22 Chambers-street, adjoining New County house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
JACOB F. OAKLEY,
WM. A. DOOLEY,
LOREN JONES,
Board of Assessors.
OFFICE, Board of Assessors,
NEW COUNTY-HOUSE, April 15

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME by Dr. WARD & Co., No. 2 Spring-st., late of 13 Chatham-st. Dr. WARD, formerly Surgeon of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for the cure of a private disease. He has been practice for half a century, and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other one on earth. Many who have been victims of the quacks, and have lost money and health, should call on this most skillful and honorable physician. Young men who have ruined themselves by improper indulgence, and who are now suffering from the effects of youthful folly, should immediately consult this most skillful and honorable physician. Strictly private. Medicines sent to any part of the country. Cure guaranteed in a few days, without change of diet or business. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Gleet cured in a few days. Strictures, Gravel, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Involuntary Emissions, Impotence, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Sexual Organs, whether arising from indiscretion or disease, positively cured in a short time. Gentlemen from the country can be treated and return home the same day. Cases of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few days. Dr. WARD's Preventive Lotion, a certain preventive against all contagious diseases, sold at 50 cents. Dr. WARD's Female Pills, a safe and certain remedy for all obstructions, from whatever cause, 1 to 3 days

KENTUCKY AFFAIRS.

[illegible] Interview with the President—Letter from President Lincoln.

[illegible] Commonwealth.

The annexed correspondence explains itself. The conferees of Kentucky will see how the interview was received by the Governor, and they have his testimony to the good feeling and the sympathy of President Lincoln and Secretary Stanton for the citizens of this State. We commend the Governor's letter to our readers.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, FRANKFORT, April 21.

Hon. Thomas E. Bramlette, Governor of Kentucky:

MY DEAR SIR: It will be remembered by you that immediately after your return from Washington City, about the first of this month, in an article which then appeared in the Commonwealth, it was stated that I had interview with the President and Secretary of War but both of the most authentic and accredited character; and that it was early days the people of Kentucky would be officially advised of the all important results of your mission to Washington.

I am aware that, after your return to Frankfort and up to the time you left for Nashville, your condition of health was such as to prevent you from preparing the desired information to the people of Kentucky.

The many operations in me personally for the results of your mission to Washington, have induced me to ask that you will communicate that information through the columns of the Commonwealth, at your earliest convenience. Yours truly,

A. G. HODGES.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT, FRANKFORT, April 20, 1864.

Col. A. G. Hodges, Frankfort, Ky.:

DEAR SIR: On yesterday evening your note of the 21st was handed to me. The object of my mission to Washington was to have the quota of militia called from service from Kentucky changed upon the basis of enrollment, and not of population; and to obtain relief to the citizens of Kentucky against the unauthorized and oftentimes inconsiderate acts of officers who had entered the State, from the slaves in Kentucky, and to have the enlistment and draft of slaves conducted within the purview of the act of Congress thereof, and the President and Secretary of War had both of the most authentic and accredited character; and that it was early days the people of Kentucky would be officially advised of the all important results of your mission to Washington.

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[illegible]

THE CITY AND COUNTY TAX LAWS.

The County Tax Law.

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK TO RAISE MONEY BY TAX FOR CERTAIN COUNTY PURPOSES.

[Passed April 25, 1864, three-fifths being present.]

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. In addition to the annual amounts to be raised by tax in the City and County of New-York, for the use of the State, and for defraying a portion of the contingent and other charges and expenses of said City and County, for the year 1864, the Board of Supervisors of said County are hereby empowered and required as soon as conveniently may be, after the passage of this act, to order and cause to be raised by tax, on the estates subject to taxation, according to law, within the said County, and to be collected according to law, the following sums of money for the several purposes hereinafter specified; deducting from the aggregate amount thereof the estimated revenues of the County for the said year, not otherwise specifically appropriated by law, that is to say:

Advertising—$10,000 to the three daily papers having the largest City circulation.

Costs of riot claim suits, which the Comptroller and legal adviser of the Board are hereby authorized to apply to the defraying of expenses and charges, for which the City and County may be legally liable in any actions arising out of riots—$5,000.

County Contingencies (including salary of the transcriber to the Courts of Sessions, of $2,500)—$35,000.

Election Expenses—$61,000, and for special elections on Constitutional Amendments; on soldier's franchise—$15,000.

Incumbrances in Harlem, removal of—$3,000.

Lighting and cleaning and supplies for County of Kings—$200,000.

Officers' and witnesses' fees—$80,000.

Printing, stationery and blank books—$40,000.

Repairs to County buildings and offices—$10,000.

Rent—$10,000.

Salaries, Legislative Department—$8,000.

Salaries, Executive Department—$[illegible],450.

Salaries, Judiciary—$315,644.

Support of prisoners in the County Jail—$4,000.

Support of detained witnesses—$[illegible].

The sum of $[illegible],000 to pay the increased salaries and compensation of the commissioners, clerks, surgeons, officers, patrolmen and doormen of the Metropolitan Police as authorized by the act entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to create a Metropolitan Police District, and provide for the government thereof,'" passed April, 1864; also, the commissioners, rent and expenses of J. S. Bosworth, Wm. Metzenay and Wm. B. Lewis, from Dec. 31, 1863, to March 16, 1864, under their appointment as Commissioners of Metropolitan Police, and the commissioners' fees and legal expenses incurred by the Board of Police, incident to the proceedings for their removal, said sum of money to be paid over, deposited and expended in pursuance of the provisions of the above entitled act.

Interest on County Substitute and Relief Fund Bonds—$[illegible].

Interest on Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds—$[illegible].

Interest on Soldiers' Substitute County Fund Bonds—$[illegible].

SEC. 2. The said several sums shall be appropriated and applied in the manner provided by law, in the payment of such necessary expenses of the said county as are usually estimated and provided for under the heads, and to the amounts respectively specified in the first section of this act; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize any department or officer of said corporation, or other person or persons, to incur expenses for any purpose whatever, to be paid from the City Treasury, which are not expressly contemplated and authorized by law, or exceeding in amount the sums provided for respectively by this act or by other laws. And it shall not be lawful for any amount authorized by this act, or of any amount that may hereafter be authorized to be raised by tax for any specific object or purpose for the use of the City or of the County of New-York, to be transferred and appropriated to any other object or purpose than that contemplated and authorized by law.

SEC. 3. The Common Council of the City of New-York, and also the Supervisors of said County of New-York, and the several members thereof, are hereby declared trustees of the property, funds and effects of said City and County, respectively, so far as such property, funds and effects are or may be committed to their control, and every person residing in said City and assessed to pay taxes therein, who shall pay taxes therein, is hereby declared to be *cestui que trust* in respect to the said property, funds and effects, respectively; and any co-trustee or any cestui que trust either jointly or against each trustee, and in respect to such property, funds and effects, to all the rights and remedies provided by law of any co-trustee or *cestui que trust* to prosecute and maintain an any action to prevent waste and injury to any property, funds and estate held in trust. Such trustees are hereby made subject to all the duties and responsibilities imposed by law on trustees, and such duties and responsibilities may be enforced by any co-trustee or *cestui que trust* accordingly.

SEC. 4. The Board of Supervisors are hereby also empowered, in cases of and on judgments or judgments being obtained against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, after the passage of this act, and before the annual taxes for the year 1864 are levied, which judgment or judgments shall be founded upon claims or doubts not contemplated in any estimate or appropriation heretofore made by the Common Council of said City, or by the said Board of Supervisors, and not provided for in any of the several amounts by this act or other law authorized to be raised by taxes, or which may have been heretofore raised for such purpose, upon the request of the Comptroller of said City, to include, in the amount of taxes to be raised for and on account of said Corporation for the year 1864, such sum as shall be sufficient to satisfy such judgment or judgments, and all legal costs and expenses incident thereto, for which the said Corporation may be liable, and such sum shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes are by law collected.

SEC. 5. In case any judgment or judgments shall be recovered against the said corporation, at any time after the annual taxes for the year 1864 shall have been levied by said Board of Supervisors, and before the annual taxes for the year next succeeding shall have been levied, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York are authorized to borrow, upon the credit of the corporation, such sums of money as from time to time may be necessary for the payment of such judgment or judgments, and the legal costs and expenses incident thereto, and which the said corporation may be liable to pay, and to issue revenue bonds therefor in the usual form, the same to be payable at any time during the year 1865, from the taxes and other revenues of the corporation applicable to such purpose for that year; and the Board of Supervisors or other body authorized to levy the taxes for said City for the year 1865 shall include an amount sufficient to pay such revenue bonds so issued, with the interest thereon, in the Annual Tax Levy for said year, in addition to the amounts provided in said levy for other purposes; and the same shall be collected in the manner provided by law for the collection of other taxes.

SEC. 6. In case the Common Council of the City of New-York neglect to make the appropriations for the purposes specified in this act, nor for purposes authorized by existing laws, the Comptroller of the City of New-York is hereby authorized and directed, after the expiration of thirty days from the passage of this act, with the concurrence of the Mayor, to draw his warrant on the City Treasury for any object of City expenditure to the amount authorized by law.

SEC. 7. [illegible] shall not be lawful for the President of the Board of Aldermen, when acting as Mayor, as provided by the Charter of the City of New-York, in case of the sickness or absence of the Mayor from the city, to sign or approve of any act, resolution or ordinance which shall have been adopted by the Common Council, or either board thereof, or to nominate or appoint any persons to hold office as a head of department of the City Government, unless the sickness, disability or absence of the Mayor shall have continued at least three days, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays.

SEC. 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

THE SHAKESPEARE MONUMENT AND WINTER GARDEN.—It was intended in the article in reference to the proposed monument yesterday, to mention all who had promptly and generously responded to the call for a fund, by giving a night's receipts, but inadvertently, the name of Mr. Bryant of Winter Garden, was omitted. Last Saturday night was the benefit of the fund, and the receipts at his theatre amounted to the munificent sum of seventeen hundred dollars. Miss Avonia Jones and Mr. Booth were the attractions, and the house was as unprecedentedly crowded one.

Note from Dr. Von Eisenberg.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 27, 1864.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

SIR: I have just had my attention drawn to a paragraph in the Times, stating that the extract which appeared in your issue of last Saturday is wrongly credited to your journal in another paper. I am exceedingly sorry you were so hasty in believing that I intended to take any advantage of your printer's mistake—my professional standing being such as to preclude the necessity of having recourse to such a mean subterfuge. The fact that my agent had it credited it to the Times without my knowledge, is, I suppose, a sufficient explanation. I regret exceedingly that he took this liberty. I respectfully request that you will do me the justice to insert this explanation. Yours most obedient,

JOANNES VON EISENBERG, M. D.

Evening Exchange.

$10,500 Am. Gold	119⅞	200 Ill. Cen. R.	123
$1,000 do	119⅞	300 do	123⅛
400 N.-Y. Cen. R.	93	300 do	123⅛
100 Erie R.	61	100 do	123⅛
400 do	61⅛	100 Pittsburgh	115
200 do	61⅛	100 do	111⅛
100 do	61⅛	300 do	119
100 Read. R.	85	100 Northwestern	84⅞
100 do	85⅛	100 do	84⅞
100 do	85⅛	200 Wabash	81
100 N.S.&N.I.C.R.	13⅞	200 Cum. Coal	76⅞
100 Cumberland Coal	4	100 Quick. Min. Co.	7
400 Quaker C. L. Co.	3⅛	100 do	3⅛

[Advertisement.]

Public reception tendered

"ST. DOMINGO."

Due notice given in a few days.

[Advertisement.]

A remarkable invention in Hoop Skirts.

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING.

See advertisement.

[Advertisement.]

George C. Rubel & Co.: NEW-YORK, April 22, 1864.

GENTLEMEN: We have analyzed your Golden Bitters, and find that its component parts entitle it to the notice of the Medical profession. Since our analysis, we have used it in our practice with very satisfactory results, and find it particularly well calculated to correct derangement of the Digestive Organs, such as dyspepsia, diarrhea, dull headache, colic, &c., &c., and is a superior tonic for daily use in moderate quantities for aged persons, and also those of delicate constitutions.

Yours, &c.

J. F. & T. S. NORBURY,
No. 128 East 23d-st.

[Advertisement.]

DRESSMAKER'S NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS.—Extraordinary attractions. New and popular music. The "Song of all songs" in this week's number, with other novelties, every thing 27 matter and splendid illustrations. So cent can *not* be without this live and splendid weekly.

THE CITY AND COUNTY TAX LAWS.

The City Tax Law.

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK TO RAISE MONEY BY TAX FOR THE USE OF THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, AND IN RELATION TO THE EXPENDITURE THEREOF.

Passed April 25, 1864, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York are hereby authorized and required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passage of this act, to order and cause to be levied and raised by tax upon the estates by law subject to taxation within said county, and to be collected according to law for the use of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, an amount of money equal to the aggregate of the several sums hereinafter stated, after deducting from such aggregate, according to law, the estimated amount of income and receipts of said Corporation for the current year, that is to say:

Advertising for the Common Council, $20,000.

Aqueduct Repairs and improvements, $51,000.

Belgian Pavement, $50,000.

Board of Health, $5,000.

Construction Burnt Piers Nos. 51, 52, 53, 54, North River, $40,000.

Cleaning streets, to be done under contract to be made and approved by the Mayor, Comptroller, and City Inspector, or any two of them, in writing, for the period of five years; the party receiving such contract to give a bond in the sum of $500,000, to be approved by the Mayor and Comptroller, for the faithful discharge of said contract, $200,000 annually.

Cleaning markets—$19,000.

City contingencies—$250,000.

For services rendered by JOHN B. HARRISON to the Commissioners of Public Charities and Correction of the City of New-York, $2,250, and the Comptroller of said City is hereby authorized and directed to pay the above amount to him.

City dispositories—$7,000.

Contingencies—Mayor's Office—$16,000.

Central Park—For efficiency in the maintenance and government for the year 1863, $200,000.

Contingencies—Comptroller's Office—$14,000.

Contingencies Law Department—$21,000, to be expended for services rendered or expenses incurred during the year 1864.

Contingencies Street Department—$16,000.

Contingencies City Inspector's Department—$15,000.

Contingencies Croton Aqueduct Bureau—$5,000.

Blind Mechanics' Association—$10,000.

Benevolent or Charitable Purposes—Including Home of Mercy, foot of West Eighty-sixth-street, Mrs. Rumsey, $6,000—$20,000, which money shall not be transferred or expended for any other purpose than donations to charitable institutions.

Eighteenth Precinct Station-house—For rebuilding, $68,000; Twenty-seventh Precinct station-house, new building, $95,000; Twenty-third Precinct, for repairs of Station House, $2,000.

Election Expenses—$37,000.

Fire Hydrants and Apparatus—$15,000; no part of said appropriation to be used for any other purpose.

Fire-alarm Telegraph—$6,000.

Interest on Revenue Bonds—$[illegible].

House and Lot for Hose Company No. Forty-nine—$[illegible], to be used under the direction of the Comptroller for the best interests of the City of New-York.

Interest on Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund Bonds, number Three, $30,000.

Interest on Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund bonds, number Four, $30,000.

Judgments recovered against the City, $274,000.

Same, same year, $400,000.

For the Asylum in the City of New-York—For the construction of, $46,000, to be paid by the Comptroller, from time to time, on the requisition of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction.

Lands and places, $90,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-fifth-street—Working as a country road, $10,000.

Opening new streets—expenses of, $10,000.

Police Station-houses—rent of, $12,000.

Printing for the Common Council—by contract, $75,000.

Printing for departments, $30,000.

Public buildings—construction and repairs, $175,000.

Rents, $64,000.

Real estate—expenses, $164,000.

Real estate—purchase of, $40,000.

Removing night soil, offal and dead animals, $25,000.

Roads and Avenues, as follows—The sum of $4,000 for One Hundred and Thirty-eighth-street; $4,000 for Eleventh-avenue, from One Hundred and Tenth-street to One Hundred and Forty-fifth-street; $25,000 for Bloomingdale road, from Seventy-sixth-street to Kingsbridge; $6,000 for Eighth-avenue and Harlem-lane, from One Hundred and Tenth-street to McCoun's Dam; $5,000 for Fifth-avenue, from Fifty-ninth-street to Harlem River; $7,000 for Third-avenue, from Fifty-sixth-street to Harlem River; $1,000 for Breakneck Hill road; $2,000 for One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from First-avenue to Ninth-avenue; $2,000 for Eighty-sixth-street, from Fifth-avenue to East River. These appropriations shall not be transferred or appropriated to any other object. In addition to above appropriations for roads and avenues, the sum of $10,000.

Salaries, Legislative Department—Pay of clerks and assistants—$41,000.

Salaries, Mayor's Office—$[illegible].

Salaries, Department of Finance, including $1,210 for D. Greenback—$140,244.

[illegible]

Salaries, City Courts—$[illegible].

Stationery and Blank Books—$30,000.

Sewers, Repairing and Cleaning—$[illegible].

Sewerage System Surveys—$15,000.

Street Improvements—$3,000.

Streets, Repairing and Repairs by contract—$[illegible],000.

Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents—$3,000.

To the Commissioners for laying out that portion of the City of New-York lying north of One Hundred and Fifty-fifth-street, under Chapter 301, Laws of 1860, $9,000, to be discharged only by unanimous approval of said Commissioners, and for liabilities already incurred; said work being hereby suspended.

Supplies for and Cleaning Public Offices—$60,000.

Water Pipes and Laying—$175,000.

Wells and Pumps—$2,000.

Wharves, Piers and Slips—$100,000.

Working Eighth-avenue from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Fifty-ninth-street—$50,000.

SEC. 2. The said several sums shall be appropriated and applied in the manner provided by law, in the payment of such necessary expenses of the said corporation as are usually estimated and provided for under the heads, and to the amounts respectively specified in the first section of this act; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize any department or officer of said corporation, or other person or persons, to incur expenses for any purpose whatever, to be paid from the City Treasury, which are not expressly contemplated and authorized by law, or exceeding in amount the sums provided for respectively by this act or by other laws. And it shall not be lawful for any amount authorized by this act, or of any amount that may hereafter be authorized to be raised by tax for any specific object or purpose for the use of the City or of the County of New-York, to be transferred and appropriated to any other object or purpose than that contemplated and authorized by law.

SEC. 3. The Common Council of the City of New-York, and also the Supervisors of said County of New-York, and the several members thereof, are hereby declared trustees of the property, funds and effects of said City and County, respectively, so far as such property, funds and effects are or may be committed to their control, and every person residing in said City and assessed to pay taxes therein, who shall pay taxes therein, is hereby declared to be *cestui que trust* in respect to the said property, funds and effects, respectively; and any co-trustee or any cestui que trust either jointly or against each trustee, and in respect to such property, funds and effects, to all the rights and remedies provided by law of any co-trustee or *cestui que trust* to prosecute and maintain an any action to prevent waste and injury to any property, funds and estate held in trust. Such trustees are hereby made subject to all the duties and responsibilities imposed by law on trustees, and such duties and responsibilities may be enforced by any co-trustee or *cestui que trust* accordingly.

SEC. 4. The Board of Supervisors are hereby also empowered, in cases of and on judgments or judgments being obtained against the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, after the passage of this act, and before the annual taxes for the year 1864 are levied, which judgment or judgments shall be founded upon claims or doubts not contemplated in any estimate or appropriation heretofore made by the Common Council of said City, or by the said Board of Supervisors, and not provided for in any of the several amounts by this act or other law authorized to be raised by taxes, or which may have been heretofore raised for such purpose, upon the request of the Comptroller of said City, to include, in the amount of taxes to be raised for and on account of said Corporation for the year 1864, such sum as shall be sufficient to satisfy such judgment or judgments, and all legal costs and expenses incident thereto, for which the said Corporation may be liable, and such sum shall be collected in the same manner as other taxes are by law collected.

SEC. 5. In case any judgment or judgments shall be recovered against the said corporation, at any time after the annual taxes for the year 1865 shall have been levied by said Board of Supervisors, and before the annual taxes for the year next succeeding shall have been levied, the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York are authorized to borrow, upon the credit of the corporation, such sums of money as from time to time may be necessary for the payment of such judgment or judgments, and the legal costs and expenses incident thereto, and which the said corporation may be liable to pay, and to issue revenue bonds therefor in the usual form, the same to be payable at any time during the year 1865, from the taxes and other revenues of the corporation applicable to such purpose for that year; and the Board of Supervisors or other body authorized to levy the taxes for said City for the year 1865 shall include an amount sufficient to pay such revenue bonds so issued, with the interest thereon, in the Annual Tax Levy for said year, in addition to the amounts provided in said levy for other purposes; and the same shall be collected in the manner provided by law for the collection of other taxes.

SEC. 6. In case the Common Council of the City of New-York neglect to make the appropriations for the purposes specified in this act, nor for purposes authorized by existing laws, the Comptroller of the City of New-York is hereby authorized and directed, after the expiration of thirty days from the passage of this act, with the concurrence of the Mayor, to draw his warrant on the City Treasury for any object of City expenditure to the amount authorized by law.

SEC. 7. [illegible] shall not be lawful for the President of the Board of Aldermen, when acting as Mayor, as provided by the Charter of the City of New-York, in case of the sickness or absence of the Mayor from the city, to sign or approve of any act, resolution or ordinance which shall have been adopted by the Common Council, or either board thereof, or to nominate or appoint any persons to hold office as a head of department of the City Government, unless the sickness, disability or absence of the Mayor shall have continued at least three days, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays.

SEC. 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, April 28.

Cleared.

Steamer Josephine Thompson, Cundiff, Baltimore, W. Daniels.

Ships America, (Br.,) Mortimer, Liverpool, Samuel Thompson's Nephew; City of Keady, (Br.,) Rowley, Liverpool, Napier, Weekes & Co.; W. Frothingham, Quartey, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Confidence, Cole, New-Orleans, W. & A. Nelson.

Barks Mary, (Br.,) Wiley, Cow Bay, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Queen Victoria, (Br.,) Conway, St. George, N. B., Barclay & Livingston.

Brigs Isodator, (Port.,) Avellar, Lisbon, Anstice & Co.; William Henry, (Br.,) Barnes, Havana, T. A. B. Webster & Co.; Alpina, (Br.,) Killman, Cardenas, R. P. Buck & Co.

Schooners James Henry, Mallowry, Boston, R. E. Kreemer; Glenwood, Savile, Philadelphia, Baker & Darion; Ann Florence, Lovett, South Amboy, H. B. Rankin; Ann Eliza, Weaver, Rockland, Darlin & Hayens; Emma F. Priscilla, Ford, Fall River, J. F. Black; Lottie, Taylor, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. steam transport Anacosta, Shaw, New-Orleans 18th inst. Reports U. S. steamer Pawtuxet, Pearson, at the bar at S. W. Pass, steamer Tahawba, Sidney, Wilmington, bound in, 20th inst., 3 P. M., 30 miles S. W. from Tortugas, spoke an English schooner, from Matanzas, who reported the Confederate steamer Florida aboard. Bark A. M., 30 miles E. of Hatteras, passed a propeller, bound south, supposed the Trade Wind.

Steamship Champion, Jones, Aspinwall 19 ds., with mails, passengers and specie to D. S. Allen.

Steamship Westmoreland, (Br.,) Tinkham, Halifax 10 ds., in ballast to Whitney & Hathaway.

Steamship Ariel, Crowell, New-Orleans 86 hours, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamship McClellan, Gray, New-Haven.

Bark Reindeer, (of New-Haven,) Wellington, Barbadoes 18 ds., with rum, etc., to S. Trowbridge's Sons.

Bark Prima Donna, (Br., of St. John, N. B.,) Sawyer, Buenos Ayres March 4, with hides, wool, etc., to master.

Bark Hunter, (Br.,) Rawlins, Falmouth, Eng., 40 ds., with coal to Cunard.

Bark Peep O'Day, (of Sunderland,) Fentie, Fox Chew Dec. 22, passed Angra Jan. 8, thence of Good Hope Feb. 6, 30 miles off Tristan d'Acunha, spoke ship Rambler, 61 ds., with molasses to D. F. Pennington. April 6, 40 miles S. of E. of St. Thomas, spoke brig Hiram Jones for St. Thomas, short of water, and supplied her.

Brig Rosetta, (Br.,) Hamilton, Sagua 21 ds., with coffee to Funch, Meinke & Wendt.

Brig Rate of Ayin, (of Westport, Me.,) Davis, Arroyo, P. R., April 13, with sugar to Burdett & Everett.

Brig Arab, (of Gibraltar,) Isombard, Buenos Ayres 19 ds., with hides, etc., to Dewley, Cornere & Co.

Schr. Jane Frances, Lowden, Bordeaux, 36 ds., with wine, to A. H. Prentiss. Lat. 39 55, lon. 67 23, spoke brig Village Belle, bound north.

Schr. Frederic Eugenia, Achorn, Rockland, for Fortress Monroe, with cement.

Schr. Racer, (of Halifax,) Henderson, Havana 12 ds., with sugar to master.

Schr. El Dorado, Young, Elizabethport, for Portsmouth.

WIND—Sunset, N.

Below.

Ship Lizzie Mosse, from San Francisco 123 days.

Brig Kahlambia, (Br.,) 19 ds. from Fox Chew.

Also 3 ships, 2 barks and 4 brigs, unknown.

Sailed.

April 28—Steamers James Gross, Nealon, Panama.

Ships James Foster, Republic, Liverpool.

Brigs Brisk, Ryan, St. Croix; D. Trowbridge, Don Juan; Water Lilly, Harvest Queen, Charleston.

Schooners John Ancona, Alsop, J. Speed, Ocean Wave, C. L. Small, Geo. Prescott, Randolph, Corsair, Caroline, D. B. Pitt, J. Davidson, Washington, B. Cook, J. D. Hewcomb, A. Chase, Valeria, O. A. Farnsworth, A. M. Shepherd, Marie Jane, Jas. Sparks, James L. Hewlett, Nicolson, E. Stedman, E. Slade, M. J. Rogers, Lillian, Ryan.

April 27—Steamers D. H. Magee, Elias S. Terry.

Ships Eliza Bruce, Giant Dockum.

Barks Sailor Prince, Orlando, Marlon, Tanner.

Brigs Sparkling Sea, Lincoln, Webb, Saxon, Isabella, Cornelia, Export, Thomas Owen, Armstrong, O. O. Castney, Dinsmore.

Schooners Sarah Bright, Daniel McPhee, J. G. Ferris, Henry Middleton, Thomas Bedell, W. S. Sam, Sarah Maria, Amelia, Ogelia.

Miscellaneous.

The schr. James Freeman, Wood, from Portland, before reported ashore on Sand Point, Chesapeake Bay, has got off, without damage, and arrived at Baltimore on the 25th inst.

Spoken, &c.

Laura Rae, bark, bound N., was seen, April 26, off the Capes of Delaware.

Osmanli—bark, for Boston, April 16, lat. 32 56, lon. 29 15.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, April 27—Arr. barks Edward Dwight, Surinam; Springbok, Cape Haytien.

28th—Arr. schr. Alnoc, St. Martins.

BANGOR, April 26—Arr. schrs. Flora, A. Sawyer, and Emma, (Br.,) St. Martins.

EAST MACHIAS, April 25—Arr. brig Conmee, New-York.

[illegible]—Sailed, 2 d. M., calm, with fog.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 17—Arr. ship Frank Routh, Morse, Portland; bark Thomas, (Br.,) Anthony, Liverpool; schrs. Susan E. Jane, Cunningham, New-York; Howard J. Adams, Baltimore.

18th—Steamer Columbia, Hutchins, New-York; brigs Eudora, Freeman, Grand Turk; Glau, do; schr. Skirmisher, McCahan, Baltimore.

Below, Coming Up.

Ship James Sand, from Baltimore; bark Gen Berg, Reed, from Philadelphia; bark Peter, brig Julia, with coal from Philadelphia to U. S. Navy; brig Belle Bernard, from Matanzas; schrs. Alexander Blake, from New-York; E. A. Sedgwick, from Philadelphia; Mary, from Matanzas.

Capt. Cunningham, of the schr. Susan & Jane, reports having experienced heavy weather the entire passage, in which she lost sails and had to throw overboard her deck load.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28—Arr. bark Colonia, (Br.,) Hoare, Guantanamo. Below—Bark Bulldog, Pease, from Cardenas.

Foreign Ports.

ASPINWALL—Arr. April 8, bark Tempest, Hinkley, New-London; Lacey, Coleman, Boston; Magdalena, Day, New-York; 11th, brig Arcadia, Hopkins, New-York; 12th, steamer Champion, Jones, New-York; bark Hanson Gregory, Gregory, Philadelphia.

Sld. April 8, bark Kastoo, Chapman, New-York; 12th, Lacey, Coleman, Cienfuegos; Magdalena, Day, New-York; 16th, Sidney O. Adams, Davis, Sagua, Cuba; Tempest, Hinkley, Trinidad, Cuba; 18th, steamer Champion, Jones, New-York.

A long and extensive experience on the part of this patient as a disease-controlling agent, has demonstrated the following facts, viz.: First, that it is the strongest vital force that has ever been developed; second, that it is not dangerous in all conditions of disease; third, that it will cure (if scientifically administered) after all other remedies have failed; fourth, that it affords the only basis for the diagnosis of disease; and, finally, that it thrives with it the two extremes, positive and negative, so essential for the removal of opposite diseases.

THE DISCOVERY OF DR. CHAMBERLIN

in the medical use of electricity, is now receiving the deepest interest.

The cures he is daily effecting (without pain) are incredible for belief.

No better evidence can be given of his ability, and the efficacy of his treatment, than the following testimonials from numerous well known citizens of New-York, who have themselves been restored to health or relieved for years upon years.

FOR FULL REPORT SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FEELING DEEPLY

interested in the subject of electrical science, and especially that branch of it which relates to the cure of disease, as practiced by Dr. Chamberlin, take occasion to affirm, both from our own experience and observation, that we believe it genuine and effective, and deserving the attention of the afflicted. We have witnessed the complete restoration to health of many persons who have been long ill, who have enlisted the benefits of the medicine and skill of some of the most eminent medical practitioners of this and other countries, without relief or even hope of relief. In some instances the disease of years' standing has yielded almost at the first touch of the electric wonder, while in others it has required a more protracted treatment, and, without exception, the most satisfactory results have followed.

We desire, therefore, thus publicly to make it known that Dr. Chamberlin has demonstrated to us, to the most satisfactory manner, that his claims are based upon immutable laws, that his treatment is founded upon sound principles, and we most confidently recommend all who are suffering from physical ills to consult Dr. Chamberlin, under whose supervision they will learn for themselves that what we have affirmed in reference to his system is true and entitled to their greatest consideration.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 62 William-st., N. Y.
C. CUMMINGS, No. 17 Cherry-street, N. Y.
S. S. GAPRON, No. 115 Nassau-st., N. Y.
DR. E. C. RESHMORE, No. 32 University-place, N. Y.
A. GLOSS, No. 201 Greenwich-st., N. Y.
P. CALLAGHAN, No. 39 Nassau-st., N. Y.
JAMES W. CULVER, No. 116 Nassau-st., N. Y.
H. DE VESTY ALI, Bond-st. House, N. Y.
SAM'L G. STARR, No. 136 Amity-st., Brooklyn.
C. J. DESPARD, No. 70 West 31st-st., N. Y.
R. C. CHAPIN, No. 129 East 126th-st., N. Y.
CARLTON S. GILSON, No. 397 Broadway, N. Y.
REVER W. H. HADLEY, N. Y.
G. TOMLINSON, St. Nicholas Hotel, N. Y.
F. H. WALLACE, St. Nicholas Hotel, N. Y.
JAMES W. MILLER, No. 51 Bleecker-st., N. Y.
L. G. FORRESTER, Cohoes, N. Y.
H. B. KIRK, No. 10 Fulton-st., N. Y.
M. STUYSVANT, No. 346 Broadway, N. Y.
J. R. BRICK, corner Lafayette and Vanderbilt-ave., Brooklyn.
M. R. LANE, No. 61 Bond-st., N. Y.
F. HERZ, No. 180 Bridge-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
G. W. COPEMAN, Lafarge House, N. Y.
JAMES F. BALDWIN, No. 20 Jay-st., N. Y.
AARON LA RUE, No. 357 Broadway, N. Y.
HARVEY CHURCH, No. 600 Canal-st., N. Y.
ALFRED RICHARDS, Gleasdale Hotel, N. Y.
W. B. BURNETT, No. 13 Cottage-place, N. Y.
CHAS. F. HUBBS, No. 220 Orchard-st., N. Y.
HERBERT A. LEE, No. 320 Madison-st., N. Y.
WM. LEE DARLING, No. 96 Lexington-av., N. Y.
R. T. GRIFFITH, No. 41 Pine-st., N. Y.
D. B. McILWEE, Great Bend, Penn.
JAMES MILLIGAN, Pittsburgh, Penn.
BENONI BATES, New-Berlin, Chenango Co., N. Y.
J. McILWEE, Walton's Valley, N. Y.
LEWIS HILLS, New-Haven, Conn.
Rev. Y. May, 1863.

The officials are invited to call. No charge for consultation.

An important pamphlet forwarded, by addressing

DR. O. K. CHAMBERLIN, No. 30 Bond-st., N. Y.

CATARRH

NOISES IN THE HEAD,
DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR & THROAT,
DEAFNESS CURED,
BY
Dr. Von Eisenberg.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

No. 23 Fourth-st., New-York, Oct. 1, 1863.

Dr. Von Eisenberg:

DEAR SIR: Without recapitulating the numerous benefits I have received through your wonderful cure of the deafness I have labored under many years, the blessings I enjoy will convince the most skeptical.

I have tried many authors, in Europe and America, without success. I was still deaf as a post.

Three years ago I entered your office, underwent one operation, hoping, yet doubting, I should receive any relief, but was agreeably disappointed in finding the genius of your profession.

The female skill you possess cured my deafness in one almost painless operation.

The joy I experienced was indescribable; 'twas a new life to me.

My hearing is perfect to this day.

I strongly advise all who are suffering under difficulty of hearing, or total deafness, to consult you immediately, as I also personally recommend all who apply to me. The numerous calls increase on my time and patience, yet, remembering my own loss, weary affliction causes me to give them.

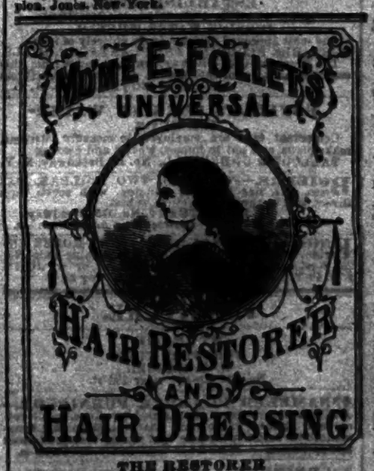
This is not written to advertise your well-known, unrivaled reputation—that would be needless; but as a sincere expression of a heart and vivid nature. Accompanying this is a "polypus," quite filling the right nostril. On the 26th ult. you operated on both, filling me great relief from the Catarrh. One more operation will effectually cure.

This testimonial brings with it my unalloyed and grateful thanks, with but a poor delineation of your wondrous skill as an Aurist.

I am, Sir, yours very gratefully,

EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 618 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.



THE RESTORER

Will certainly restore the hair. It makes no difference how long you have been bald or what produced it. We have not seen or heard of a single case of failure—and we have the names of parties to whom we can at liberty to refer, who were bald from 1 to 12 years. And we can also speak with the same certainty for its changing gray hair back to its original color.

The HAIR DRESSING is undoubtedly the very best for cleansing the scalp of all impurities, and makes the hair dark, soft, glossy and beautiful, disposing the hair to remain in any desired position.

Depot, No. 19 Bleecker-st., one door from Broadway.

J. T. SEATER, Agent.

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